The Pittsburgh Commercial.

VOL. VII. PITTSBURGH, FRIDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 31, 1869. NO. 92.

THE DAILY COMMERCIAL,
PUBLISHED BY
THE COMMERCIAL PRINTING COMPANY
OFFICE, 76 FIFTH AVENUE,
(OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.)
C. D. BRIGHAM, - - - - - - Editor.
R. D. THOMPSON, Business Manager.

TERMS OF THE DAILY:
Single Copy........................3 Cents.
Delivered by Carrier (per week)........15 Cents.
Subscribers by Mail, (per year)........$10 00.

☞Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address THE COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

LOCAL NOTICES.

R. E. Breed & Co.

All that is new and elegant in silver plated ware will be found at 100 Wood street.

Just Received.

An entire new stock of medicine chests suitable for steamboats or private families. Call and examine, at Jos. Fleming's, 81 Market street, corner of the Diamond.

Elegant Tea Sets.

An unlimited assortment of China ware, embracing new and beautiful patterns, at R. E. Breed & Co.'s, 100 Wood street.

Save Money

By advertising judiciously through Messrs. Griffin & Hoffman, advertising agents, No. 1 St. Paul street, Baltimore. Send for estimates and information. They furnish copies of all papers for which they contract regularly during the period of said contracts, without extra charge. Pittsburgh references: Jno. D. Scully, Cashier First National Bank, and T. B. Young & Co. tf

Its Effect
Is Miraculous.
Hall's Vegetable
Sicilian Hair Renewer.

It is a perfect and wonderful article. Cures baldness. Makes hair grow. A better dressing than any "oily" or "pomatum." Softens brash, dry and wiry hair into beautiful silken tresses. But, above all, the great wonder is the rapidity with which it restores gray hair to its original color.

The whitest and worst looking hair resumes its youthful beauty by its use. It does not dye the hair, but strikes at the root and fills it with new life and coloring matter.

The first application will do good; you will see the natural color returning every day, and

Before You Know It,

the old, gray, discolored appearance of the hair will be gone, giving place to lustrous, shining and beautiful locks.

Ask for Hall's Sicilian Hair Renewer; no other article is at all like it in effect.

See that each bottle has our private Government Stamp over the top of the bottle. All others are imitations.

R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., proprietors.
For sale by all druggists. MWF

B. L. Fahnestock's Lung Syrup.

A scientific preparation put up in a neat and attractive style. It may be administered with safety to delicate persons or children. If it does not give satisfaction after a fair trial the money will be refunded. Price 25c, 50c, and $1. Sold by all druggists. WS*

Allegheny Dwelling for Sale.

Parties desirous of purchasing a comfortable and convenient dwelling, in good order, would do well to refer to advertisement in another column of house No. 25 Isabella street, for sale. This property being convenient to Pittsburgh by both bridges, should command the attention of those contemplating investing. Possession April 1st, 1870. MWF

Attract Universal Attention.

The stock of elegant plain and durable silver plated and China ware to be found at 100 Wood street.

Milhau's Golden Cod Liver Oil.

With hypo-phosphate of lime, a great improvement; made with the best oil known, it unites efficacy with pleasant flavor and easy digestibility. Sold by respectable druggists. J. Milhau's Sons, 183 Broadway, New York. TF

Aniline Dyes.

We have just received a large invoice of these dyes, comprising all the popular colors, including Solferina, blue and green and are prepared to sell them very low.

McCLARAN & McKENNAN,
Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond, near Fifth avenue.

Silver Plated Ware.

For the latest designs—plain, chaste and elaborate—see R. E. Breed & Co.'s stock, 100 Wood street.

W. D. Duffey,

Merchant Tailor, No. 24 Fifth avenue, Pittsburgh. tf

The Daily Commercial.

THE NEXT LEGISLATURE.

The Ring Fight for the Treasury—Legislative Reforms.

The Erie *Pennsylvanian* asks "Will the circle be broken?" and says: "It seems, after so much publicity has been given to the doings of the Pennsylvania Treasury ring, and so much opposition brought to bear against it, that the probabilities of its defeat might be very fair. Many things are known to have been done by this gang of sharpers who make Harrisburg their winter residence, which would be punished as a penitentiary offense if done outside of a political organization. In using the office of Treasurer as a hinge upon which to swing their political movements, they also use the means in the Treasury for the advancement of their personal and pecuniary ends. To break up this foul organization and disband it forever, should be the purpose of every honest legislator; and all the facts in connection with the matter being so well known to the people, it would seem as though no representative, whether implicated in the success of the ring or not, would dare oppose the wishes of his constituents in this matter. Yet it seems as though there was hardly a probability of bringing about a defeat of the ring. So skilled are these men in conducting their operations that they have but little to do after they get into the field. All their plans are laid and men picked, and failure is only brought about by the treachery of some of the operators. To absolutely prove them guilty of neglecting the interests of the State, and of abusing the power of their position, is almost impossible, as they admit none to their ranks except men who are true to the ring, because they dare not expose their own treachery. But let us hope that the effort now being made to accomplish their overthrow may succeed, and in order to aid in the movement all that is possible, every citizen should demand of his representatives that they should not fail to stand squarely on the issue and work for it."

Discussing the question of legislative reforms, the Pottsville *Journal*, a staunch Republican paper, edited by the veteran, Benjamin F. Bauman, says: "The election of State Treasurer by the people would be better than the present system: but without the law is changed, and a fair salary paid, and the funds placed by law directly under the control of the State, with all interest paid on its deposit declared to belong to the State, the corruption arising from it would only be mitigated but not checked. We are in favor of the Legislature passing a law authorizing the call of a State Convention to amend our State Constitution in many other respects, in order to check bribery and corruption in our Legislative Halls. We are in favor of increasing the number of Senators to one hundred, and the number of Representatives to four hundred, and electing the members from single districts, all over the State, the same as they are elected in Philadelphia. Fixing their salary in the Constitution, and limiting the sessions to a period not exceeding sixty days. Making general laws for all corporations required, involving an expenditure of over $50,000, and all others to be obtained from the county courts, by giving notice of the same. This would rid the Legislature of much of the corruption that now exists, and as each member would be held directly responsible to the district he represents, they would hardly have time or inclination to conduct much corruption. We would elect Senators for two instead of three years. Our State Constitution wants overhauling in many respects."

The Media, Delaware county, *Republican* expresses its views upon the Treasury question as follows: "Many of the papers of the State are now, properly enough, agitating such a change in the law as will take from the State Treasurer the power to make money by temporarily loaning that of the State. The legal salary is so small that it is inconsiderable, and yet a bitter contest is now waged for the position, and nearly every other Legislative position is, by the hooks and crooks of wire pulling, made to hinge upon it. This has been equally true of all former years, and the natural presumption is that there is more milk in the cocoa-nut than $1,700 a year. The law ought to be so changed as to give to the State the profit heretofore derived by the Treasurer. The Criminal Code already authorizes fine and imprisonment if any officer of the State, or any city, borough, county or township shall loan any money or securities entrusted to his keeping, but it is rarely if ever enforced. We like the suggestion, to make the State Treasurer and all other prominent and controlling State officers elective by the people, with fair salaries attached to their position, but no perquisites. This course will directly tend to the destruction of Legislative rings."

The Oil City *Times*, referring to the "stop thief" cry of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, Beaver *Radical*, and journals of lesser note, relative to an alleged alliance of Republicans and Democrats in the organization of the next Legislature, says: "Quite a number of Republican journals come to the rescue in a manner which reminds one of the Chinese mode of warfare, which consists principally in beating big drums and blowing hearse trumpets to intimidate the foe. So far from being frightened by the loud noises which the papers are making, the advocates of economy see in it a sign of weakness, and will close up their ranks with renewed confidence of ultimate success. It is laughable to read the comments of some of these members of the forlorn hope. The Armstrong *Republican* classes the papers which oppose the 'slate' as Democratic journals, doubtless arrogating to itself and confreres all the true Republican journalism in the State. The Pittsburgh *Dispatch* has discovered the formation of an alliance between the Republican Assemblymen and the Democrats in the House by which an honest Republican is to be elected Treasurer, and a couple of Republican senators ousted; and so well informed is that paper of the combination, that it gives the amount of money which has been raised to carry it out, &c. The energy displayed by these newspapers, in trying to secure a victory for their candidates, is worthy a better cause, but for the sake of the Republican party, which is pledged to Retrenchment and Reform, it is to be hoped they will not succeed. If every Assemblyman is true to his constituents, the result is not doubtful."

A correspondent of the Montrose *Republican* in discussing "rings," says: "The exceptionable 'ring' of our day, I conceive to be the unprincipled men, professedly opposing parties, who unite to *aid each other at the cost of their parties or of the public good. They betray their party, they plunder the country, they corrupt the public morals for their own greed of money and power. Men honestly differing* in their views of public policy, and standing together to carry them out, are to be respected, while those of *no settled views, intent on private ends only*, at once attach to *themselves* suspicion and distrust."

DURING the last thirty years the public debt of England has been almost stationary under various administrations, while the country has been steadily increasing in wealth and power to pay. During the past nine months the public debt of the United States, imposing as heavy a burden upon the country in the shape of taxes as is borne by Great Britain, has been decreased by the sum of $75,000,000. Under these circumstances the comments of the London *Spectator* on American finance and finance ministers are to be taken with a good many grains of allowance.

New Year Callers

Will find an excellent assortment of those popular handkerchief cravats, appropriate for the occasion, at Putnam & Adams's Gents' Furnishing House, 72 Fifth avenue, opposite Post office. †

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

British Columbia Offered to the United States.

Memorial of Prominent Citizens for Transfer of the Territory—The Refusal of Foreign Vessels to Carry the Mails—New Years' Observance—Cool Request of Counterfeit Money Dealers—Reorganization of Maryland Republicans—The Maryland Circuit Judgeship.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30, 1869.

Restoration of American Shipping.

The talk among members of Congress now here is that the course of the foreign steamers in refusing to carry over European mail, except on their own terms, will materially aid the movement to restore our own shipping to the seas. They say it is a shame that we should be at the mercy of these corporations, which have no interest in this country. Under the new arrangements of the Postoffice Department the mails are likely to be about three days longer in going over than they have been. One of the bills from the last session giving steamships with our flag a certain share of postages by way of subsidy, will probably be again brought forward as soon as Congress reassembles.

New Years Observance.

The indications are that New Years will be pretty generally observed. The President and Vice President will give receptions as usual, but the Speaker of the House will not be on hand, as he remains in Maine till the last of next week. The members of the Cabinet will all keep open house, and the *Star* says they have agreed among themselves to hold temperance receptions—plenty to eat but no intoxicating drinks. The Chief Justice, Gen. Sherman, admiral Porter and many other officials will receive their friends. The first formal evening reception at the White House occurs on the 14th of next month.

An Impudent Request.

Various persons interested in the New York counterfeit money firms have been over here to get the Post Office Department to release their correspondence seized two weeks ago. They admitted fraud on the public, but claimed that no honest man was deceived and therefore wrong had been done them in the seizure of their letters. The Department gave them a short answer, and told them they had better go about an honest business forthwith.

New York Speculators Anxious.

Quite a number of telegrams were received here to-day from bankers and speculators in New York inquiring if any one could tell what the Treasury department would do next month about buying bonds and selling gold. For reasons not shown, they appeared unusually anxious for information on this point, but they could get nothing of a reliable character. The policy for January will probably be announced next Monday.

The Maryland Republicans.

The Maryland Republican State Central Committee met at Baltimore last night and took measures to perfect and strengthen the organization of their party in the State. One important thing they did was to authorize a sort of sub-committee of one or two colored men in each county, with whom consultations are to be held.

Lost Time in the Navy Yard.

There is a good deal of complaint among the men in the Navy Yard here who work by the day because they lost wages on account of the funerals of Stanton and Rawlins, and the Department will probably ask Congress next month to pass a law meeting cases where the men cannot afford to lose time.

The Maryland Circuit Judgeship.

The opponents to George A. Pearre are making great efforts to defeat his confirmation as Circuit Judge by the Senate. A paper is circulated here purporting to come from many Republicans of western Maryland, in which he is charged with hostility to negro suffrage and quoted as having said the civil rights bill is unconstitutional. How much strength this circular represents is not known.

Defaulting Virginia Sheriffs.

The Richmond *Dispatch*, referring to the sensation story about defaulting sheriffs in Virginia, says there are but two in the whole State, and that the cases together don't amount to five thousand dollars.

WASHINGTON, D. C., December 30, 1869.

PUBLIC LANDS IN THE SOUTHERN STATES.

The Department of the Interior states that the estimated number of acres of public land unsold and unappropriated, after deducting all disposals as far as reported, is as follows: Florida, acres, 17,328,496; Alabama, 6,496,874; Mississippi, 4,728,517; Louisiana, 6,486,903; Missouri, 1,131,752, Arkansas, 11,307,077; total, 47,479,619. As to Virginia, West Virginia, North Carolina, Georgia, Texas, Kentucky and Tennessee, there are no public lands within their limits.

LOOK OUT FOR THEM.

The Comptroller of the Currency warns the public to reject all fifty and one hundred dollar bills of the First National Bank of Jersey City, of which some $12,000 of unsigned impressions were stolen from the Bureau in April, 1867. The bank will, however, redeem all such notes.

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS.

The receipts of customs last week were $1,816,924.

INTERNAL REVENUE SEIZURE.

Supervisor Fulton reports that he has seized the Pacific Match Company, of San Francisco, for alleged violations of the internal revenue laws.

MEMORIAL FROM CITIZENS OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Vincent Colyer, of New York, yesterday handed to President Grant a memorial signed by a number of property holders and business men of Victoria, to be followed by another which will contain the names of all British merchants and others of Victoria, Manimo and other places, in favor of the transfer of British Columbia to the United States. The President to-day returned to Mr. Colyer a verbal reply, that he had read the paper with great interest, and sent it to the Secretary of State.

Mr. Colyer also showed the memorial to Senator Sumner, Chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, who, after reading it, said the movement was important, and could have but one termination. Meanwhile, our Government waits for the movement of England, which is fast seeing the uselessness and impracticability of a European empire on this hemisphere. Both the President and Senator Sumner desired their replies to be made known to the memorialists. The following is the memorial:

To His Excellency, the President of the United States:

Your memorialists beg leave most respectfully to represent that we are residents of the colony of British Columbia, many of us British subjects, and all of us deeply interested in the welfare and progress of our adopted country; that those who are British subjects are penetrated with the most profound feelings of loyalty and devotion to Her Majesty and her government, and that all entertain for her feelings of the greatest attachment and to the country; that while we thus indulge such feelings, we are constrained by the duty we owe to ourselves and families, in view of the contemplated severance of the political ties which bind this colony to the mother country, to seek for such political and commercial affinity and connection as will insure the immediate and continued prosperity and well being of this our adopted home; that this colony is now suffering great depression owing to its isolation, scarcity of population and other causes too numerous to mention; that we view with feelings of alarm the avowed intention of Her Majesty's Government to confederate this colony with the Dominion of Canada, as we believe such a measure can only tend to still further depression and ultimate injury, for the following reasons, viz: That the confederation cannot give us protection against internal enemies or foreign foes, owing to distance of this colony from Ottawa; that it cannot open to us a market for the produce of our lands, our forests, our mines or our waters; that it cannot bring us population, our greatest need, as the Dominion itself is suffering from lack of it; that our connection with the Dominion can satisfy no sentiment of loyalty or devotion; that her commercial and industrial interests are opposed to ours; that the tariff of the Dominion will be the ruin of our farmers and the commerce of our chief cities; that we are instigated by every sentiment of loyalty to Her Majesty, by our attachment to the laws and institutions of Great Britain, and our deep interest all the pertain to our adopted country, to express our opposition to a severance from England and a confederation with Canada. We admit that the Dominion may be aggrandized by confederation, but we can see no benefit, either present or future, which can accrue to us therefrom. That we need a market for our coal and lumber and our fish, and this the Dominion seeks for the same produce of her own soil. She can take nothing from us, and supply us nothing in return. That confederating this colony with Canada may relieve the mother country from the trouble and expenses of fostering and protecting this isolated, distant colony, but it cannot free us from our long enduring depression. Owing to the lack of population as aforesaid, and the continued want of a home market for our produce, the only remedy for the evils which beset us we believe to be in a close union with the adjoining States and territories. We are already joined by a unity of objects and interests; nearly all our commercial relations are with them; they furnish the chief markets we have for the products of our mines, land and waters; they supply the colony with most of the necessaries of life; they furnish us the only means of communication with the outer world, and we are even dependent upon them for the means of learning the events in the mother country or Dominion of Canada. For these reasons we earnestly desire the acquisition of this colony by the United States. It would result at once in opening to us an unrestricted market for our products, bring an influx of population, and with it induce the investment of capital in our coal and quartz mines, and in our forests. It would insure us regular mails and communication with the adjoining States and Territories, and through them with the world at large. It would lessen the expenses of our government by giving us representative institutions and immediate control of our domestic concerns, besides giving us protection against foreign enemies; and with all these we should still be united to a people of our own kindred, religion and tongue, and a people who for all time must intimately affect us in all our relations for weal or woe. That in view of these facts we respectfully request that your Excellency will cause this memorial to be laid before the Government of the United States, and that in any negotiations which may be pending or undertaken between your Government and that of her most gracious Majesty for the settlement of territorial or other question, that you will endeavor to induce Her Majesty to consent to the transfer of the colony to the United States. We believe Her Majesty earnestly desires the welfare and happiness of all her people. In view of the circumstances that for years she has consented to the annual exodus of tens of thousands of her subjects to the United States, and that she will not let political tradition and sentiments influence her against a measure so earnestly desired by the people of this poor, isolated colony.

Dated British Columbia, November, 1869.

THE FIRST PUBLIC RECEPTION

At the Executive Mansion will be held Friday evening.

PERSONAL.

Collector Casey and Messrs. Tissott and Kinsello, the last named Treasury agent, have arrived from New Orleans on business connected with the Custom House troubles.

WHEELING, W. VA.

Another Female Avenger—An Alleged Seducer Shot by His Victim.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

WHEELING, W. VA., December 30, 1869.

About noon to-day a young man named Wm. McNash was called to the door of his lodgings by a young lady named Martha Bathern. She demanded the fulfillment of his promise to marry her, and on being refused she shot him through the bowels with a navy pistol. The young woman will shortly become a mother by the man she shot. It is believed McNash cannot recover.

THE PACIFIC COAST.

More Earthquakes—Collision between Steamships—Large Shipments of Wheat—Planting Already Commenced.

SAN FRANCISCO, December 30.—Several shocks of earthquake were felt at Virginia City last night and this morning, some of them severe. People were considerably alarmed.

The steamships Oriflamme and Pacific collided off Santa Barbara on the night of the 28th. The steamers were full of passengers, but none were injured. Both vessels were badly damaged. The boats of the Pacific were lowered in expectation that the steamer would sink. The Pacific was towed into Santa Barbara.

Four thousand tons of wheat cleared for England on Tuesday, and ten vessels are now loading for the same destination. Since the rains set in there is less disposition to hold wheat in anticipation of a dry winter. With the exception of the southern portion of the State, where dry, warm weather yet prevails, sufficient rain has fallen to admit of plowing, while in some districts the seed is already in the ground.

Our export trade by sea with New York for 1869 aggregates five million six hundred thousand dollars, fifty-three per cent. of which was by Panama steamers.

One hundred packages of tea for New York, and five hundred and seven for Chicago were shipped by railroad to-day, and seventy-eight packages of silk worm eggs for Lyons, France.

Shocks of earthquake were felt throughout western Nevada last night. No damage reported.

The bullion yield of the South Aurora mine at White Pine in December was $8,000. Shipments will be made to New York direct hereafter.

FENIANISM.

Two Companies of Equipped Volunteers in Boston—Prepared for a Coup D'etat in Ireland.

BOSTON, December 30.—Two companies of Fenian volunteers have arrived here, equipped, and undoubtedly forming a part of the Fourth Batallion of a "Legion of Patriots," who were mustered into the service here last evening, by Colonel John Brown, mustering officer of the Legion for Eastern Massachusetts. Each company numbers fifty men, properly officered. The Legion is in command of General Burke, whose headquarters are in New York, and it is the military force of the John Savage branch of the Fenian Brotherhood. The avowed purpose of this movement is to prepare for any opportunity for a *coup d'etat* in Ireland. There are companies in Lawrence, Lowell, and other cities and considerable towns in this section, and their numbers are said to be formidable.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, December 30, 1869.

THE A. & G. W. BOOKS SEIZED.

The books seized last night at the office of the Atlantic and Great Western Railroad are in possession of the Erie Railway Company, from whose offices all orders regarding the management of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway emanate. The office at No. 40 Broadway is in charge of two officers of the Supreme Court. No business is done there. The cause for the raid by Receiver O'Doherty appears to-day in the alleged fact that James McHenry, formerly President of the Atlantic and Great Western Railway, visited the Broadway office a few days ago, and carried off with with him to Europe the most important books of the company.

TENEMENT HOUSES.

The annual report of the Board of Health shows there are 20,000 tenement houses in this city, occupied by 700,000 persons.

ESCORT FOR THE PEABODY FLEET.

The iron-clad Miantonomah, which is ordered ready for sea, is understood to be intended for an escort into Portland harbor of the British ship Monarch, with the remains of George Peabody.

A SWINDLER FOILED.

Attempts were made to-day at both Albany and Troy to swindle banks by the deposit of forged certified checks on the Third National Bank of this city, purporting to be signed by S. B. Chittenden & Co. The attempts were unsuccessful. The man who made them gave his name as Wm. H. Raymond.

THE LINGARD QUARREL

Has been made up, and wears the appearance of an advertising dodge.

SMALL POX.

The number of deaths by small pox during the week ending at noon to-day is thirteen. The disease, which at one time threatened to become epidemic, has nearly died out.

PRIMARY ELECTIONS.

Arrangements for the Tammany primary elections were made to-day. It is understood Mr. Tweed will be re-elected President.

ARRIVALS.

The steamers Hammonia and Manhattan, from Europe, arrived to-day.

A PITTSBURGHER ROBBED.

Last night, about twelve o'clock, Augustus Norris, a drover from Pittsburgh, Pa., was attacked by a gang of five highwaymen at the corner of Montgomery and Washington streets, Jersey City, and robbed of a valuable watch.

THE OCEAN MAIL SERVICE.

Postmaster General Creswell and Postmaster Jones have had another long consultation to-day, relative to the contract for carrying mails between this port and Europe. Representatives of various steamship lines took part in the discussion, and after a full and free interchange of opinions on both sides, the Postmaster General ratified the contracts already made. The steamer Rhein, which was to have sailed to-day, starts Saturday with the mails. She has also $80,000 in specie engaged.

MEETING OF THE UNION LEAGUE CLUB.

At a special meeting of the Union League Club this evening, addresses commemorative of the life and services of Edwin M. Stanton were delivered by William Cullen Bryant, Rev. Dr. Bellows and others, and a committee was appointed to raise a fund for the family of the deceased statesman.

NEWS SUMMARY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

A Mr. Steadman, of Oneida county, New York, was killed at twenty-five minutes past eleven o'clock yesterday morning, while endeavoring to get on the accommodation train for Meadville, at Oil City, Pa., while the train was in motion.

Minnie Gillem, a little girl four years old, died from hydrophobia in Louisville yesterday, having been bitten by a mad dog two months ago.

From Ottawa, Canada, we learn that Vice Chancellor Sprage has been sworn in as Chancellor of the Court of Chancery. The Cabinet has formally decided to recall Governor McDougall. He is expected here in the course of a week.

The annual session of the Kansas State Teachers' Association commenced on Wednesday. Over one hundred delegates, including twenty-two women, are present from different parts of the State. Edwin Clark, of Jefferson City, presides. Very able essays and addresses were made on subjects intimately connected with educational interests, and the general proceedings were quite interesting.

General John C. Fremont has sued the Kansas Pacific Railroad Company to recover for an alleged breach of contract. General Fremont claims that when he settled with the Company in 1865, they agreed to give him two hundred thousand dollars of the United States bonds first issued to the Company under the act of Congress. The bonds that they really did give him were of later date, so that he has lost several years interest.

Private orders were sent from Washington on Wednesday to all the navy yards, directing that the work of fitting out vessels of war for sea be rigorously prosecuted. The monitor Miantonomah, now refitted at the Brooklyn navy yard, has been ordered to depart at once, and her destination is reported to be Samana, as it is said that the European powers are taking measures to prevent the cession of that portion of the Island of St. Domingo to the United States.

A. Bininger has commenced a suit before Judge Gilbert against his former partners, Clarke & Sons, and Judge Gilbert has issued a temporary injunction restraining the latter from using the sign of A. Bininger, Clarke & Sons, with an order to show cause on the first Monday in January, why the injunction should not be made perpetual.

The Spanish flotilla still remains at its anchorage in New York, and its day of sailing is uncertain. Strenuous efforts are being put forward by the American gentlemen interested in its speedy departure to hasten it, but there is very little probability that the vessels will go for a day or two.

The Paris *Liberte* newspaper, says that about a year ago Russia ordered two hundred thousand rifles of a new pattern from American makers. General Banks has been charged from the United States to deliver these arms to the Czar. The General has accomplished his mission, and returns to America with a new order for one hundaed thousand rifles.

John G. Walker, the gentleman having in charge the Chinese who arrived in St. Louis on Tuesday night, in a communication to the St. Louis *Republican*, says "that a marked characteristic of the Mongolian race is suspicion and a want of confidency, and this tendency can only be combated through a strict adherence to the truth and compliance with promises. There is little prospect at present that "John" will trespass upon the domain of "Sambo" to any serious extent. Those who have held out hopes of procuring very cheap labor by obtaining it from the shores of eastern Asia, are, I think, mistaken in their conclusions. From one end of China to the other, the value of labor in America, California standard, is well known, and although labor in China is very cheap, able-bodied men will not engage to expatriate themselves for a series of years, except on condition of receiving such high wages as will enable them to return home in comparative affluence. I am confident no reliance can be placed upon obtaining and retaining Chinese laborers for agricultural work, except at the wages of the country where the labor is yerformed, and much more is this the case for railroad labor. Mr. Walker believes, however, that considealle numbers of excellent laborers may now be found in California at from twenty-six to twenty-eight dollars per month, and they find themselves, or seventeen to nineteen dollars and found."

Charles Wood was arrested at Hudson, N. Y., for passing counterfeit twenties of the new issue, well executed, on the Tradesman's National Bank of New York.

Two brick buildings on Main street, Bangor, Me., were burned on Wednesday night.

A Boston telegram says: The January dividends of the manufacturing companies show a comparative decrease, but not to the extent the talk of dull times would seem to justify. Of the twenty-nine companies which pay dividends in Boston, only six pass—the Dwight, Great Falls and Manchester Print for the second time, and the Atlantic, Continental and Everett mills for the first time. The semi-annual dividends of the other twenty-three range from three to twelve per cent., one being of twelve, three of ten, one of eight, one of six, four of five, eight of four, and five of three per cent.

Charles Doherty and David Childress fought a prize fight in Virginia yesterday morning. After eleven rounds the fight was awarded to Doherty on account of a foul.

The yawl boat of the missing schooner J. E. Martin has been picked up on the Canada shore. The schooner was lost in November, and this is the first tidings received of its whereabouts.

The hours for reception by Vice President and Mrs. Colfax at their residence on New Year's day, will be from half past twelve till three o'clock P. M. Cabinet officers will receive from one till three o'clock P. M. The receptions by the public officers and citizens will probably be greater in numbers than heretofore. Officers of the army will assemble at the War Department and proceed in a body to the White House to pay their respects to the President.

Receipts of wheat and flour reduced to wheat at Milwaukee for 1869 foot up nearly twenty-two million bushels, and the shipments twenty millions.

The warehouse of D. W. Barry, and their corn cribs adjoining, at Morris, Ill., were destroyed by fire Wednesday night. Loss $13,000; fully insured.

An order was granted yesterday morning in the General Term of the New York Supreme Court, which allows the murderer Real a new trial, to be held in the Court of Appeals. This order is based on the fact that the stenographer of the court did not in his long hand report note the objections of prisoner's counsel.

A man supposed to be James Alcorn, of Sigourney, Iowa, fell from an incoming Cincinnati express train on the Michigan Central Railroad near Calumet, Ill., yesterday morning, and was instantly killed.

The total number of fires in St. Louis from January 1st to November 27th, was 159; total loss, $641,770; insurance, $467,370; loss over insurance, $174,400.

The following figures are taken from the annual report of the business of Chicago during the past year: Total value of manufactures $58,000,000, against 63,000,000 the year previous; total value of goods received in the city $415,652,000, against $307,552,000 last year; total wholesale sales so far as reported, $368,935,530, against $349,489,760 last year: the net incomes are estimated at $73,000,000; the total issue of daily and weekly papers during the year footing 37,194,000 sheets; number of buildings erected during the year 3,423 against 4,410 the year previous. The character of buildings this year is superior to last year.

The articles of association of the Fort Wayne road and Pacific Railroad, were filed in the Secretary of State's office, at Indianapolis yesterday. Capital, three million.

The Democratic Convention at Memphis, yesterday afternoon, nominated John Johnson for mayor.

The Woman's Suffrage Association is holding a session in Concord, N. H. About a hundred persons are present. Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, in her remarks, was very severe on Senator Sumner's position on the Cuba question, and made a stirring appeal in behalf of the Cubans.

The Lestonville Coal Oil Works of Miller & Hubby, at Philadelphia, blew up yesterday. The building was wrecked, but no one hurt.

As Hon. Horatio Seymour was driving from Utica to his residence in Deerfield Wednesday evening, his horses became frightened, and after they had run a short distance he was thrown from the carriage, dislocating his shoulder. He passed the night in much pain, but was better yesterday.

A dispatch from Rochester, New York, says: Judge E. Darwin Smith, of the Supreme Court, this afternoon gave a decision in the Albany and Susquehanna Railroad suit. He decides that the Ramsey ticket of directors was duly elected, and that they are the lawful directors of said railroad.

Theodore Price, a desperate young negro, the ringleader in an atrocious murder near Louisville last September, was arrested on board the steamer Norman at that city yesterday.

Albert Austin's large cigar manufactory at Hartford, Conn., was burned yesterday morning, together with its contents. Loss $35,000; insured for $14,000.

A case involving State and Federal jurisdiction has arisen at Montgomery, Ala. The State law levies a tax upon the Southern Express Company. The company applied to Judge Busteed, of the United States Court, for an injunction, which was granted. The State Auditor has issued a circular to tax collectors, ordering them to collect the tax in spite of the injunction. The case promises to be one of great interest, and the State and company both have eminent counsel to fight it through the courts.

The total number of vessels enrolled at the port of St. Louis, last year was 166, aggregate tonnage about 73,000 tons. Most of them are owned in that city. The vessels of the Northwestern Line Packet Company, and Northwestern Union Packet Company, numbering 113, tonnage about 19,000 tons, are not included in the above, nor any of the large number of steamers and barges which came to this city from the various Ohio river ports; neither are many other vessels which during certain seasons abandon their regular trades and ply between St. Louis and New Orleans. The total amount collected from all descriptions of vessels at that port during the year, including tonnage tax, inspector's fees, enrollment license and hospital account, was $50,000.

STATE NEWS.

The proprietors of the *Evening Star* and *Morning Post*, of Philadelphia, dealt out on Christmas various articles to those who sell their papers. The females received hoods and shawls, and the boys gloves and scarfs.

A Cameron county paper states that two drunken men undertook to navigate a raft down the Allegheny, ran it into a dam, and one of them was carried down the icy stream three hundred yards before being rescued, when he was promptly restored. He was too full of "benzine" to swallow any water.

The gross receipts of the Catholic Fair in Titusville were $6,300, and the net proceeds will exceed $5,500, which will be applied to the convent building fund.

Tuesday afternoon a man named Frank Sweeny, formerly of Meadville, while at work at a well on the Skinner farm, which is situated on the headwaters of Bull Run, was caught between the cable and the shaft of the bull wheel and so badly crushed that he died at five o'clock Tuesday morning. The deceased leaves a wife and one child at Cambridge, Crawford county.

Rev. Father Cahill, pastor of the Catholic Church, in Jamestown, Mercer county, committed suicide on Tuesday, by shooting himself through the head with a pistol. The girl employed at his house states that the priest had obtained poison from a drug store the same day, but she took it away from him. He then drew a revolver and fired several shots at the ceiling, imagining that he saw some offensive object there. The girl remonstrated, and he threatened to shoot himself, which he proceeded to do as soon as she left the room.

The Titusville *Herald* of yesterday says that it learns from good authority that the accident at the Humphrey well, Shamburg, which resulted in the instant death of Mr. Charles A. Lawson, on Tuesday last, was not occasioned, as at first supposed, by the escape of steam from the flue pipe, but from the explosion of nitro-glycerine. Mr. Lawson, as we now understand, had just inserted a pair of gas tongs to temper them, in a box filled with water at the time. No sooner had he done this than the explosion occurred, and the unfortunate man was blown to atoms. His body was hurled into the air and severed in twain, and the mutilated pieces scattered a distance of several rods from the engine house. The engine house was entirely demolished, and the engine moved from its position towards the derrick. What strengthens the presumption of a nitro-glycerine explosion, is the fact that only a few days previous they had glycerine thawed out in the same box in which Lawson plunged the gas tongs.

Prices of Coffee Reduced.

Jenkins & Bro., our tea and flour men, have reduced roasted coffee in papers one cent per pound. This house believes in fair profits. Checkered Front on all the packages. See their advertisement, this page. †

An Excellent Rule.

That adopted by Messrs. Urling, Follansbee & Co., corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street. They adhere to one price, and give value for value. Their stock of ready made clothing is very large, their furnishing goods the very best that can be found in the market. †

ADDITIONAL MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Latest Chicago Market.

CHICAGO, December 30—10 P. M.

The transactions in the grain markets after the close of 'Change, were limited, and prices unchanged. No 2 spring wheat sold at 78c cash; 78½c seller January. Corn dull at 69½@70c. Oats dull at 43c cash. In the evening the grain markets were lifeless. Provisions quiet and easier. Mess pork could have been had at $29 25@29 50 February. Lard 16⅝c January; sales of lard, seller February, at 17⅛c, do do 17c. Cumberland 13c.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, December 30.—Cotton steady; middling 24@24½c; sales 6,500 bales; exports 7,948 bales. Sugar—prime 12@12½c. Molasses—prime 68@70c. Other articles unchanged.

Buffalo Cattle Market.

BUFFALO, December 30.—Cattle—receipts moderate. market active at an advance of ¼@½c; sales of 700 head at 6@7½c for common to good; 8¼@8⅝c for extra. Hogs a shade better with a fair demand; sales at 9@9½c Sheep quiet and unchanged.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK, A. M.

EUROPE.

BY THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

No Danger in the Navigation of the Suez Canal—The "Times" on the American Navy—Heavy Accumulation of American Wheat in England—The Ministerial Situation in France—Baptism of Princess Christine at Rome—Lunatic Asylum Burned in France—The Ecumenical Council Discuss the Question Whether Philosophy is Heterodox—Speeches of the Spanish Minister of Justice in Favor of a Monarchy Not Well Received, &c., &c.

The Suez Canal.

LONDON, December 30.—M. Lesseps, Engineer-in-chief of the Suez canal, has telegraphed here a contradiction of the stories as to the dangers accompanying the navigation of that canal. He says since the canal has been opened to commerce the depth at the very worst points has been increased seventy centimeters.

The American Navy.

The *Times* has an editorial on the subject of the American navy. The writer blames Secretary Robeson for confining his attention to cruisers rather than line-of-battle ships, whereas the English Admiralty is satisfied that the greatest offensive and defensive qualities are incompatible with cruising.

Accumulation of Wheat in England.

The receipts of wheat from America are still very heavy. There is a great accumulation of wheat, both here and at Liverpool, and a statistical journal of this city says there are now seventy-four more cargoes afloat bound to England than at the corresponding period last year.

The Ministerial Situation.

PARIS, December 30.—The new ministry is still a matter of general speculation and newspaper comment.

PARIS, December 30.—Up to this time, eight o'clock in the evening, there are no new developements in regard to the ministry.

Baptism of a Princess.

ROME, December 30.—The infant Princess Christine of Naples was baptized here to-day with great ceremony by Cardinal Patrizzi, Vicar of the Pope. The Pope was represented as god-father by Cardinal Antonelli, and the Empress of Austria represented the Dowager Empress as god-mother. Over four hundred notabilities of Rome, Naples and Paris were in attendance, as well as the prelates, the guard of the Pope and others.

Appointed Senators.

PARIS, December 30.—Prince De La Tour d'Auvergne, the ex-Minister of Foreign Affairs, and M. Gressier, the ex-Minister of Public Works, have been appointed Senators.

Outflow of Specie.

There has been an unusually large outflow of specie from the bank since the beginning of this week. The amount on hand to-day is fully 297,000,000 francs less than at the close of bank hours last Thursday.

Lunatic Asylum Burned.

The lunatic asylum at Tulle was totally destroyed by fire yesterday. There were no lives lost.

The Ecumenical Council.

The session of the Ecumenical Council yesterday lasted five hours. The subject under discussion was whether philosophy was heterodox.

Not Well Received.

MADRID, December 30.—Minister Justice Zorilla has been generally badly received during his semi-official journey just finished. At Valencia, Barcelona and some other large cities, his speeches in favor of a monarchy were interrupted by republican "vivas."

Traupmann Sentenced to Death.

PARIS, December 30.—At ten o'clock this evening, the trial of Traupmann, for the murder of the Kinck family, terminated in conviction and sentence of death. The prisoner rose and smilingly thanked the Court, "*remercia cour en souriant.*"

Decrease of Specie.

LONDON, December 30.—The specie in the Bank of Egland has decreased $37,000 since December 23.

Marine News.

GLASGOW, December 30.—Arrived yesterday, the India from New York.

London Money Market.

LONDON, December 30, Evening.—Consols for money 92¼; for account 92¼. The Stock Exchange will be closed Saturday. American securities firm; '62s, 86¾; '65s, 85½; '67s, 84¼; 10-40s, 83¼. At Frankfort bonds heavy. Erie, 17; Illinois 100¾; Atlantic and Great Western, 25¾.

Paris Bourse.

PARIS, December 30.—Bourse quiet; rentes 72 francs 85 centimes.

Liverpool Markets.

LIVERPOOL, December 30.—Cotton market firm; middling uplands 11⅜d; Orleans 11½d; sales 15,000 bales.

California white wheat 9s 8d; red western No 2 8s 4d; winter 9s. Western flour 22s 3d. Corn—No 2 mixed 28s 6d. Oats 2s 9d. Barley 5s. Peas 36s.

Pork quiet at 106s. Beef 101s. Lard 74s 6d. Cheese 68s. Bacon 68s.

Produce unchanged. Naval stores firmer.

London Produce Market.

LONDON, December 30.—Tallow 45s 3d@45s 6d. Sugar quiet for spot; firmer afloat; spot 39s@39s 6d. Calcutta linseed firm at 59s.

Petroleum Markets.

Petroleum at Antwerp heavy at 59¼ francs. At Bremen and Hamburg quiet.

Havre Cotton Market.

HAVRE, December 30.—Cotton quiet.
HAVRE, December 30.—Cotton closed firm.

TRICHINA.

Families Afflicted by Eating Diseased Pork—Three Deaths—Nine Cases Under Treatment—Symptoms of the Disease.

CHICAGO, December 30.—The *Tribune* has a special from Belvidere, dated to-night, which says no further deaths have occurred in the families poisoned by trichina near that place, since yesterday. One of the victims can scarcely live twenty-four hours. Two new cases have appeared within the last eighteen hours from eating the same meat. There are now nine cases, all very sick. As before stated, three have died. Those who have died were taken sick about twelve days after eating the pork, and died in about four weeks. The symptoms are, severe pains in the stomach and bowels, with diarrhea, hot skin, quick pulse, dry, red, smooth tongue, and great soreness of the muscles. Trichina were found in immense numbers in the pork, ham and bologna sausages made from the pork; also in the muscles of those who have died. The sufferings of the patients are terrible.

CUBA.

All Citizens Ordered to Disarm Under Penalty of Court Marshal.

HAVANA, December 30.—The governor of Matanzas has issued an order directing all citizens having arms in their possession to deliver the same to the Spanish authorities within two days. Those neglecting to comply with this order will be court martialed.

The *Voz de Cuba* to-day publishes a slur telegraphed from New York, stating that the Cubans have gone to Washington to buy Senators.

OCEAN MAIL SERVICE.

The New Contract for Carrying the Foreign Mails.

The Cunard, Inman, Bremen and Hamburg lines of steamers have positively and finally refused to take the contract for carrying the foreign mails after the 1st of January, 1870, at the rates which have been established by the new treaty, and the Anchor, National, and the Gulon lines have each offered to take the mails at the new rates. The representatives of these lines met Mr. Creswell, Postmaster General; Mr. Blackfus, Superintendent of foreign mails, and Mr. Jones, Postmaster of New York, at the postoffice in New York on Wednesday, by request of the Postmaster General, for the purpose of holding a conference. The capacities of the different vessels belonging to these lines were discussed at length. Mr. Williams, of the Williams & Gulon line, said that their vessels were capable of sailing nearly as fast as the fastest. Not long since the steamer Idaho and the Scotia, of the Cunard, left port together, and when the Scotia arrived at Liverpool, the Idaho was five hours behind. He thought they could do even better than that. Mr. Creswell asked if they were intending to put any new and better steamers on the line. Mr. Williams said they were building two very fine steamers, to be called the Wisconsin and Wyoming. They were being built in England, and to be first class steamers. He also thought that the speed of their boats could be considerably increased. Mr. Williams suggested that great speed in conveying the mails was not so much a desideratum since the cables were laid, as much of the most important correspondence was carried on by that means. He said that since the net work of telegraph had been spread over the country, enabling us to convey information so rapid, the speed of railroads had been diminished. Mr. Creswell replied that this was a thought which had not occurred to him before, and he thought the statement of Mr. Williams was quite a good argument. At a late hour it was finally agreed that the Gulon, Anchor and National Lines, all slow steamers, should carry the mails on and after January 1.

Buy Jenkins & Bro.'s Snow Flake.

Made from Missouri wheat. This is the leading brand in this market, and has a great reputation in Philadelphia and New York as choice flour. †

A Guarantee is Given

That every barrel of ale put up by Pier, Dannals & Co. is made of the best qualities of malt and hops. To insure a good draught of ale, ask for Pier, Dannals & Co.'s "cream." †

THE BYRON QUESTION.

MRS. STOWE'S NEW VOLUME.

Why She Made Her First Disclosure—What She Says of Her Critics.

The following is the first chapter of Mrs. Stowe's new book on Lady Byron:

The interval since my publication of "The True story of Lady Byron's Life" has been one of stormy discussion and much invective.

I have not thought it necessary to disturb my spirit and confuse my sense of right by even an attempt at reading the many abusive articles that both here and in England have followed that disclosure. Friends have undertaken the task for me, giving me from time to time the substance of anything really worthy of attention which came to view in the tumult.

It appeared to me essential that this first excitement should in a measure spend itself before there would be a possibility of speaking to any purpose. Now, when all would seem to have spoken who can speak, and, it is to be hoped, have said the utmost they can say, there seems a propriety in listening calmly, if that be possible, to what I have to say in reply.

And first, why have I made this disclosure at all?

To this I answer briefly, because I considered it my duty to make it.

I made it in defense of a beloved, revered friend, whose memory stands forth in the eyes of the civilized world charged with most repulsive crimes, of which I *certainly* knew her innocent.

I claim, and shall prove, that Lady Byron's reputation has been the victim of a concerted attack, begun by her husband during her lifetime, and coming to its climax over her grave. I claim, and shall prove, that it was not I who stirred up this controversy in this year 1869. I shall show *who did it*, and who is responsible for bringing on me that hard duty of making these disclosures, which, it appears to me, ought to have been made by others.

I claim that these facts were given to me unguarded by any promise or seal of secrecy, expressed or implied; that they were lodged with me as one sister rests her story with another for sympathy, for counsel, for defense. Never did I suppose the day would come that I should be obliged to so cruel an anguish as this use of them has been to me. Never did I suppose that—when those kind hands, that had shed nothing but blessings, were lying in the helplessness of death—when that gentle heart, so sorely tried and to the last so full of love, was lying cold in the tomb—a countryman in England could be found to cast the foulest slanders on her grave, and not one in all England to raise an effective voice in her defense.

I admit the feebleness of my plea, in point of execution. It was written in a state of exhausted health, when no labor of the kind was safe for me, when my hand had not strength to hold the pen, and I was forced to dictate to another.

I have been told that I have no reason to congratulate myself on it as a literary effort. O, my brothers and sisters! is there then nothing in the world to think of but literary efforts? I ask any man with a heart in his bosom, if he had been obliged to tell a story so cruel, because his mother's grave gave no rest from slander; I ask any woman who had been forced to such a disclosure to free a dead sister's name from grossest insults, whether she would have thought of making this work of bitterness a literary success?

Are the cries of the oppressed, the gasps of the dying, the last prayers of mothers, are any words wrung like drops of blood from the human heart to be judged as literary efforts?

My fellow-countrymen of America, men of the press, I have done you one act of justice, of all your bitter articles, I have read not one. I shall never be troubled in the future time by the remembrance of any unkind word you have said of me, for at this moment I recollect not one. I had such faith in you, such pride in my countrymen, as men with whom, above all others, the cause of woman was safe and sacred, that I was at first astonished and incredulous at what I heard of the course of the American press, and was silent, not merely from the impossibility of being heard, but from grief and shame. But reflection convinces me that you were, in many cases, acting from a misunderstanding of facts and through misguided honorable feeling; and I still feel courage, therefore, to ask from you a fair hearing. Now, as I have done you this justice, will you also do me the justice to hear me seriously and candidly?

What interest have you or I, my brother and my sister, in this short life of ours, to utter anything but the truth? Is not truth between man and man and between man and woman the foundation on which all things rest? Have you not, every individual of you, who must hereafter give an account of yourself alone to God, an interest to know the exact truth in this matter, and a duty to perform as respects that truth? Hear me, then, while I tell you the position in which I stood, and what was my course in relation to it.

A shameless attack on my friend's memory had appeared in the *Blackwood* of July, 1869, branding Lady Byron as the vilest of criminals and recommending the Guiccioli book to a Christian public as interesting from the very fact that it was the avowed production of Lord Byron's mistress. No efficient protest was made against this outrage in England, and *Littell's Living Age* reprinted the *Blackwood* article, and the Harpers, the largest publishing house in America, perhaps in the world, republished the book.

Its statements—with those of the *Blackwood*, *Pall Mall Gazette*, and other English periodicals—were being propagated through all the young reading and writing world of America. I was meeting them advertised in dailies, and made up into articles in magazines, and thus the generation of to-day, who had no means of judging Lady Byron but by these fables of her slanderers, were being foully deceived. The friends who knew her personally were a small, select circle in England, whom death is every day reducing. They were few in number compared with the great world, and they were *silent*. I saw these foul slanders crystalizing into history uncontradicted by friends who knew her personally, who, firm in their own knowledge of her virtues, and limited in view as aristocratic circles generally are, had no idea of the width of the world they were living in, and the exigency of the crisis. When time passed on and no voice was raised, I spoke. I gave at first a simple story, for I knew instinctively that whoever put the first steel point of truth into this dark cloud of slander must wait for the storm to spend itself. I must say the storm exceeded my expectations, and has raged loud and long. But now that there is a comparative stillness I shall proceed, first, to prove what I have just been asserting, and, second, to add to my true story such facts and incidents as I did not think proper at first to state.

THE PEABODY FUNERAL.

The Removal of the Remains from Westminster Abbey on Board the Monarch.

The last foreign mail brings the details of the removal of Mr. Peabody's remains from Westminster Abbey to the Monarch, lying at Portsmouth. The removal took place on the 11th inst. The London *News* says that "in deference to the wishes of those who have been charged with the embarkation, the entire proceedings were conducted with as much privacy as the nature of the occasion permitted. The coffin was taken from Westminster Abbey in almost a secret manner. At half past seven o'clock in the morning, before it was light the Dean of Westminster, accompanied by Lord John Thynne, the subdean, met Mr. George Peabody Russell, the eldest male representative of the family; Sir Curtis Lampson and Mr. Charles Reed, M. P., the two executors, at the temporary vault, near the western entrance; and without formality of any kind, the coffin, which had been enclosed within a special case, covered with black cloth, was transferred to the private station of the railway company. During the morning numbers of persons lingered around the approaches to the Abbey, expecting to witness the removal, the general idea being that it would be at noon. During the temporary resting of the body in its place of honor visitors in large numbers came to the Abbey to see the spot, although all that was visible was a large square of black cloth, with a few immortelles marking the whereabouts of the vault.

A SINGULAR COINCIDENCE.

It was often noticed, as at least a singular coincidence, that one of the few monuments in the Abbey bearing reference to America was placed within a few yards of the late philanthropist's remains, and the singularity was heightened by the circumstance that the tablet recorded events connected with the history of Mr. Peabody's own State—Massachusetts. This monument is the memorial erected by order of "the Province of Massachusetts Bay, in New England, by an order of the great and general court, bearing date of February 1, 1759," to the memory of Brigadier General Viscount Howe, who in the July of the previous year was slain while marching His Majesty's forces to Ticonderoga. The gallant officer was only thirty-three years old, and during the troubles we had at that time with the French, he had done good service, not only to his own country, but the New England State. It was under the shadow of this tribute to the worth of an Englishman by Massachusetts that in the dim light of this morning final homage was paid to the worth of a Massachusetts man by England.

FROM LONDON TO PORTSMOUTH.

The special train left London at midday, containing in addition to the relatives and executors above mentioned Mr. Motley, the American Ambassador; Mr. Morgan, representing the trustees of the Peabody fund, and Mr. Sowerby, the deceased's secretary. Along the line, at Guildford especially, crowds at the railway stations as the train passed showed their silent sympathy with its object. In Portsmouth, where the rain had been pouring for some time, few preparations had been made, willing as the inhabitants were to manifest their respect to Mr. Peabody's memory. The tempestuous weather, however, did not prevent some hundreds of spectators exposing themselves to cold and wet for an hour or two in order to witness the embarkation.

The train, without halting at the station, came through the dockyard to within a few feet of the Monarch. The municipal authorities lined one side of the passage; the marines of the Monarch and Plymouth the other. On board the Monarch there was a general muster of the crew along the edge of the level deck from the gangway forward. The officers mustered on the quarter deck, near the pavillion where the coffin is to remain until the ship weighs anchor. When the train approached, at three o'clock, the Monarch displayed her ensign half-mast, and the American ensign abreast of the foretopmast crosstrees, the other ships in the harbor imitating her example. Minute guns were fired from the Duke of Wellington, in the midst of which the mourners, alighting from the train, were received by Admiral Hope, as chief of the dockyard. The coffin was removed from the funeral car and borne on the shoulders of twelve men up the gangway. In spite of the studied plainness of the ceremony and the personal discomfort of all present, these proceedings were felt to be solemn and touching. Marines and seamen from various ships were paraded at different points. The dead march was commenced by the dockyard band, as the procession moved forward, and the marines of both countries leaned on their arms, and the officers and men on board stood uncovered—a mark of respect paid also by the crowd on shore. A discharge of small arms from the bows of the flagship was added to the minute guns. The captain of the ship and chaplain, at the head of the gangway, received the procession, which consisted of the coffin, Mr. Motley and Mr. Peabody Russell, Mr. Reed, M. P., and Sir Curtis Lampson, Mr. Morgan and Mr. Sowerby, Captain Acomb, of the Plymouth, and a train of officers from both vessels. The coffin was placed on a bier in the center of the canopy, and the mourners and a few officers assembled within the black drapery.

[Then followed the address of Mr. Motley and the response of the commander of the Monarch, Captain Commerell, heretofore published in the COMMERCIAL.]

WHERE THE COFFIN RESTS ON SHIP BOARD.

The correspondent of the *News* says: "It is in the extreme stern of the ship and close to, indeed part of, the officers' cabins. The black cloth, white satin cords, festoons of black and white, immortelles, tall wax lights in huge silver candlesticks, four on either side of the bier, silver brackets with smaller candles around the chapel, and the monogram "G. P." freely interspersed, have been already described. The only recent addition is the American eagle, facing the entrance, in a device of silver, plainly showing the inscription, "*E Pluribus Unum.*" The chapel is separated from the rest of the ship at present merely by heavy folds of black curtain, and immediately without, as if keeping watch and ward, stands one of the immense pieces of ship artillery for which the Monarch is famous, and whose carriage and fixtures happen to be laid down at this particular place."

MEXICO.

Internal Condition of the Country.

A correspondent of the San Francisco *Bulletin* writes from Mexico: We have always been told that the Mexicans are the most fanatical people on the globe, and that the spiritual sword of their priests is more powerful than the lawful power of life and death. In spite of these the Protestant faith is propagating in all parts of the country, particularly in Zacatecas, Guanajuato, and the City of Mexico. From the latter place Jose Maria Mata has been elected by the Society of Free Thinkers to proceed to Naples, where a kind of *contra concelium* will be held on the 8th proximo, and two religious papers have already been started in favor of Protestantism and Free Masonry. Clerical influence is declining, but, on an average, the Mexicans are too uneducated to adopt at once a new religion; the natural consequence will be indifference in religious matters, as they show already in politics.

However, education is making progress. In 1793 there were but twelve schools in all Mexico; now there are 3,742 schools, with 276,831 scholars, without including the colleges, universities and academies, and numerous families have sent their children abroad to make their education still more perfect.

Nevertheless, the moral condition of the people remains very low. The last mail from the City of Mexico gives the following shocking item: About fifty travelers were on their way from Toluca to Mexico, occupying four coaches for the women and children, the men being on horseback. Arriving at the hacienda of Jalapa they heard some shooting; however, being told that two hundred men of the Rural Guards were stationed there for the protection of travelers, they proceeded on their journey, but were soon disabused of their confidence. Part of these troops had pronounced for General Porfirio Diaz, and had fought those who refused to join them. They then plundered the travelers, took their horses, money, watches, and left for other parts, after bidding the poor victims good-bye, with true Mexican politeness. Nobody here cares about being robbed in that way, because the people get accustomed to it; but the Italian and Grecian system of kidnapping is quite another thing. No wealthy man dares to venture outside the city gates, and at San Luis a capitalist of seventy years has even been *plagiado* in one of the principal streets by a gang of twenty-three conspirators, of whom three were Spaniards, one Englishman and one woman. After having got $10,000 for their trouble, they were betrayed by one of their number, who was not satisfied with his share.

CITY MATTERS.

THE CITY STREETS.

Work of the Street Committee during the Past Year—Reports of Street Commissioners.

The Street Committee of the City Councils held a meeting last evening in the office of Mr. Moore, City Engineer, to receive and consider the reports of the Street Commissioners.

Mr. Weldon, Chairman of the Committee, called the meeting to order at eight o'clock.

The final report, which had been prepared by the clerk, was submitted and adopted by the committee.

The report shows the improvements made in the street department, through the office of Mr. Moore, the Engineer, in comparison with the previous year, as follows:

1869	$293,355 70
1868	193,639 44

Showing an increase of $98,716 36 in 1869.

The Committee report the plan for a system of general sewerage as progressing favorable. The report also recommends the use of the Nicolson pavement, which the Committee think durable and economical.

The report suggests that hereafter in the letting of contracts for the paving of streets that the paving of sidewalks be included in the contract, believing that the public convenience would be greatly benefitted thereby.

After the report had been read and adopted, the reports of the Street Commissioner were read.

REPORTS OF STREET COMMISSIONERS.

John F. Hunter, Street Commissioner of the First District, reported the disbursement for the eleven months of the fiscal year, for the repairing and cleaning of streets, at $18,823 67.

Eleven flagstone crossings have been laid under his supervision during the year.

John D. McFaden, street Commissioner of the Second District, reported the pay roll in his district for the year as amounting to $22,860 43.

Fifteen flagstone crossings have been laid in his district during the year.

Mr. McFaden's report includes the full year.

Street Commissioner Hosack reported that the expenditures in the Third District amounted to $11,759 39.

The reports set forth in detail the work done in each district, and show that the officers have been faithful and energetic in the discharge of their duties.

The Committee approved of the reports and returned a vote of thanks to the Street Commissioners, and also to the City Engineer and Clerk to the Committee, for the faithful and efficient manner in which they have discharged their respective duties.

A vote of thanks was tendered the Chairman, Mr. Weldon, for the able and efficient manner in which he has discharged the duties of Chairman of the Committee.

Mr. Weldon replied by thanking the members of the Committee for their efficient aid, after which the Committee adjourned *sine die*.

CITY JOBS.

The Twelfth and Seventeenth Ward Station Houses—What They Cost, Etc.

Now that an investigation has been made concerning the alleged frauds in the grading of the Seventeenth ward station house, the result of which will be submitted to Councils to-day by the Retrenchment and Reform Committee, by whom the investigation has been made, it may not prove uninteresting to our readers to know what these buildings cost the city. We have, therefore, after considerable trouble, gleaned the following items of expense, as shown by the books in the Controller's office. It is but proper to state, however, that there are some other bills which could not be found readily, so that the following is not complete. It will give a fair idea of the expenditures of the city funds in this direction:

TWELFTH WARD STATION HOUSE.

Cost of lot	$1,000 00
Duncan, Waughter & Co., contractors	4,185 00
Duncan, Waughter & Co., extra work	52 37
Duncan, Waughter & Co., extra work	52 37
Weldon & Kelly, gas fixtures	181 08
Marshall & Bros., iron works	760 00
Marshall & Bros., iron railing	32 50
J. B. Geyser, architect (plan	22 50
J. B. Geyser, architect (services)	111 75
James B. Booth, curbing, paving, &c	60 82
W. G. Dunseath, clock	9 97
H. Anshutz, heaters	48 00
J. & G. Pearson, hose, &c	17 75
A. M. Fetzger, stove, pipe, &c	15 57
T. C. Fulton, furniture	86 84
Total	$6,636 82

SEVENTEENTH WARD STATION HOUSE.

Cost of lot	$1,000 00
Duncan, Waughter & Co., contractors	4,185 00
C. Rody, grading rear end lot	959 62
C. Rody, for cellar floor	35 00
Weldon & Kelly, gas fixtures	149 80
Marshall & Bros., iron work	760 00
Marshall & Bros., iron railing	32 50
J. B. Geyser, architect, plan	22 50
J. B. Geyser, services, &c	111 75
McQuean & Douglass, lumber	8 73
W. G. Dunseath, clock	9 97
Wm. Buete, stone steps	46 35
H. Anshutz, heaters	48 00
J. & G. Pearson, hose, &c	17 75
A. M. Fetzger, stove, pipe, &c	15 57
D. Leonard	8 64
Logan, Gregg & Co., nails, &c	2 50
T. C. Fulton, furniture	86 84
Total	$7,430 52

Organization of the Sharpsburg, Butler and New Castle Railroad.

A meeting of the stockholders of the Sharpsburg, Butler and New Castle Railroad Company was held at the Mayor's office last evening, when S. Hartman, Esq., occupied the chair. The meeting proceeded to choose directors, with the following result: J. Baum, Jr., S. Riddle, W. A. Tomlinson, B. W. Morgan, John Scott, Jr., G. C. Rees, of New Castle, Andrew Lyons, N. P. Sawyer, D. O'Neill and J. M. Brush. The directors elect subsequently met, and chose the following officers: President, Jared M. Brush; Secretary, Wm. A. Tomlinson; Treasurer, Samuel Riddle. The meeting adjourned to convene at the call of the President.

COUNCIL MEETING.—The Common Council *only* will meet this afternoon. It is stated that the resolution read in Select Council for a meeting to-day, and in which the Common Council concurred, was not heard by the members, and the President instructed the messenger not to serve any notices on the members of Select.

LETTER CARRIERS' ADDRESS.—The Letter Carriers' of Pittsburgh have issued their Fifth Annual Address, which they will present to their patrons, and the public generally, within the ensuing few days. The little pamphlet contains much useful information for every business man.

SURGICAL OPERATION.—On Wednesday evening, Drs. Dickson and Murdoch made a thorough search for the ball lodged in the shoulder of officer John Moore by Snibbs Arnold. After extensive incisions, the search had to be abandoned. The patient was greatly prostrated by the operation, but was much better yesterday.

WORKHOUSE LIST.—The following prisoners were removed from the jail to the workhouse yesterday afternoon: James Lewis, Wm. Clark, John Coats, S. B. Reed, Oliver Graham, Jacob Miller, Patrick Connor, D. Stimzer, Adolphus Laviene. The last three were sentenced by Court.

ORGANIZATION OF COUNCILS.—The City Councils will meet for organization on Monday at 10 o'clock A. M.

THE UNIVERSITY.—The Western University will reopen on Monday, January 34, for the winter session.

H. De Long's Dancing Academy at Lafayette Hall.

Second and last term of the season will commence Wednesday, January 5th. To insure a full term all should commence at the beginning, as the season closes April 1st. Matinees Saturday afternoon with an orchestra. Call for circulars at the music stores. Matinee season tickets for sale at Blume's.

MARRIED:

MORTON—PLANT—On Wednesday evening, December 29, 1869, at the residence of R. D. Moore, Esq., Sharon, Pa., by Rev. W. C. Falconer, JAMES A. MORTON, of Philadelphia, to SADIE S. PLANT, of Sharon. No cards.

MURPHY—CARBIS—On Tuesday evening, December 28th, 1869, at St. Peters and Pauls R. C. Church, by the Rev. J. M. Bierl, Mr. T. J. MURPHY, formerly of Newark, N. J., and Miss JULIA G. CARBIS, of Pittsburgh, Pa.

May the bright sun of prosperity ever illumine their pathway, and fill with them pass as gently as a beautiful dream.

[St. Louis, Mo., and Newark, N. J., papers please copy.]

MINNEMEYER—GOSLING—On Wednesday evening, December 29, 1869, at St. Peters Church, Grant street, by the Rev. Mr. Roberts, ED. G. MINNEMEYER and JOSIE H. GOSLING, daughter of Jas. Gosling, Esq., both of Pittsburgh.

[Peoria, Illinois, and Shelbyville, Tennessee, papers please copy.]

DIED.

ANDERSON—On Thursday evening, December 30th, at 9 o'clock, LIBBIE, only daughter of Edward F. and Mary H. Anderson, aged four years and ten months.

The funeral will take place from the residence of her parents, No. 8 Seneca street, on SATURDAY, January 1st, at 2 o'clock P. M. The friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞ *Advertisements on this page under the several heads of* WANTED, FOR SALE, FOR RENT, *&c., will be inserted at transient rates only*—TEN CENTS, *per line for each insertion. No advertisement less than* THIRTY CENTS.

WANTED.

WANTED—SITUATION—A GENTLEMAN of long experience and who has an extensive acquaintance with Machinists, Boilermakers, Agricultural Manufacturers and Hardware Dealers throughout all the Western, Middle and Eastern States, is open to an engagement with some Iron Firm of standing or would sell on Commission. Address E. PETTIT, corner Ridge avenue and Spring Garden street, Philadelphia, for further particulars. Th&M

WANTED—WEAVERS—IMMEDIATELY, at the Zanesville, Ohio, Sheeting Mills, 6 good Weavers.

WANTED—TO RENT—ONE OR TWO good furnished Rooms or Parlors in a central part of city, for which a liberal rate will be paid. Address B. A., Commercial office.

WANTED—BUSINESS—A MAN WITH a cash capital of $400 to engage in the Manufacture of a very profitable article on his own account. No help required; it is imperishable; pays well. Address Manufacturer, at this office, appointing interview.

WANTED—SOLICITORS—TWO SOLICITORS for an old established New York (all cash) Life Insurance Company, to operate in Western Pennsylvania; will be paid salary. Address Box 756 Pittsburgh Postoffice.

WANTED—BUSINESS—AN ACTIVE interest in a good Business (manufacturing preferred), by a Young Man with business experience. Available capital about $20,000. Address H. M., Commercial office. tf

WANTED—SALESMAN—A SALESMAN well acquainted with Western Pennsylvania and Ohio Trade, by a Wholesale Hosiery and Notion House in Philadelphia. Address S. Z. & Co., 36 North Fourth street, Philadelphia.

WANTED—SEVERAL GIRLS FOR city and country. Several men want work. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street.

WANTED—HOUSE—TO RENT. A house of seven or eight rooms, with gas and water throughout, and within fifteen minutes' walk of the Postoffice. Address Box V, Commercial office.

WANTED—MORTGAGES—FIRST-CLASS Mortgages in large sums. City Property preferred. S. N. LIGHTNER, 58 Fourth avenue. tf

WANTED--AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS—HIGHLY IMPORTANT. An Agent wanted in every county in the United States to take an interest in a new article just patented, that will sell on sight to every housekeeper. It is a Portable Furnace, that fits in the holes of any cook stove, or range. Three cents per day will pay for fuel to cook three meals. It will boil, broil, roast, toast, bake, stew, heat irons, &c., &c. Any man, with a small capital, can clear from $15 to $40 per day. This is well worth the attention of capitalists. The right of a State is a sure fortune. Call on or address J. H. LYON, Inventor and Patentee, 124 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

MONEY TO LOAN.

$20,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage, in large or small amounts. THOS. K. PETTY, Bill, Mortgage and Real Estate Broker, 179 Smithfield street.

$50,000 TO LOAN ON BOND AND Mortgage. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—ACCOUNT BOOKS ADJUSTED, balanced, closed, by an experienced practical Accountant. Address Box 511, Pittsburgh Postoffice.

PERSONAL—THE PITTSBURGH REAL ESTATE REGISTER is published only by CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue. Don't fail to get it if you want to buy yourself a home.

PERSONAL—ALL PERSONS SEEKING homes or investments in Real Estate will save time, trouble and money by consulting the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register." It is given away gratis by the publishers, Messrs. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue, or will sent by mail, free, to any address.

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

COAL LANDS—280 ACRES OF COAL, in Beaver county, Pa., three miles west of Beaver Falls, on the P. Ft. W. and C. R. R. Coal three feet thick; will be sold cheap and on easy terms. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE LITTLE FARM OF 74 acres, situate in Columbiana county, Ohio, immediately on the P., Ft. W. & C. C., 55 miles west of this city. Good House and Barn, good Orchard; Land comparatively level; rich sandy loam soil, and in a good neighborhood. Terms easy. Full particulars by calling on CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

SNUG GARDEN AND FRUIT FARM OF 65 Acres, situate on the Ohio river, 20 miles below Wheeling, in Monroe county, Ohio. Good Buildings, splendid Orchards, and No. 1 Land. Splendid chance for a man to make money. It will be sold on very easy payments. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

TO CAPITALISTS—A VERY VALUABLE and desirable Gas Coal Land for sale: 30 miles east of Pittsburgh on Pennsylvania Railroad. Apply to J. WILSON, Clearfield, Clearfield county, Penna.

AN OHIO FRUIT GARDEN OR DAIRY Farm for sale or exchange, containing 118 Acres, situated on the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroad, 3 miles from the flourishing town of Salem, Ohio, good House of 8 Rooms, 2 Barns, Tenement House of 5 Rooms, 20 Acres in Timber, one-half Acre in best quality of Grapes, 800 Peach and Pear Trees, very best, large Orchard of Apple Trees, one-fourth Acre in Raspberries, Sugar Camp of 300 Trees, good Water, pike runs by the door, and is in a very pleasant neighborhood. Must be seen to be appreciated. We have seen the property and can give full information. Terms easy, or we will take city property to the amount of $5,000 or $6,000 in exchange. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

WEST VIRGINIA LANDS FOR SALE—5,000 Acres of West Virginia Timber and Farming Lands, in McDowell county. The Timber alone is worth double the price asked for it. The Lands lay on a stream large enough to raft the Timber to market. This is a rare opening for a set of men to make a sure fortune. The Timber consists of the finest Poplar known. Also Oak and Walnut. The whole plot is divided and will be sold as a whole or in parts, to suit purchasers. Some of the Lots have improvements on them, and part under cultivation. Drafts showing location can be seen at our offices. We will trade the Lands for City or Country Property. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

SNUG FARM OF 90 ACRES TWO AND A half miles from Hite's Station, Western Pennsylvania Railroad, and eighteen miles from this city. Good improvements, nice Orchard, and a very desirable neighborhood. We will sell it as a whole, or will sell 65 Acres with all the improvements, Orchard, &c. Persons wanting a nice little farm should not fail to examine this. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—DESIRABLE FARM, CONTAINING 150 Acres, adjoining the town of Homer, a station on the Indiana Branch Railroad, in Indiana county, Pa.; 120 Acres of the Land is cleared and in a high state of cultivation, residue covered with choice White Oak, Walnut and other Timbers; 20 Acrs good Bottom Land. Good two-story Frame House of 6 Rooms and Kitchen; large Barn, 72 by 45, with double Threshing Floors, in good order and conveniently arranged. Also, all necessary outbuildings, and in fact everything to be found on a well regulated Farm. Large Orchard of choice Fruit of all kinds. This property cannot fail to please any one seeking a good Farm, as it is right alongside of Railroad, Schools, Churches, Stores, Mills and Postoffice. Terms easy. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

DESIRABLE ONE HUNDRED ACRE Farm for sale 1½ miles from Enon Station, P. Ft. W. and C. R. R., a Station where all trains stop. Ten Acres in good Timber, balance in cultivation and can all be cultivated by machinery; good Frame House of 6 large Rooms, good Frame Bank Barn, Orchard of 100 choice Fruit Trees, Farm well watered, Churches of all denominations, within 1½ miles; good soil, worth $100 per Acre, will be sold at $65 per Acre on easy terms. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—WE HAVE a number of improved Farms that we will exchange for desirable city property. Persons wanting Farms or Houses of any kind will find it to their interest to call and examine our list. We are continually receiving property of all kinds, and as we, by personal examination, describe that which we offer, purchasers can rely on the description as being correct. We will also take pleasure in accompanying persons wanting to purchase, thus avoiding delay and trouble. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

MINNESOTA LANDS FOR SALE—ONE Hundred and Twenty Acres of Land, partly within and partly adjoining the city limits of Stillwater, Minnesota. Three Hundred and Sixty Acres adjoining Chengwatana, county seat of Pine county, Minnesota, and Eighty Acres of Mineral Land, near Superior City, Wisconsin. The above property is very valuable. For particulars inquire of CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. d*

FOR SALE—FARMS—IN WESTMORELAND, Allegheny, Fayette, Indiana, Armstrong, Washington, Beaver, Greene, Clarion, Lawrence and Butler counties, Penna.; also in Eastern Ohio. Full information in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register," sent free to any one requesting it. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A SNUG FARM OF 100 Acres, in Washington county, Pa., three-quarters of a mile from Burgettstown Station, Pan Handle Railroad. Frame House of 6 Rooms, nice Orchard of good Fruit, 20 acres of good Timber. Land is underlaid with a 4½ foot vein of excellent Coal, with a bank open. For further particulars apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—OVER $1,200,000 WORTH of Farms, Mills, Stores, Coal Lands, City and Country Residences, Houses and Lots. Full information in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register." Sent free to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

MISSOURI LANDS—UNIMPROVED, for sale or exchange for City or Country Property, in large or small quantities, at from $3 to $5 per Acre. Apply to or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—OVER ONE HUNDRED farms of all sizes, prices and locations. Full particulars in the "Pittsburgh Real Estate Register," given away *gratis* or sent *free* to any address. CROFT & PHILLIPS, Publishers and Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL!
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY:
Per Year, (52 issues)........................$2 00
In Clubs of Twenty.........................1 50
One copy gratis to the getter-up of the Club.

The money must always accompany the order, and no instance can these terms be deviated from.

☞Postmasters are requested to act as Agents.

☞Communications designed for publication should be addressed to the Editor.

☞Letters on Business, Subscriptions, &c., address COMMERCIAL, PITTSBURGH.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FOR SALE—STOCK AND FIXTURES of a good Grocery and Dry Goods Store, situate about twenty-four miles from the city. Inquire at No. 360 Penn street. FMW

$40 A DAY—DOUBLE MOUNTED MAPS FOR $1—LLOYD'S Steel-plate Map of AMERICA, for 1870, showing from ocean to ocean: colored, mounted, varnished; 54x50 inches large, with the United States County Map on reverse side on a larger scale, with 1,000,000 names. Price only $1, or 60 cents to agents. Sheets mailed for 30 cents. 100 copies a day sold by agents. Lloyd made all the maps used by Gens. Grant, McClellan, Sherman, Sheridan, &c., during the war. Certificates sent. E. LLOYD, Box 4,540, New York. d*

FOR SALE—HOTEL—A FIRST-CLASS Hotel, situate in the Oil Regions of Venango county, Pa., now doing a No. 1 business, has 34 Rooms and large Hall for meetings, &c. Will take Western Land in a good locality in part pay. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—STOVE WORKS—OWING to the recent death of two of the proprietors, the Franklin Stove Works in Cleveland, Ohio, are offered for sale. They have capacity for 60 Moulders, are in perfect order, with a large variety of Stove Patterns, both for wood and coal, some of them having great popularity in the western market. Inspection of the Works now in operation is invited. Apply personally to, or address by letter, WOOLSON, HITCHCOCK & CARTER, Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE TO A LIVE BUSINESS MAN.—An interest in an established Manufacturing Business in the town of Salem, Ohio. This is a splendid opening for an energetic man to make money. We have seen it once and can recommend it. Capital required, from $3,000 to $5,000. Persons wanting to get into a paying business should not fail to examine this. Full particulars by calling at our office, or address CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

COUNTRY STORE AND RESIDENCE FOR SALE—With or without the Goods, in Watertown, Ohio. Price for the Real Estate, $2,500 in payments. This is a rare opening for a man of small means to step into an established business. Full particulars given by calling on or addressing CROFT & PHILLIPS, Real Estate Agents, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE—A FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP, with good facilities for Rolling Mill Work, and a good trade established. Address "Foundry," at this office. tf

FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FARM—FOUR MILES from Pittsburgh—250 Acres; suitable for a Dairy. JOHN ARBUCKLE, 242 and 244 Liberty street.

FOR RENT—STORE—AT IRWIN'S Station, P. R. R., containing 3 Rooms, 62 feet long and 25 feet wide, and adapted to the general dry goods, grocery and produce business. The population of the town and surrounding country is such that a first-class Store would do at least a business of one hundred thousand dollars a year. The coal mines located at this place pay about $60,000 per month to the miners, all of whom reside in the immediate vicinity. For full particulars address JACOB GEHRING, Irwin's Station, Pa.

FOR RENT—WAREHOUSE—NO. 55 Market street, next door to N. Holmes & Sons, with or without a large three-story Building in the rear. Front Building suitable for a Banking or Insurance Office or Dry Goods Store. Inquire of N. HOLMES & SONS, or of JOHN WAY, JR., Sewickleyville, Pa. MWF

FOR RENT—OFFICES—AS WE PURPOSE removing in a few days, our present offices, No. 4 Duquesne Way, are to let. Rent moderate. Apply to WEAVER & JONES.

FOR RENT—ROOM—THAT FINE large second story Room, No. 102 Wood street, near Fifth avenue, suitable for any light business. Apply at 102 Wood street.

FOR RENT—OFFICES—FOUR WELL lighted Offices in the second story of the Safe Deposit Company's Building, for rent. Also, one large front Room in third story. The entire Building will be heated by low steam. Apply to S. F. VON BONNHORST, Treasurer, 83 Fourth avenue. tf

FOR SALE--HOUSES.

FOR SALE—HOUSE AND LOT—A TWO story Frame House, containing 8 Rooms, on a Lot 60x150 feet, situated on Ellsworth avenue, within three minutes walk of Roup's Station, Pennsylvania Railroad. Good Well of soft water at the door. For full particulars inquire of C. B. SEELY, No. 87 Fifth avenue.

SHADY SIDE PROPERTY FOR SALE—House of 6 Rooms and two Lots: Pump of excellent Water, desirable location and within three minutes walk of the Station. Possession immediately. Apply to CROFT & PHILLIPS, No. 139 Fourth avenue.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—CHEAP—AN ADAMS COTTAGE Printing Press, in complete order. Apply at the Drug Store, No. 236 Ohio street, Allegheny.

BREAKFAST BACON—5 CASKS NEW Sugar Cured Breakfast Bacon, for sale by F. SELLERS & CO., corner Penn and Tenth streets.

FOR SALE—1870—DIARIES OF ALL the kinds can be had at the Stationery Store of W. S. HAVEN & CO., corner Wood street and Third avenue.

FOR SALE—A NEW ENGINE AND Boiler, 16 horse power, with Fixtures; too small for purpose. Address DUNN & MILLER, Orrville, Wayne county, Ohio.

FOR SALE—BELTING AND HOSE—Leather and Gum Belting, Copper Rivets, Gum Packing and Hose, as low as any other house, and warranted. HARTLEY, McKEE & CO., 58 Smithfield street. F

NEW CROP NEW ORLEANS SUGAR and Molasses, now in store and to arrive, strictly prime and choice, for sale by WM. MILLER & CO., 221 and 223 Liberty street.

FOR SALE—1,000 BUSHELS OHIO Rye, 150 barrels choice Apples, 50 barrels prime Buckwheat Flour, choice lot of Dried Peaches. HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO., 349 Liberty st.

FOR SALE—ENGINES AND BOILERS—New and second-hand, of all sizes, on hand. Flue and Cylinder Boilers of all sizes, on hand. JAMES HILL & CO., corner Marion avenue and P. Ft. W. and C. R. W., Allegheny, Pa.

Checkered Front.

Cheapest Flour House

IN PITTSBURGH.

ALL OUR OLD BRANDS.

Teas and Coffees

AT NEW YORK PRICES.

Roasted Coffees in Papers Reduced
One Cent Per Pound.

Checkered Front and the Patent Roaster in colors on every Package. No mixtures in this Coffee to make weight.

Satisfaction Guaranteed as to Price and Quality of Teas.

T. C. Jenkins & Bro.
273 and 275 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

Pittsburgh Utility Works.
WEAVER & JONES,
Corner of Juniata and Fulton streets, Sixth Ward, Allegheny,
MANUFACTURERS OF
STAPLE HARDWARE, AND ALL KINDS LIGHT GREY IRON CASTINGS.

We tender our goods and services to the Trade at the Lowest Prices, and warrant all our work skillfully finished. Orders solicited.

WEAVER & JONES.
Address: Pittsburgh Postoffice.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Persons visiting BROOKVILLE, Jefferson county, Penna., will do well to call on

Dr. W. J. McKnight & Bro., Druggists,
CLEMENTS HOUSE,

Where they can at all times find the best brands of TOBACCO and SEGARS; also BOOKS, NEWSPAPERS and MAGAZINES, at publishers' prices; FANCY NOTIONS, &c.

Prescriptions filled at all hours.

The PITTSBURGH DAILY COMMERCIAL can always be found on their counter, and subscriptions received for both Daily and Weekly.

IMPORTANT
TO ALL
BOOK BUYERS.
REDUCTION IN PRICES.
FROM THIS DATE TO FEB'Y. 1, 1870,
WE OFFER OUR
HOLIDAY BOOKS,
JUVENILE BOOKS and
FANCY ARTICLES,
AT COST.
And most of our Miscellaneous Stock at Greatly Reduced Prices.

All wishing Good Books at Low Prices will please call early.

R. S. DAVIS & CO.,
193 LIBERTY STREET.

AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST
NOT TOO LATE YET.

Subscriptions for 1870 still received. Those who have not subscribed or renewed yet should do so at once. Only $1 00 a year. WM. BINGHAM, JR., Pittsburgh Advertising Agency, 143 Smithfield St., Pittsburgh, a.

NOTICE.—LETTERS TESTAMENTARY on the estate of Mrs. SARAH WHITESIDE, deceased; late of Allegheny city, having been issued to the undersigned, all persons having claims against said estate will present them without delay, and all parties indebted will make payment to

JOS. ARMSTRONG,
51 James street, Allegheny, or
W. R. RODGERS,
87 Diamond street, Pittsburgh. Executors.

The Daily Commercial.

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 31, 1869.

THE reported hurrying up in our navy, as if a crisis was at hand, has an interesting ring and is a first-rate sensation for the day. At the same time the report may not be inconsistent with the facts. European powers *may* be preparing to defeat, if they can, the Samana Bay arrangement, in which case it will be highly necessary to be ready to defend our rights. But it is improbable. What, then, is the occasion of the reported naval activity? This sort of thing has been heard of for some time, and the mystery cannot be expected to keep much longer.

SENATOR PRATT, of Indiana, after deciding to resign his seat in the United States Senate, has determined not to do so. His reason for contemplating the step is ill-health. His resignation at this time would cause a lively time in the politics of Indiana—not less so, it is probable, than did his election, which, as the reader will remember, was attended by some rather remarkable scenes. Senator PRATT has the greatest physical proportions of any member of the Senate. Though possessing good ability, he has not thus far made much of a figure in legislation.

SENATOR SUMNER says he regards the letter of Secretary FISH to the Earl of Clarendon on the Alabama question as "one of the ablest and most masterly state papers in our history." It has been suggested that the Senator had a hand in its preparation, but this high comment forbids the idea. It seems to be understood that Mr. FISH had some assistance in producing it. Such a suggestion is not at all contrary to previous experience. Mr. WEBSTER's celebrated dispatch, wherein he spoke of Austria as "a mere patch on the map of the world," was largely Mr. EVERETT's workmanship, though entirely Websterian in style. In Mr. FISH's recent famous dispatch tracks resembling those of CALEB CUSHING can be detected.

A CORRECTED statement of the vote on the motion to lay on the table the nomination of Mr. HOAR, for Associate Judge, shows that those who voted in the affirmative numbered thirty-four; in the negative twenty-one; absent ten. Senator SCOTT voted in the negative, and Senator CAMERON was absent. In the expectation that Mr. HOAR's nomination would be confirmed, the position of Attorney General in the Cabinet had been tendered to Judge STRONG, of Philadelphia, and accepted by him. But Mr. HOAR is yet Attorney General, and will probably remain so; and it is also probable that Judge STRONG will be nominated for the seat on the Bench made vacant by Mr. STANTON's death.

IT is announced in the Western papers that arrangements have been made with the Pennsylvania Central and its allies for building the Louisiana road *via* Mexico and Glasgow, to Kansas City, with a road from Pana, in Illinois, to Louisiana, and bridges over the Mississippi at Louisiana and over the Missouri at Glasgow. It is stated that the work will begin early next season. This would seem to be a continuation as nearly as possible in a direct line northward of St. Louis, of the Pennsylvania Central connections to Kansas City. Though St. Louis papers speak of this enterprise approvingly, it is difficult to perceive how that city will reap any advantage, as it will divert from it Eastern and Western business.

ENGLAND volunteered a great deal of benevolent advice as to how we should treat the Southern insurgents after the collapse of the rebellion. But no such promptings were requisite. We notice a case in one of its own colonies far more deserving of JOHN BULL's humanitarian principles. The leading Maori rebels in New Zealand—three in number—were tried for high treason, in October last, and after conviction had the following humane sentence passed upon them by the presiding colonial judge:

> The sentence of the Court on you and each of you is, that you be drawn on a hurdle to the legal place of execution, and there be hanged by the neck until you are dead; that your heads be then severed and your bodies be divided into four quarters, to be disposed of as his Excellency the Governor directs. I again say that I am sure nothing will be done but the hanging. And now may that Almighty God, whose name you have so often profaned, have mercy on your guilty souls.

WIRZ, the Andersonville jailor, received no such fate as this, although British sympathy was lavished on him. One of the Maori prisoners committed suicide soon after hearing the above sentence.

THE FIRST JOB TO STOP.

Every year there is printed at Harrisburg, and circulated during the summer months throughout the State, a huge volume bearing the title of the *Legislative Record*. The *Record* for the session of 1869, now lying before us, contains *sixteen hundred and forty pages;* measures about fourteen inches in length, eleven inches in width, and six inches in thickness. It purports to contain a record of legislative proceedings, the debates reported *verbatim*, and Executive communications and reports from committees given in full. The idea that there is any necessity for such a publication, or that it is even a convenience, as the *Record* is gotten up, has long since passed away. It is arranged in a crude and bungling manner, while its printing and circulation is delayed, in order that the printer may make the more money, until midsummer, when all interest in the debates recorded has passed away. The *Record* of the session of 1869 reached us in July or August, and we believe it was an advance copy.

The cost of the *Record* amounts to very nearly if not quite one hundred thousand dollars per annum; and for this sum the people receive simply waste paper. The contract price at which it is published is fifteen dollars per page, but its publication entails postal charges, the employment of an army of pasters and folders, express charges, gratuities to reporters, and a host of other incidentals, swelling the aggregate until it reaches a sum large enough to pay the salaries of all the Judges of the Supreme Court of the State, the salaries of the Governor and his Cabinet, and have a handsome margin remaining.

We are glad to know that an earnest effort will be made at the ensuing session of the Legislature, by the friends of retrenchment and reform, to stop the publication of the *Record*. In many counties of the State the Republican members elect are pledged to vote against it, and we can hardly permit ourselves to doubt that it will be dispensed with. On this point we quote the Harrisburg correspondence of the Beaver *Radical*, with the simple remark that when a job gets too steep for that quarter, it must be bad indeed. Says the *Radical:*

> You will remember that a disposition was evinced at the last session of the Legislature to dispense with the *Legislative Record* as a useless, inaccurate and expensive publication. In several of the counties of this State nominating conventions took special notice of the affair, actually instructing their members to oppose the further printing of the *Record*. All who are acquainted with the value of the document in question are convinced that it is worthless as a source of information in time to correct legislative abuses, while as an authority for reference it is of no value whatever. The cost of publishing and circulating the *Record* amounts to no less than $100,000 per session. I include in this its printing, folding and franking. You will see by this that the demand for dispensing with the document is well founded, alike on principles of economy and sound political policy.

We presume the idea of this printing job was taken from the *Congressional Globe*, in which the proceedings of Congress are reported, and which is in reality a valuable history of each session of Congress. But the *Globe* keeps up a close record of the debates; the proceedings of yesterday are printed this morning; and the paper is one of great value to public men and journalists. But even the *Globe* possesses no general interest for the people, as the report of the debates telegraphed by the Associated Press fully meets their wants. This report embodies in concise form the proceedings of Congress, and furnishes all the speeches the people care to read.

But the *Record* is printed on a different plan from the *Globe*. Even if we were to concede that every word spoken in the Senate and Assembly was worthy of being preserved by the phonographic art, and embalmed for future generations, in a volume double the size of Webster Unabridged, yet the *Record*, owing to the bungling manner in which it is issued, signally fails to be of the slightest present usefulness. When important measures are pending in the Legislature, and when, if ever, the debates would be of interest to the public, the *Record* barely gives a skeleton of the proceedings, and under the head of "Deferred Debates" postpones printing the bursts of legislative eloquence away into the middle of the summer. Under any other system, the enterprising newspapers of Harrisburg—if any such ever have or ever will exist—would be tempted into publishing reports of important debates, and they would be the gainers by it; but as it is now, no papers in the State care to enter into competition with the *Record* in publishing debates which that institution is lavishly paid for printing, but which it does not print in time to be of the slightest use to the public.

One result comes from this, and it is a point we desire members to particularly bear in mind: The proceedings of the Pennsylvania Legislature are more meagerly reported by the papers of the State, including the leading journals of Philadelphia and Pittsburgh, than are the proceedings of any other Legislature in the Union. To institute a thorough system of reporting would require on the part of the newspapers a liberal expenditure, and one that they will hardly make so long as the State throws its money away on the *Record*. All the Pittsburgh papers give much fuller reports of the Council proceedings of Pittsburgh and Allegheny and the adjacent boroughs, than is printed by the newspapers of the State of the proceedings of the Pennsylvania Legislature. Twenty years ago, legislative reports were more generally published and at greater length by the city and country press of the State than they are today. The *Legislative Record*, if it has accomplished anything, has destroyed this system of making public the proceedings of the Legislature by the newspapers of both parties. The pretense, therefore, that the *Record* is a useful publication is a sham and a fraud. It is the reverse of useful in the effects it has produced. In reality it is a "job," and nothing else can be made out of it.

The manager of this *Record* job, Mr. GEORGE BERGNER, publisher of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, Postmaster at Harrisburg, etc., has the happy faculty of getting both his hands into the Federal and State Treasury at one and the same time. He is a prestidigitateur of marvellous shrewdness in the art of knowing How To Do It. If by any dire calamity he should ever be forced to experiment on the hazards of human existence without the aid of office holding and the people's money, the belief is almost universal that he would never survive the shock. For printing the *Record* he receives pay at the rate of fifteen dollars per page, and as the volume for 1869, contains 1,640 pages it is clear he receives for it the sum of *twenty-four thousand six hundred dollars;* but there are other incidentals that will quadruple this sum as the cost of the *Record* to the State. Of course it is to the interest of Mr. BERGNER to make the *Record* as large a volume as possible, as every page he gets into it brings him fifteen dollars. This has led to the insertion of an amount of stuff entirely irrelevant to the proceedings of the Legislature, of no use to the members, and of less value to the public than a last year's patent medicine almanac. But still it serves the useful purpose of realizing to Mr. BERGNER fifteen dollars per page as neatly as if it was a debate on the most important bill of the session, participated in by all the great guns the people send to the State capitol.

If any person is interested on this point, let him obtain a copy of last winter's *Record*, and see for himself the amount of stuff that is interpolated in the legislative proceedings for the sole purpose of swelling the cost of the job. We warn him, however, that it will be impossible to obtain a copy of the valuable work with the leaves cut, unless it has been done by the binders. Glancing hastily through the *Record* for 1869, we find a paper on the artificial breeding of shad and trout, which cost according to our computation at $15 per page, $117 50. Then laws are inserted to fill up the space, notwithstanding they appear in the pamphlet edition of the laws printed by the State Printer, which was circulated weeks if not months before the *Record* got out with the same laws. And who ever thinks of hunting up the *Record* to find a legislative act? That the object of their insertion was plunder at the rate of fifteen dollars per page, is as palpable as that two and two make four. Page upon page of the *Record* is taken up with the unnecessary repetition of the titles of bills pending in the Senate and Assembly, but the "juiciest" items that came to Mr. BERGNER's till appear to have been the contested election cases. They run up into the hundred pages, including the testimony of witnesses, the arguments of lawyers, newspaper scraps, etc.; all thrown into the *Record* at $15 per page. That is the sole purpose of their insertion. No excuse or reason, outside of this, of any force whatever, can be assigned.

Coming down from large sums, we find that in the make up of the *Record*, not even the most petty typographic tricks have been lost sight of in plundering the treasury. Thus, for instance, there are possibly, in the volume before us, hundreds and thousands of such entries as the following:

The bill was read and
Agreed to.
The title was read and
Agreed to.
On transcribing the bill, it was
Agreed to.

Or this:

The first and second sections were read and
Agreed to.
The title was read and
Agreed to.
On transcribing the bill, it was
Agreed to.
On the suspension of the rules.

Any printer will see that the object of elongating these paragraphs, in violation as it is of good taste and typographic decency, is for the sole purpose of swelling the bulk of the volume. How many hundreds of dollars the *Record* got out of the State Treasury by this trick, we do not care to inquire. All that should be necessary is to expose it.

On the basis of a hurried calculation we are satisfied that the *Legislative Record* for 1869 could be reduced from sixteen hundred and forty pages down to six hundred pages, and the result would be a volume of infinitely greater, or rather of some interest and usefulness. Unfortunately, if the reduction in size had been made, the volume would have cost the taxpayers only nine thousand dollars. As it is, Mr. BERGNER pockets twenty-five thousand dollars, besides the incidentals, for putting out a book that is worse than useless to the people.

The *Record* in most instances finds its way to the paper mills, and there the speeches of the members are reduced to a pulpy state, comically suggestive of the character of many of their oratorical efforts. In conclusion we can safely assert that no more useless method of squandering money has been devised in this State than the *Legislative Record*. The paster and folder swindle, which is a part of the *Record* job, had the merit of distributing the money among a great number of people, and enabled members to cancel political obligations; the *Record* not only creates a needless outlay, but it has had the effect of discouraging and almost abolishing newspaper reports of legislative proceedings.

THINGS IN ROME.

One effect of the call of the great Council has certainly been to give the Catholic Church additional prominence in the eyes of the world. In no other way, perhaps, would Protestants have been led to pay so much attention to the position, words and actions of the present Pope. The interest of the subject, the product of causes, the mere specification of which would fill a column of this paper, seems to be generally appreciated. Almost every number of every journal, whether secular or religious, contains one or more telegraphic dispatches concerning his Holiness, and this curiosity turns upon the fresh importance attaching to his movements and state of mind, in connection with the great Assembly now holding its sessions in Rome. This general "Romanizing tendency" among Protestants is undoubtedly due to the action of PIO NONO. His co-religionists may, therefore, properly congratulate him and themselves on *this* result of the Council at least, and the Protestants of to-day have also reason to think themselves fortunate in being the contemporaries of an event which, in so imposing a way, connects the present with the past. Surely no other subject of current interest is more worthy of being closely observed and studied.

The latest dispatch about the Assembly is the item published in yesterday's COMMERCIAL, which reports the opinion of the London *Times* correspondent that, "the Pope's influence over the Ecumenical Council is visibly growing weaker." This item reminds us of the announcement made a while ago, on which we offered some remarks, that the correspondent of the *Times* had been excluded from the Papal States. It was suggested that the person thus excluded, was not the, but merely a correspondent of the great journal, who happened, for some cause, to be objectionable to the Pope. We are now able, on authority, to state that this conjecture was well founded in part at least, and that the member of the *Times* staff, to whom permission to sojourn in the Papal States had been refused, was Signor GALLENGA, of regicidal antecedents. Mr. SEVERN, English Consul at Rome, offered to be security for the king-killing writer, but in vain, and the member of the *Times* staff stationed as correspondent in Naples, was ordered to take his place as reporter near the Council.

This notion of the decline of the Pope's influence with the Council, is the first specimen we have seen of the new *Times* correspondent's ability to enlighten the outside world regarding things in Rome. We confess that it does not impress us favorably. Even at this distance from the scene, we suppose that it betrays a rash and unhistorical mind to assume from any indications now existing, that the Head of the Church has lost an iota of his influence with the consecrated men at present gathered around his peculiar seat, and basking in the light of his benignant presence. Like LUTHER, Father HYACINTHE and some others, an individual here and there among the priests, who are now visiting Rome for the first time, may be disenchanted by what they see, and return to their far away homes with mortified hearts and filled with painful doubts and suspicions. But this will probably be the experience of few. Most of them will retain towards the Holy Father the sentiments of devotion and reverence with which they obeyed his summons to assemble in Council. Should the measures which the Pope is believed to favor not be adopted, the Jesuits will be the scape goat, the reputation of the Head of the Church will be saved and no newspaper correspondent will be warranted by anything to be seen or heard, to say that the influence of the Pope with his clergy has declined. The day having come when such a statement can be truly made, Popery will be near its end. In the nineteenth century a schism such as was comparatively harmless in the fourteenth century, would probably be fatal to the system which has lived so long and survived so many disasters.

THE FUTURE OF PITTSBURGH.

Beleaguered as our city is with menacing and threatening dangers, we have in our very midst people who subsist, thrive and grow fat by serving her enemies. No wretch ever betrayed his country or family without a pretext. Those who now oppose the enlargement of the Erie Canal impudently thrust in the faces of the people a reason which they had prepared for them by the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company. When that company learned that a determined effort would be made to build a ship canal from Erie to Pittsburgh, thus opening up a direct water communication between this city and all points on the lakes, as well as New York, and between New York and all points on the Lakes and New Orleans, it attempted to obtain the control of that canal, and, failing in that, made its appearance in an Erie paper denouncing the scheme as a "job" put up by a ring, and proceeded to show that, if built, the canal would not be profitable. That it should take that course is not strange, indeed it was anticipated. Its masters, the New York Central and Lake Shore railroads, have commanded and it yields both from sympathy and interest; but that it should find confederates in this city is exceedingly strange. The Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company wanted to buy the canal to destroy it forever, and with it, the hopes of this great city; but, thank GOD! we have escaped that calamity. Now, forsooth, the virtuous allies of that Railway Company say that if Gen. REED owns the canal, he shall permit somebody to say what he shall take for it, and if he has sold it to the friends of the great National Improvement, that they shall take just what they gave for it, or whatever some person may choose to give them, or the ship canal shall never be built. This is the objection of a repudiator and robber, and not the conduct of honest men. The Erie Canal has cost over four millions in gold, and to the new company and State is worth more, because it would cost more than the present indebtedness of the company. The Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Company can afford to purchase, but the friends of the ship canal will not pay one cent to those who would black-mail every public good. Those who first portend danger—coupled with strange professions of honesty—generally hope thus to divert public attention from their consummated or contemplated villainies. There is no man of ordinary understanding in Pittsburgh who does not know that a ship canal from Erie to this city will not only interfere with the designs of the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad, and with the questionable monopoly of certain gentlemen in the coal trade at Erie, but make Erie the first city on Lake Erie, and empty into her docks 40,000,000 bushels of Pittsburgh coal and 20,000,000 bushels of Connellsville coke annually, and make it not only a large commercial but an important manufacturing city. The Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad says that there is not water sufficient, and their allies here, with blustering impudence, repeat the same thing, against the expressed opinion of Col. W. M. ROBERTS and Major W. W. REED, and every other competent engineer who has made himself familiar with the facts. The charge that this great enterprise is in the hands of a ring is wickedly and maliciously false, and is made to blind the eyes of the people of this city. But depend upon this, that this ship canal shall be built, and the cheap and cowardly enemies of Pittsburgh will witness their discomfiture and dishonor, in the accomplishment of the grand improvement, which will raise this city, at least, to the grade of a first class commercial center, and place her at the head of the manufacturing cities of America.

THE four lines of foreign steamers—the Cunard, Inman, Hamburg and Bremen lines—refuse to carry the foreign mails from this country after the first of January, at the rates determined on by the British and American Governments under the late postal treaty pending for a reduction of postage between the two countries. The Postmaster General is in New York, endeavoring to arrange the difficulty. His statements of the facts are that the steamers carrying the mails are guaranteed a sea postage of six cents per ounce, three letters being calculated to the ounce. This would give the steamers ninety-six cents per pound, or $2,150 per ton. Inasmuch as the mails are no better cared for aboard ships, and are not half as much in the way as the same quantity of ordinary first-class freight would be—for which the steamers only get forty shillings or ten dollars per ton—he thinks that the steamers have no good reason for grumbling at the rates. The Postmaster General further says that no fears need be entertained of a suspension of mail communication. There are other lines of steamers which would be glad to get the carrying of the mails, and if the companies that now carry them will not do so on the new terms, the profitable privilege of taking the letters across the ocean will be given to some other companies.

THE practice of making New Year's calls in St. Petersburg, is very rigidly followed, but there is a way in which one may avoid it, and at the same time hold his position in society. He has only to give five or ten roubles to some recognized public charity, and have the donation acknowledged in the papers on New Year's morning. He may then stay at home at his ease, and his friends will take no offense. Every New Year's day the St. Petersburg papers contain two or three columns of the names of persons who have thus exempted themselves from the demands of society. Those who hold receptions check off their acquaintances on these lists, and everybody is satisfied. The ladies are saved the trouble of receiving calls, the gentlemen that of making them, and the churches of the city made largely the gainers.

TURKISH baths in New York are not the delightful and luxurious institutions of which we have read such glowing accounts in Oriental countries. The Board of Health found out as the result of its investigations that in these much vaunted baths in New York, water once used for a bath is not thrown away, but is run into a tank and used again if the supply of fresh water for the half week runs short. Water, it appears, is thus repeatedly used by successive bathers until it becomes intolerably offensive to the neighborhood. What must it be to the bathers, and how is the patronage of such a place kept up?

THE relations between low salaries and defalcation and other kinds of stealing, is eliciting discussion at present, especially as regards bank officers and persons in other similar positions of responsibility and temptation. The subject is a good one. When it has been exhausted, another might be started, to-wit: What is the duty of principals when their agents are unmistakably living at a rate greatly in excess of their salaries? A wise disposition of these two questions, and a faithful conforming thereto, may be of greater service to employer and employed than most people at present suppose.

THE members of the Union League, Philadelphia, are moving in the matter of presenting a testimonial to Mr. Stanton's family. Referring to this, the *Inquirer* of that city says: "It must not be forgotten that Secretary Stanton was a Pennsylvanian, and that his fame is his State's also. It is not charity that is asked in this case, it is only a debt that is to be paid, a portion of which is owing by every citizen of the Union."

GENERAL AND PARTICULAR.

A late Havana letter says: The enlightened Spaniards here are generally men of the Republican party in Spain. They learn by telegraph, with much concern, the opinion of the Spanish government and of the Cortes as publicly professed by General Prim on the question of a monarchy. Recent events in Spain will positively increase disaffection among the old Spaniards in this country and prompt them sooner to cross over to the revolutionary camp. However unprepared the Spanish nation may be for the practice of Republican principles, it cannot be denied that the majority of the Spaniards, being tired of despotism from royalty, will do all in their power to become free in Cuba, if they cannot be so in Spain.

The dogs and horses belonging to the upper and middle classes in England are far better fed and housed than the agricultural laborers, while the cost of maintaining the dogs alone may be set down as three times that of the paupers. Singular as it may seem, even unfortunate lost dogs have an asylum supported by an annual bazaar at Almack's, with titled ladies to sell pin cushions for their benefit, and a long list of liberal subscriptions. These dogs have a charity meat dinner every day, while the ragged school children in St. Giles's have one only once a week.

If, according to popular tradition, the first twelve days following Christmas regulate or indicate the character of the weather during the twelve months of the succeeding year—then may we be sure of three months of prevailing snow or rain during 1870. But should this "certain sign" fail, then another "true proverb" will be certainly illustrated: namely, that "all signs fail in dry weather."

It is stated that the Northern Pacific Railway company will build the line of their proposed road from Lake Superior to the Red river of the north next year. In that case, the inhabitants of Rupert's Land, who are about to set up as an independent nation, will be brought into close and intimate commercial relations with the United States.

A convention to be held in Rochester, New York, January 12th, to consider the proper legislation necessary for the Erie and other canals in the State of New York. Democratic papers advocate that all tolls be removed, and the canals placed in the condition of public highways. The call for the convention is issued by the Commercial Union of the State of New York.

A conference of postmasters representing the principal cities of the United States will be held on the 12th proximo, for the purpose of considering various improvements in the routine of the mail carrying system, and to agree upon projects which they will present to the Postmaster General for his approval, which, if approved by him, will be submitted to Congress to become the subject for future legislation.

It has been reported that Senator Cole paid $50,000 for the defense of his brother in the Cole-Hiscock affair, Albany. The story is untrue. Wm. A. Beach, Esq., Troy, received $500. Senator Cole has thus far paid out less than $3,000 for the defense of his brother, and Judge Parker and Mr. Hadley, of Albany, have been compelled to commence suits in the Supreme Court to recover just compensation for their services.

Dr. S. G. Howe, of Boston, says: "It is easy to teach the blind, hard to teach the deaf. Blindness obstructs mental and moral development very slightly, deafness very gravely. Blindness disables the outer man, deafness the inner man. Blindness is the greater misfortune to the poor, deafness to the rich."

Minnesota papers state that the managers of the Northern Pacific Railroad have decided to build, the coming year, from Lake Superior to Red river.

Dispatches from Omaha say that there has not been a detention of over three hours on the Pacific Railroad at any time, the snow fences working admirably. On one occasion a train east of Chicago was detained over twenty-four hours.

The steamship China, which arrived at San Francisco last week, brought a quantity of silk worm eggs from China and Japan, the ultimate destination of which is Lyons, in France. They are to come over the Pacific Railroad to New York, and from thence be shipped by steamer to France. This intelligence, trifling in itself, perhaps, shows nevertheless, how rapidly the course of the Chinese trade with Europe is being diverted from the old routes.

The Rev. J. C. McAusland, rector of Crommore, near Drogheda, Ireland, has (we learn from the Dublin *Evening Mail*) received from the executors of Mr. Peabody intimation of his having bequeathed him a sum of £2,000 (less legacy duty and law expenses), in consideration of the "pleasure," as he was pleased to express it, with which he had perused a treatise of his on the Jewish subject entitled "The Hope of Israel."

The reports of the State Superintendent of Schools in Ohio show that the number of pupils attending the common schools of that State is, 1,028,675. The statistics, heretofore, have exhibited the fact that the school population, which is between the ages of five and twenty-one, is thirty-six per cent. of the entire population of the State. Under this statement the census of Ohio will show 2,857,430 as the number of its inhabitants.

The Los Angeles, Cal., distillers are jubilant over a long sought discovery, which they assert enables them to make native brandy to rival the best French brands.

The number of visitors to Mount Blanc this year was 14,256. They consisted of 4,576 English, 3,080 French, 2,294 Americans, and 1,294 Germans, the remainder being of various nationalities.

The last and most remarkable "doctoring" of wines is one recently discovered by a member of the French Academy of Sciences. It appears that he was first awakened to the eminent services which may be rendered to wine by the voltaic pile by having his own cellar broken open by a flash of lightning, which converted his inferior wines into valuable liquor. Electricity applied to a cask of bad Moselle entirely changed its character, and experiments with other wines, at least so Dr. Scoutetten assured the Academy, had a similar result.

In Salt Lake City, says Anna Dickinson, a man leads to the wedding altar half a dozen women, calls them his wives, and lives with them as such. In New York city a man does precisely the same without any preliminary exercises. In Salt Lake city they call it religion. In New York city they call it sowing wild oats.

At Cincinnati 42,000 barrels of "saloon washings" are redistilled every year, yielding about two and a half gallons new spirits each. The slops bring about two dollars per barrel, and whisky drinkers swallow the stuff distilled from them without hesitation.

In Dusseldorf live about 200 painters, the professors and pupils of the Academy included, who have in the course of this year produced 355,000 thalers' worth of paintings. The export of paintings from Dusseldorf is quite considerable, especially to America. Some very efficient artists paint only for this trade, which takes off almost one-half of all the pictures painted in that city. America received within this year 50,000 thalers ($35,000) worth of paintings of the Dusseldorf school.

A New York letter says: I am satisfied after diligent inquiry in the dry goods trade that no such distrust and fear of the future prevails as some of the mischief-making newspapers would have the public believe. Business with the Southern States has been almost wholly for cash, while the collections due from the West are looked upon as almost entirely good debts.

Experiments made by an English chemist, some years ago, show how much food of different kinds it takes to make a pound of flesh. According to his conclusions it requires, of milk, 25 pounds; turnips, 100; potatoes, 50; carrots, 50; oat meal, 9; barley meal, 7½; peas, 8½; beans, 3½.

PERSONAL.

Says a Washington letter: To show how little expectation of death Mr. Stanton had, it is a fact that the day before he died he sent down to a correspondent's office in Newspaper Row, and asked to have a correct list of those who voted for and against his confirmation sent up to him. He evidently wished to remember both his friends and his foes.

Dr. John Davy, brother to Sir Humphrey Davy, has bequethed to the Royal Society, in fulfilment of an expressed wish of his brother, a service of plate, presented to Sir Humphrey for the invention of the safety lamp. It is to be employed in founding a medal to be given annually for the most important discovery in chemistry made in Europe or Anglo-America.

A Chicago paper tells the following story about Carlotta Patti: A certain shoe dealer of that city, who is as well a passionate lover of music, was particularly demonstrative at a recent concert in insisting that Mlle. Patti should repeat one of her songs. The lady, who has sharp as well as very beautiful eyes, noticed this. The next day she had occasion to purchase a pair of gaiters, and happened to buy them of the gentleman who had been so ardent on the evening before. Having selected the articles and paid for them, she turned to the vender of shoes, and in a very pleasant, quiet, matter-of-fact way, said: "Now, please, give me a pair of gaiters." "Give you a pair of ——?" "Certainly; give me a pair." "Why! what do you mean?" "I mean that you bought a ticket at the concert last evening, and then demanded that I should give you double what you paid for. Am I asking more than you did?" It is to be supposed that Patti got her gaiters.

Don Platt is responsible for the statement that General Butler recently made the following extraordinary Scriptural quotation in Congress: "We all know, Mr. Speaker, that the Good Book tells us that there is more rejoicing in heaven over one soul returned to righteousness, than over the souls of a thousand just men made perfect." Platt adds the following: "Benjamin addressed a little note to Mr. Spofford, the accomplished Librarian, asking where he would find the quotation, whereupon Spofford returned a copy of the New Testament, and the celebrated sermon on a 'Harp of a Thousand Strings,' so that Benjamin could separate his quotation in time to serve the *Congressional Globe*."

The late Edwin M. Stanton's father was an able physician and a man of learning. He died while Edwin was a boy. Mr. Stanton's mother now resides at Gambier, Ohio.

Mr. and Mrs. Smith, of Washington county, Pennsylvania, cousins of Mrs. Grant, arrived at Washington, D. C., on Tuesday, and will remain for some days with the President at the White House. Mrs. Smith is the daughter of Hon. Wm. McKennan, recently appointed United States Circuit Judge for Pennsylvania and New Jersey.

The *Peuple Francais*, of Paris, which is considered an organ of the Tuileries, makes the announcement that in future the Empress of the French will not attend any ministerial councils. Her Majesty's alleged participation in political matters has recently formed the subject of remark in the Paris papers. The *Rappel* even goes so far as to intimate that "the press prosecutions which the imperial government has just set on foot have been due to the influence of the Empress."

THE fire insurance companies of Hartford, Conn., eight in number, have a capital of $6,200,000; a surplus of $6,150,000, and a total of assets of $12,350,000. The gain during the last twelve months in surplus is $1,045,000, and in assets $1,005,000. Insurance is a profitable business as it is managed in Hartford.

THE NEBULA OF ORION.

Singular Astronomical Phenomena—Observations from the New Australian Telescope—The Stars and Galaxies Interchangeable—Sights for Star Gazers.

[From the London Spectator.]

More than a year ago a discovery was announced by an astronomer in the Southern hemisphere which seemed so strange and so perplexing, that Sir John Herschel, commenting on it, remarked "that no phenomenon in astronomy had yet turned up presenting anything like the same interest, or calculated to raise so many and such momentous points for inquiry and speculation." One of those mysterious nebulous masses which astronomers had been in the habit of regarding as galaxies, resembling in extent and magnificence the sidereal scheme to which the sun belongs, seemed to be undergoing a most astounding series of changes. During these winter nights, when Orion shines with full glory, the famous nebula which clings around his pendant sword presents to our northern observers an object similar to the nebula in question. Every one has heard of the strange interest which attaches to this Orion nebula, of the mysterious far-reaching arms which extend from it, the dark central vacancy, and the brilliant array of stars which the six-feet mirror of Lord Rosse has brought into view in the very heart of the nebula. But in the southern skies there is an object of the same class even more glorious and more mysterious. In the richest part of the southern heavens, a part so rich, indeed, that, according to the argument of a well-known astronomer, the splendor of the constellations comprised in it illumes the heavens as a new moon would, there lies the great nebula, known among astronomers as "the nebula in Argo." The Orion nebula can only be seen on the darkest nights, but the great Argo nebula shines as brilliantly as a third-magnitude star, and is scarcely obliterated even by the effulgence of the full moon. It is, in fact, the most splendid nebula in the whole heavens. Yet this glorious object, whose contemplation has led our most thoughtful astronomers to form new ideas of the grandeur of the universe, whose dimensions seemed immeasurable by any unit of length men could devise, the whole of this magnificent nebula, is drifting about like a cloud before a shifting wind. For the news which seemed so surprising to Sir John Herschel has just been confirmed by the revelations of a new telescope of enormous power. The news had come, first of all, from a small telescope—only five inches, indeed, in aperture, and it seemed quite possible that the weakness of this instrument (compared with the 19-inch reflector used by Sir John Herschel during his survey of the southern heavens) might have led to an erroneous impression of change. But now the new four-feet mirror is at work among the southern stars. Surpassed only by the Rosse reflector, and matched only by the fine reflector with which Lassell is surveying the heavens at Malta, the great Melbourne reflector is about to place our knowledge of the southern heavens nearly on the same footing as that we possess respecting the northern stars. And if the work to be done by this great reflector in after years is shadowed forth by its first great exploit we may well look eagerly forward for the discoveries it will effect. Sir John Herschel had said, a year and more ago, that the strange inquiries suggested by the news then lately received about the Argo nebula "must be settled." We cannot do better than use the *ipsissimo verba* of the great astronomer: "The question," he said, "is not one of minute variations of subordinate features, which may or may not be attributable to differences of optical power in the instruments used by different observers, as in the case of the Orion nebula, but of a total change of form and character—a complete subversion of all the greater and most striking features—accompanied with an amount of relative movement between the star and the nebula, and of the brighter portions of the latter *inter se*, which reminds us more of the capricious changes of form and place in a cloud drifted by the wind, than of anything heretofore witnessed in the sidereal heavens." Urged on, doubtless, by the importance thus attached to the question by the greatest astronomer of the day, Mr. Le Sueur turned the newly-mounted reflector to the great nebula. The result is now before us. There seems no longer the least room to doubt that the nebula has changed in the most marvellous manner since Sir John Herschel, a third of a century ago, mapped its most striking features. The stars which are strewn over the nebula, and which had been spoken of by Sir John Herschel as probably much nearer to us, have remained unchanged in position, and with one exception have not changed much in relative brilliancy. So that Mr. Le Sueur has been led to form the opinion that the nebula is much nearer to us than the stars,—a view clearly tending to diminish our ideas of the real dimensions of the nebula, and so rendering the observed changes somewhat less astounding than they otherwise would be. Forbearing to speculate, as, indeed, we have no means of forming an opinion, about the physical causes to which these marvellous changes may be due, let us consider a little the conclusion to which Mr. Le Sueur has been drawn. Because the stars seen with the nebula have remained unchanged while the nebula itself has shifted about so strangely, the opinion is suggested, says Mr. Le Sueur, that the nebula and the stars are in no way associated. And certainly one would expect to find the changes of the nebula accompanied by very remarkable changes in the star-group, if there were any bond of association between one and the other. Changes more remarkable perhaps than have been noticed in any other part of the sidereal heavens might be looked for. What, however, if this were actually the case, despite the fixity observed among the stars examined by Le Sueur? We have spoken of one exception to the constancy of these stars in brightness, what if that exception should be more than sufficient of itself to compensate for the fixity of the other stars? The star that has changed is the famous Eta Argus, the most wonderful star in the whole heavens, and only surpassed in interest by one object, the Nebula in the midst of which it is situated. It was marked in Halley's catalogue as a fourth-magnitude star; in Lacaille's as of the second magnitude; in 1843 it surpassed every star in the heaven in brilliancy except the Dog Star; at present it cannot be seen with the naked eye. When Sir John Herschel was at the Cape the star was nearly the brightest, and then the nebula could not be seen even on the darkest night. Now, when the star is invisible, the nebula shines with a luster which renders it visible before the third-magnitude stars come out upon the evening skies; and probably its brilliancy, if not diffused, would make it appear as soon each evening as though it were a first-magnitude star. Is not the idea suggested that these interchanges of light are not merely apparent and fortuitous? that in some way Eta Argus has given up its brilliancy to the surrounding nebula, to resume it again when the cycle of its changes is approaching completion? We have every reason to believe that the variations are really periodical, though the cycle of changes is exceedingly complex; indeed, astronomers have already indicated the close of the present century as the epoch when the star will have resumed its full splendor. If this view is correct, the nebula must be looked upon as neither beyond the star-group, as Sir John Herschel surmised, nor nearer to us than that group, as Le Sueur thinks, but as mixed up with it. This view is not a new one. In March, 1868, long before the news had been received that the nebula is changing in figure, the author of this paper, in an article which appeared in the *Student* for that month, pointed out that there is an obvious connection between the nebula as depicted by Sir J. Herschel and the fixed stars seen in the same field. "There is not," he remarked, "a single remarkable condensation or projection in the nebula which is not marked by bright or clustering stars—by stars which appear clearly to be *leading stars*, and there are not *ten* (out of some hundreds entered) whose influence on the nebula is not clearly discernible." If, now that the nebula has assumed a new figure, the same sort of connection should be observable, no doubt can any longer remain that this nebula (and, therefore, presumably every other nebula of the same type) is associated with the stars which are seen in the same field of view with it.

THE BUSINESS FUTURE.

No Occasion for Fobodings—1870 Prosperous.

The *Financial Chronicle* concludes a survey of the business future as follows: "In view of this steady and natural process of reaction from inflation, we are at a loss to conceive of the grounds for the vague and settled conviction, now so general, that the financial and commercial arrangements growing out of the war must sooner or later issue in general panic and insolvency. There could be no better guarantee against such a catastrophe than the universal caution which now prevails. The sentiment of the country is essentially conservative. An expansion of the currency would be so unpopular to the people at large, that there are few members of Congress who have the daring to propose such a measure; no enterprises can be floated which do not present good evidence of soundness; Wall street speculators find it far more difficult to promote an advance in stocks than a decline; and upon the question of specie payments there is a marked conversion of public opinion in favor of an early adoption of the measure. These are plain indications of a wholesome commercial sentiment, such as usually precedes public prosperity, and cannot, with any congruity, be regarded as the forerunner of panic.

A fair survey of the condition of the country appears to us to warrant the expectation of a steady, prosperous business in 1870. The abundant crops of this year should certainly lay the basis of an improved trade. Our grain crops have been such as to reduce the prices of flour to about the figures of 1860. The wool crop has been so abundant as to reduce the value of that staple to about ante-war prices. The production of coal is so ample that, in spite of artificial manipulation of the retail market, the late high prices can be no longer maintained, while the decline in gold naturally contributes to a generally lower scale of prices. We thus have a condition of affairs calculated to lower by a natural process, the general costs of living, which supplies one of the chief prerequisites to a reduction in the scale of wages, the high rates of which are still the bane of our industrial progress."

WM. A. GALBRAITH, ESQ., of Erie, in writing to the editor of the *Western Pennsylvanian*, relative to the enlargement of the Erie Canal, says "its value as a great public improvement, can hardly be overestimated." He refers to the great increase of coal and iron ore transportation that would follow the improvement, and concludes:

> Whenever it shall come to pass that canal boats carrying two hundred to three hundred tons, can come from the Ohio River through the bituminous coal fields to Erie, then our city, having, already, by means of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad, the best and cheapest access to the anthracite coal measures, will be, beyond the possibility of successful competition, the coal market of the lakes. And I assume it as a position not to be controverted, that wherever that local market shall be, or in other words, at whatever point fuel is cheapest, there, at the same place, will be also by the inevitable laws of trade and economical supply of demand, the chief manufacturing city of the lakes. The success of this enterprise would do more for us than could any railroad that has or can be built. It would be the beginning of a new era in our business and trade and commerce and growth of population, and it would in due time infallibly place Erie in advance of either Buffalo or Cleveland as a manufacturing place.

A CORRESPONDENT who has seen the Russian crown jewels, says they are kept in the highest room of the palace. The staircases are lofty, and the ascent is tedious. Four tried and faithful servants of the realm keep watch and ward—two within and two without. The great Orloff diamond turned its basilisk reflection full upon me. This overtops the Koh-i-noor by eight carats in weight, and I am satisfied the greenish tint and the flaw lessen it only to the groveling mind. Big? I could hardly see it. It was the size of a knob on a bedpost. The imperial crowns of both Emperor and Empress were adorned with noble jewels; the former resembling a patriarchal miter, dome-shaped, carries on its summit a cross formed of five magnificent diamonds, and supported by a very large, uncut, spinal ruby. Eleven great diamonds, in a foliated arch rising from the front and back, support this ruby and cross, assisted by a loop of pearls. The band for the brow carries twenty-eight large brilliants. The orb is surrounded by a great sapphire, greenish and blue, and a huge and very long diamond. The coronet of the Empress is a beautiful mass of exquisite gems. Apart from those above mentioned, and a lot of great emeralds, the collection is not so striking as that of Saxony. This may be traceable to the fact that much of it still retains its old silver setting, not calculated for the best advantageous display. It is kept covered up with old linen cloths.

MISS PHELPS, the author of "Gates Ajar," which has had a very extensive sale, has a new work nearly ready for the press.

RAILROAD TRANSPORTATION.

Cheap Freights—What Has been and Will be done.

At the meeting of the National Board of Trade in Richmond, Mr. Richards, President of the Chicago Board, made a speech, from which we make the following extract: "Railroads are yet in their infancy, and their capacity hardly comprehended in this country. Our present roads are mostly single track roads, and all freight trains have to keep out of the way of and wait the pleasure of passenger trains. The wear of the railroad is in compound ratio to the speed run, and for economy trains should run say eight miles per hour. The cost of maintaining a railroad is almost simply the cost and wear of iron, and as it is now established that steel can be made at a trifling addition to the cost of iron, this alone is to greatly cheapen the cost of rail transportation in the future.

"Coal is now transported fifty miles or more on all the prominent English railways at ½ penny per ton per mile, and the Northeastern Railway carries at ⅓ penny per ton per mile in shippers' wagons. Coal is actually carried by railway at a profit, in large quantities, from Newcastle to London, in direct competition with the ocean. The English railways, too, cost several times as much as ours, owing to the great expense of right of way. The Reading Railroad in Pennsylvania has profitably carried coal at ⅜ of a cent per ton per mile. There is no reason why grain should not be carried as cheap as coal. There is hardly a limit to the cheapness at which grain can be carried, as the quantity is ample. On a suitable railway it is safe to say that the corn could be transported from Chicago to New York at ten cents per bushel, while the average cost by lake and canal for the last ten years has been about twenty cents per bushel. If the rail can beat the Northern water route, of course it can easily beat the Southern water routes. It is useless, then, to expend our energies on water routes for inland commerce, for they are surely passing away. The Southern are not as much interested in this as the Northern States, for the reason that whatever the rate of freight demanded, it is only a small part of the value of their products. But the question is one of great national importance to us all, and demands our immediate attention. I have no personal or local pleasure, or sorrow at these facts. I suppose this to be an association of practical business men, who come together to embody in their votes the results of their personal knowledge, and not a simple mass meeting to recommend a little of everything."

IN view of all the circumstances, the Chicago *Tribune* thinks that it is easy to see that no Canadian enemy of Winnipeg can appear in the field until July next. The proposal to enlist a body of 800 Fenians to march to the relief of the Winnipeg rebels, is one fraught with danger to the Winnipeggers only. The valiant Fenians, though they meet no enemy, and fight no battles, must be fed, and the feeding of 1,000 hungering, thirsting Irishmen, would clean every cupboard in Winnipeg of its last bone in a fortnight. The prayer of the Winnipeggers would soon be that they might be delivered over to the Canadian Dominion, the Queen, the Hudson's Bay Company, or any other of their enemies, on the single condition that they might be saved from their friends.

BOURBON WHISKY,
Eight Years Old.
TEETH BRUSHES,
My own importation.
HAIR BRUSHES AND COMBS,
Of Fine Quality and Beautiful Design.
BROWN SHERRY WINE,
Of a Rich, Luscious Flavor.
FARINA COLOGNE,
In Plain and Wicker Bottles.
SARG'S SHAVING SOAP,
Containing 30 per cent. Glycerine.
Cressler's Whooping Cough Compound,
A certain relief, at
RANKIN'S DRUG STORE,
44 SIXTH STREET, Pittsburgh.

Read! Read! Read!
The following Recommendations in favor of
DR. SARGENT'S
BACKACHE PILLS

They were the only remedy that ever gave me any relief. MRS. MARTHA THOMSEN, Cabinet, Montgomery county, Pa.

After using one box I felt a great deal better. JAMES NELSON, Indian Run P. O., Mercer county, Pa.

Send me by mail two boxes of Dr. Sargent's Backache Pills. They are just the thing. D. L. PHILLIPS, Bedford, Pa.

I had been afflicted for three or four years, so bad at times that it was impossible to get up when I lay down. One box gave me relief. J. M. BARRET, Richmond, Jefferson county, Pa.

Your Backache Pills gave perfect satisfaction. J. L. THOMPSON, Philipsburg, Pa.

DR. SARGENT'S BACKACHE PILLS are a certain and safe cure for all diseases of the Bladder, Kidneys and Urinary Organs.

PRICE, FIFTY CENTS PER BOX.
GEO. A. KELLY, Sole Proprietor,
WHOLESALE DRUGGIST,
28 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

REMOVAL.
WEAVER & JONES
Have removed their Office to their Works, corner of JUNIATA and FULTON STREETS, Sixth Ward, Allegheny City.

CHANDELIERS,
Brackets, Pendants, &c.,
FOR GAS OR OIL,
The Largest Assortment West of the Mountains,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
WELDON & KELLY,
Plumbers and Gas Fitters,
147 WOOD ST., NEAR FIFTH AVENUE.

NEW PAINT.
To Dealers and Consumers of Paint.
Harris Patent Paint
Fire and Weather Proof,
LETTERS PATENT JULY 3, 1866.
Is an entirely new article, produced under Letters Patent granted to JOS. B. HARRIS, in the United States and Great Britain.
It is as near AN ABSOLUTE NON-CONDUCTOR OF HEAT as can be produced, and as far superior to all other so-called
FIRE-PROOF PAINT,
As Pure White Lead is to Byraties. It spreads fifty per cent. more (while costing 25 per cent. less) than the best White Lead, does not blister or peel, and is entirely free from the poisonous character of Lead and other Paints. The material from which this Paint is produced has never been used in commerce before, and is an additional illustration of the wise economy of nature. All that is asked is
A FAIR TRIAL,
And to that end we offer it to the public, CHALLENGING COMPETITION AS TO ECONOMY, DURABILITY, PROTECTION FROM FIRE, as well as ease and comfort to the Painter working and using this Paint. Liberal Discount to the Trade.
BUY AND TRY
The Harris Patent Paint.
ADDRESS
HARRIS PATENT PAINT CO.,
Twenty-sixth and Railroad Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

NO MORE MEDICINE,
DU BARRY'S DELICIOUS
REVALENTA ARABICA FOOD,
Radically Cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Cough, Asthma, Consumption, Debility, Sleeplessness, Constipation, Flatulency, Low Spirits, Phlegm, Diarrhœa, Acidity, Diabetes, Nausea and Vomiting, Wasting, Palpitation, and all Nervous, Billous and Liver Complaints. Cure No. 68,413: "Rome—the health of the Holy Father is excellent since he has taken Du Barry's Food, and his Holiness cannot praise this excellent food too highly." Sold in tins, 1 lb $1 25; 24 lb $18. Also, the Revalenta Chocolate, $1 50 per pound. P. C. DU BARRY & CO., 163 William street, New York, and of all Druggists and Grocers. In this town at Fahnestock & Son's, Wood street, corner of First avenue.

Fruits, Vegetables, &c.

300	packages prime new Layer Raisins.
50	mats new Seedless Raisins.
100	boxes new Valencia Raisins.
100	boxes prime old Layer Raisins.
100	boxes prime old Valencia Raisins.
50	mats prime old Seedless Raisins.
20	casks prime new Currants.
15	bbls prime new Prunes.
300	drums prime new Figs.
10	bbls prime Havana Oranges.
20	kegs prime Malaga Grapes.
2,000	dozen canned Peaches.
1,500	dozen canned Tomatoes.
1,500	dozen Winslow's Corn.
500	dozen fresh Peas.
200	dozen fresh Blackberries.
200	dozen Pickles, in jars, assorted sizes.
100	dozen Green Pepper Sauce.
300	dozen Tomato Catsup.
10	casks German Cherries.
50	bbls Pickles in Vinegar.
5,000	Cocoa Nuts.
150	bags Almonds, Filberts, Walnuts, Brazil Nuts, &c., &c.

Pure Spices, manufactured by C. J. Fell & Brother, Philadelphia.
FOR SALE BY
REYMER & BROS.
126, 128 AND 130 WOOD STREET.

PRINTING,
MANILLA,
ROOFING, BALING,
HARDWARE AND GLASS
PAPERS,
Manufactured and Sold by
Frazier, Metzger & Co.,
82 THIRD AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH.

DRY GOODS.

Jos. Horne & Co.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
NOTIONS, TRIMMINGS,
Straw Goods, Hosiery, &c.
Stock always complete. Orders promptly filled.
77 AND 79 MARKET STREET.

JUST OPENED,
ANOTHER FRESH SUPPLY OF
Winter Dry Goods.
Silks, Poplins, Plaids and
Fancy Dress Goods,
Mantilla Silk Velvets,
Astrachans, Chinchillas
And Beaver Cloths.
FULL ASSORTMENT OF
FINE FURS
AND
Real Astrachan Sacques,
BLANKETS,
FLANNELS
And SHAWLS.
James Caldwell,
120 FEDERAL ST.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

MANUFACTURERS.

THE BEAVER FALLS
Cutlery Company,
Having Opened Salesrooms at
NO. 70 WOOD ST.,
Invite an examination of their Stock of
Superior American Cutlery
Exclusively of their own manufacture.
QUALITY UNSURPASSED.
Now in Store and daily arriving from their Works, all the well known and approved, together with new and elegant styles of
Table Knives and Forks,
Carvers,
Bread Knives,
Butchers and Cooks' Knives, &c., &c.
ALSO, EVERY DESCRIPTION OF
Pocket Knives,
Pen Knives,
Sportsmen's Knives,
Pruners,
Budders, etc., etc., etc.
Special attention is invited to an assortment of
BREAKFAST CARVERS
AND
Carved Ivory, Dinner and Dessert Sets,
NOW OFFERING.
Beaver Falls Cutlery Company,
No. 70 WOOD STREET, Pittsburgh.

Plows! Plows!
JOHN HALL & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Cast, Wrought and Steel Mould-board Plows, Wrought Iron and Wood-beam Plows. All kinds of Plow Castings, Cultivators, Steel Shovel Moulds, &c., &c.
Our Castings being made in an Air Furnace are superior to all others made in a Cupola or Blast Furnace.
NOS. 121 AND 123 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

DUNBAR
IRON COMPANY,
MANUFACTURERS OF
NEUTRAL AND COLD SHORT
PIG IRON.
By varying the admixture of their Native Ores, they are prepared to furnish either
COLD SHORT
OR
Neutral Metal,
TO SUIT CONSUMERS.
Pittsburgh Office: 133 Wood Street.
LOWRIE CHILDS,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Furnace: Dunbar, Fayette county, Pa.
EDMUND C. PECHIN, President.
HOT BLAST FOR SALE—Fifty-six UPRIGHT PIPES, 8 feet long, 4 inches diameter. THREE GOOSE NECKS and END PLATES to suit, all in good order. For sale cheap. Apply at 133 WOOD STREET.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

BLACK DIAMOND STEEL WORKS.
PARK, BROTHER & CO
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
STEEL,
Office and Warehouse corner Thirtieth, Thirty-first and Railroad streets, Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ANDERSON & WOODS,
Successors to Anderson, Cook & Co.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION. ALSO, BEST
Refined German Plow and Spring Steel.
Corner Ross and First Avenue.
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF
CAST STEEL.
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Cor. Penn and 17th sts., Ninth Ward,
PITTSBURGH.

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.,
Manufacturers of Every Description of
STEEL.
BEST TOOL CAST STEEL.
CAST AND GERMAN PLOW STEEL.
PATENT ROLLED PLOW PLATE.
RAILWAY SPRINGS and SPRING STEEL.
ELLIPTIC AND WAGON SPRINGS.
AXLES, STEEL TIRE, &c.
93 WATER AND 100 FIRST STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

Pittsburgh Flint Glass Works.
ESTABLISHED 1808.
BAKEWELL, PEARS & CO.,
Factory, BINGHAM STREET, Birmingham. Warehouse, 31 and 33 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh.
J. P. PEARS, B. BAKEWELL, JR.,
B. B. CAMPBELL, J. W. PAUL.

ESTABLISHED 1830.
GLASS. GLASS.
PHOENIX, SLIGO, PITTSBURGH AND EMPIRE GLASS WORKS.
WM. M'CULLY & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
WINDOW GLASS AND DRUGGISTS' GLASS WARE.
Also, WINE, PORTER AND MINERAL WATER [illegible] Office, 18 and 20 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.
P. S.—We manufacture [illegible] FRUIT JARS, making the Cork. [illegible] most desirable [illegible]

CANARY BIRDS, AQUARIUMS,
GOLD FISH, FERN CASES,
RUSTIC BASKETS, BIRD CAGES,
IMMORTELLES, BOUQUETS, &c., &c.
For sale by JNO. R. & A. MURDOCH,
Florists, 112 Smithfield street.

MANUFACTURERS.

AMERICAN
IRON WORKS.
Jones & Laughlins,
PITTSBURGH,
MANUFACTURERS OF
American and Clair Bar, Hoop, Sheet and Plate Iron.
Bridge Iron, Angle and T Iron,
Guard Iron, Coal Screen Iron,
T Rails, 12, 16, 20, 25 and 40 lbs per yard
Tram Rails, Round Pointed and Countersunk,
Boiler, Bridge and Tank Rivets,
Cut Nails and Spikes,
Ship and Bolt Spikes, Railroad Spikes,
Railroad Fish Bars and Bolts,
Railroad Car Wheels and Axles,
Street Car Wheels and Axles,
Coal Pit Car Wheels and Axles,
Patent Cold Rolled Shafting,
Patent Cold Rolled Piston Rods,
Mower and Reaper Bars.
WAREHOUSE AND OFFICE:
120 WATER AND 120 FRONT STREETS.
BRANCH OFFICE:
Nos. 22, 24 and 26 FRONT ST.,
CHICAGO, ILLINOIS.

INDUSTRIAL WORKS
Hugh M. Bole & Co.
HUGH M. BOLE ... HUNTER.
Engine Builders, Founders
AND
MACHINISTS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Steam Engines and Machinery for Mills, Factories and Steamboats, Oil Well Steam Engines and Well Rigs.
All kinds of MACHINERY made to order. ENGINES of almost any size, new and perfect kept ready made and on hand. [illegible]
Castings of all Descriptions,
MADE TO ORDER.
FOUNDRY ON THIRD AVENUE, near Market street. Shop fronting on the Allegheny river, near the Point. [illegible]
H. M. BOLE & CO.,
INDUSTRIAL WORKS, Pittsburgh, Pa.
We study to please.

FORT PITT
Boiler, Still and Tank Works
Carroll & Snyder
MANUFACTURERS OF
TUBULAR DOUBLE-FLUED FIRE-BOX AND CYLINDER
STEAM BOILERS.
Chimneys, Breeching, Fire Beds, Ash Pans, Salt Pans, Steam Pipe, Iron Bridges, Oil Stills, Oil Tanks, Agitators, Settling Pans, Condensers, Prison Doors, Gasometers, Steam Boilers.
Office and Works: Corner Second, Third, Short and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh, Penna.
Orders sent to the above address will be promptly attended to.

Duquesne Works.
COLEMAN, RAHM & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Iron, Nails, Steel,
AXLES AND SPRINGS.
DUQUESNE, X L AND JUNIATA.
Flat Bar, Round and Square Iron, Band, Hoop, Sheet and Tank Iron, Boiler Plates and Heads, Guard and Half Round Iron, Flanged Cutter Bars, Cylinder Iron, T Rails and Flat Rails for Coal Roads, Crowbars, Wedges and Harrow Teeth, Spring, Plow and Cultivator Steel, [illegible]
Coach, Buggy and Wagon Springs and Axles. Cut Nails and Spikes.
All Goods First-Class and Warranted
OFFICE AND WORKS:
Sixteenth Street and Allegheny River, and 77 Water Street, Pittsburgh.

TOTTEN & CO.
Fulton Foundry,
Cor. 24th and Railroad sts., 12th Ward
PITTSBURGH.
Rolling Mill Castings,
Blast Furnace Engines.
PLAIN AND GROOVED
CHILLED ROLLS,
SHEARS AND PUNCHES,
NAIL MACHINES, Ernest's Patterns
MILLS FOR GRINDING FIRE BRICK, IRON ORE, &c.
IRON HOUSE FRONTS,
AND
WINDOW HEADS
Castings made out of Gun Iron when ordered. Rolls turned.

DIAMOND
Foundry and Machine Works,
27, 33, 38 and 40 Water Street,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Anderson Maxwell & Porter,
SUCCESSORS TO
Anderson & Bro., and Andersons & Maxwell,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
Have on hand or made to order from 10 to 25 horse power PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, for Boring Oil Wells and Saw Mill purposes, AIR ENGINES, for Agitating Oil, and all sizes of STEAM ENGINES for Rolling Mills, Flouring and Saw Mills, BRICK PRESSES and PORTABLE SAW MILLS, and all kinds of MACHINERY. HOUSE FRONTS, WINDOW CAPS and SILLS, and all kinds of MACHINE CASTINGS made on short notice. Prompt attention given to Repairs.

PITTSBURGH FOUNDRY.
A. GARRISON & CO.,
Successors to Bollman, Garrison & Co.
Founders and Machinists.
MANUFACTURERS OF
CHILLED ROLLS, all Sizes,
Of acknowledged Superior Quality, at the Lowest Current Prices.
FOR IRON, STEEL, BRASS, COPPER, ZINC, SILVER, GOLD, PAPER AND INDIA RUBBER MILLS, &c. ALSO,
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, of every description.
Office and Warehouse—309 LIBERTY STREET.

Knap Fort Pitt Foundry Co,
OFFICE AND WORKS,
Etna and Twelfth Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Rolling Mill and Blast Machinery.
STEAM ENGINES, RETORTS,
IMPROVED NAIL MACHINES, and
CASTINGS OF ALL KINDS.
Special attention is called to the
Cameron Direct Acting
BLOWING ENGINE,
Manufactured solely by us.

ATWOOD & M'CAFFREY
COR. LIBERTY ST. AND THIRD AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Brass Founders
AND
IRON PIPE FITTERS.
Special attention paid to the Fitting Out and Repairing of OIL REFINERIES, ROLLING MILLS, BLAST FURNACES, SUGAR HOUSES, GAS WORKS, &c. Agents for the A. S. CAMERON & CO'S STEAM PUMPS. [illegible] Also, BLOWERS for Oil Refineries and other Purposes.

LYON, SHORB & CO.
SLIGO IRON WORKS.
Warehouse, 121 Water Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

UNION IRON MILLS,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Patent Solid Rolled Wrought Iron Beams,
GIRDERS AND CHANNEL IRON,
BRIDGE IRON,
Hammered and Rolled Railroad Axles (Kloman), Splice Bars, &c. All other Merchant Iron.
[illegible] Office and Works—BUTLER AND BOUNDARY STREETS, Twelfth Ward, Pittsburgh.

MANUFACTURERS.

Lewis, Oliver & Phillips,
MANUFACTURERS OF
MERCHANT IRON
AND
HEAVY HARDWARE,
Carriage, Plow, Machine, Square Head, Bridge and Skein
BOLTS,
Nuts, Washers and Coach Screws,
HARROW TEETH,
PLOW HANDLE EXTENSION RODS, ETC.
Bolts, Spikes and Wrought Iron Shapes,
For Bridges, Dams, Piers, Breakwater and other permanent structures made promptly at a small advance in price of iron.
FOUNDATION BOLTS FOR DAMS, with ends split by machinery.
HOOK AND EYE SCREW AND SCREW AND STRAP HINGES.
Originators and Patentees of their new line of
Wagon Hardware,
Comprising Patent Wagon Box, Strap Bolts and Wrought Iron Bolster Plates, Large Head Wagon Rivets, Neck Yoke Eyes, King Bolts, Box Rods, Hub Bands, Tire Plates, Axle Bolts, Queen Bolts, Tongue Caps, Bent Reach Plates, Single Tree, and other Labor Saving odd Shapes of Iron. Send for Prices to
LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,
91 and 92 Water Street, and 114 and 116 First Avenue,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY BIER ... GUSTAVUS BASCH.
HENRY BIER & CO.,
SUCCESSORS TO
JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
BELL
AND
Brass Founders.
BRASS CASTINGS
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
MALEABLE AND GREY IRON FITTINGS,
GAS PIPE AND TUBING.
Throttle, Safety and Check Valves,
ALL GLOBE PATTERN.
IRON COCKS.
BRASS WORK, of every description for Steam, Water and Oil.
Manufacturers of John M. Cooper & Co's
Improved Balance-Wheel Steam Pump.
Agents for DREYFUS' PATENT OILERS, the best in the market.
Corner of Pike and Thirteenth Sts.

KEYSTONE
BOLT WORKS.
HUBLEY, ADAMS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS,
SKEIN BOLTS,
COACH AND LAG SCREWS,
SQUARE AND HEXAGON NUTS,
WROUGHT WASHERS,
SCREW HINGES,
BRIDGE AND ROOF BOLTS,
BARGE AND PIT WAGON BOLTS,
STOVE RODS AND BOLTS.
Also, SUPERIOR NORWAY IRON CARRIAGE AND TIRE BOLTS, made expressly for Carriage Makers.
Office—No. 5 Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Works—Cor. Main and Cherry streets, Allegheny, Pa.

STOVES, GRATES,
RANGES, &c.
Bissell & Co.,
Manufacturers of the Largest Variety of
COOKING RANGES,
FINE AND COMMON ENAMELLED
GRATE FRONTS.
FENDERS, SUMMER FRONTS.
COOKING STOVES for Coal or Wood.
PARLOR STOVES, HEATING STOVES,
for Churches, Halls and Offices.
LAUNDRY STOVES,
IRON MANTLES,
WASHHOUSE FURNACES,
OVEN DOORS,
COAL HOLE DOORS, &c., &c.
Circulars, Cuts, and all information promptly furnished.
Warerooms, No. 235 Liberty Street,
and No. 242 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

A. BRADLEY & CO.,
NO. 30 WOOD STREET,
Manufacturers of Every Variety of
COOK, PARLOR AND HEATING
STOVES.
OUR STATES COOK
IS THE ONLY COMPLETE ANTI-DUST STOVE IN THE MARKET.
We call particular attention to our
VOLCANO STOVE
FOR CHURCHES, HALLS, &c.
Send for Catalogue.

Mackintosh, Hemphill & Co.,
FOUNDERS AND MACHINISTS,
Iron City Works,
Corner Pike and O'Hara and Pike and Walnut Streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
MANUFACTURERS OF
BLAST ENGINES;
ROLLING MILL ENGINES;
SAW, GRIST AND PLANING MILL ENGINES;
ROLLING MILL CASTINGS, AND MACHINERY CASTINGS, OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS.
Prompt attention given to REPAIRS.

Mitchell, Stevenson & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
COOKING, HEATING AND PARLOR
STOVES,
AMONG WHICH ARE THE CELEBRATED
MODEL COOK AND DICTATOR
The only perfect Anti-Dust Cook Stove in the market.
Warehouse, No. 194 Liberty St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

KEYSTONE BRIDGE CO.
BUILDERS OF
IRON AND WOODEN BRIDGES
Wrought Iron Turntables, Roofs, &c.
OFFICES:
Twenty-ninth and Railroad Streets, Pittsburgh.
426 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.
94 Dearborn Street, Chicago.

PATENTED 1862 AND 1868.
CHALMERS-SPENCE'S PATENT
NON-CONDUCTOR
AND HEAT RETAINER for covering Steam Boilers, [illegible]
L. M. HART, Sole Agent,
302 Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

JOHN M. COOPER & CO.,
Bell and Brass Founders.
ENGINE, LOCOMOTIVE AND ROLLING MILL BRASSES,
MADE PROMPTLY TO ORDER.
BABBIT'S METAL made and kept on hand. Proprietors and Manufacturers of John M. Cooper's IMPROVED BALANCE WHEEL STEAM PUMP.
Office and Foundry—582 Penn Street, Pittsburgh.

THOMAS CARLIN,
Fourth Ward Foundry and Machine Works,
186 188 and 190 LACOCK STREET, Allegheny City, Pa. [illegible]

JAMES IRWIN & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
OIL OF VITRIOL and AQUA AMMONIA,
Office No. 15 MARKET STREET,
Pittsburgh, Pa.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
COR. FOURTH AND WOOD STS.
BANKERS,
BUY AND SELL ALL KINDS OF
Government Securities,
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS
ON MOST FAVORABLE TERMS.
Interest Allowed on Deposits.
MONEY LOANED ON GOVERNMENT BONDS AT LOWEST MARKET RATES.
Orders Executed for the Purchase and Sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD.
JAS. T. BRADY & CO.

Ira B. M'Vay & Co.
Cor. Fourth ave. and Smithfield St.
BANKERS,
DEALERS IN
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
City of Pittsburgh Seven Per Cent.
Water Main Extension Bonds,
EXEMPT FROM STATE, COUNTY AND CITY TAXATION.
For sale at Par and Accrued Interest from October 1st
IRA B. M'VAY & CO.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

THURSDAY EVENING, December 30, 1869.

The closing week of the year is invariably characterized by great dullness in almost all branches of business. Taking stock and adjusting accounts absorb the laborious attention of the merchant and the manufacturer, and they are in no mood to transact business if it should come to them. Every well regulated business house has all their accounts balanced at the end of the year, and ought to know how it stands with itself and its customers, and can then safely determine its future course. Many branches of business have felt the shrinking influences which the decline in the gold premium has brought about, but this cause has been, upon the whole, gradual, and distributed pretty equally with the great mass of consumers, so that the losses have not been so heavy or ruinous; and it is gratifying that the great disturbing element of values—the fluctuations in the gold premium—is becoming every day weaker and more under the control of the laws of trade, and finally the crowning blessing of all—resumption—will be ushered in, to establish firmly and enduringly the financial structure.

—In Wall street everything remains dull, the spirit of speculation having fallen to an unusually low ebb. There is a general disposition to postpone speculation until after the holidays, when we are promised an active "bull" campaign. In the meantime, however, a few leading operators appear to think the tone of affairs propitious for a brief turn of the "bear" side, and are perhaps using their power to make money appear active in aid of their speculations.

Messrs. Ira B. McVay & Co., report the following quotations of Government bonds in New York to-day, as furnished them by Jay Cooke & Co., their correspondents:

	Morn.	Noon.	Close
U. S. Bonds '81	118	118¼	118⅜
U. S. Bonds '62	112	112⅝	112½
U. S. Bonds '64	111⅞	112	111⅞
U. S. Bonds '65	111⅞	112	111⅞
U. S. Bonds, new, '65	114⅛	114⅜	114⅛
U. S. Bonds '67	114¼	114⅜	114⅜
U. S. Bonds '68	114⅛	114⅜	114½
10-40s	108⅜	108⅜	108⅜
Gold	119⅝	120	119¾

James T. Brady & Co., corner of Fourth avenue and Wood street, quote United States securities in New York to-day as follows:

	Dec. 29.	Dec. 30.	Adv.	Dec.
Gold	119⅝	119⅞	¼	...
U. S. Bonds, 1881	118⅛	118⅜	¼	...
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '62	112⅜	112¼	...	⅛
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '64	111⅝	111⅞	...	...
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '65	111⅛	111½	⅜	...
U. S. Bonds, new iss. '65	114⅛	114⅛	...	...
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '67	114⅛	114⅛	...	...
U. S. Bonds, 5-20s, '68	114⅛	114⅜	...	...
U. S. Bonds, 10-40s	108⅜	108⅜	...	¼
U. S. Currency 6s	108⅜	108⅝	⅛	...

—Gold was down to 119½ to-day, the lowest touch since '62. There appears, however, to be considerable buying in a quiet way, apparently with a view to promoting an advance, after the holidays, concurrently with a speculative movement in stocks. The "short" interest has probably been increased, the "carrying" rate having advanced to 7 per cent. per annum, to 1-32 per cent. per day.

—The temper of the Railway stock market in New York to-day was firmer and steadier, although the advances were but fractional. Most of the operators predict a brisk and buoyant market early in the new year.

The following table, made up from dispatches received at J. W. Kennedy's Stock Rooms, Apollo Building, No. 80 Fourth avenue, gives the prices of Railway Stocks, Gold, etc., at the various sessions of the New York Boards during the day:

December 30, 1869.	10 00 A M	11 10 A M	12 10 P M	1 30 P M	4 00 P M
New York Central	185½	184½	185	185½	185⅝
Erie	21⅞	21⅞	21⅞	22	22
Harlem	...	127	...	...	...
Reading	99¼	98	99	99¼	99½
Michigan Central	...	...	...	117	...
Michigan Southern	84½	84½	84⅞	84⅞	85
Illinois Central	...	131	...	131¼	...
Cleveland and Pittsburgh	81	81¼	81⅛	...	...
Chicago and Northwestern	66⅞	66⅞	67¼	67⅞	68⅛
Do preferred	81	80⅞	81⅛	81⅛	81⅜
Rock Island	102⅛	101½	102⅛	102⅛	102⅛
St. Paul	...	71½	...	72⅛	72⅝
St. Paul, preferred	...	84⅞	...	84½	84⅜
Toledo and Wabash	...	48	...	48	...
Toledo and Wabash, pref.	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Wayne	86	85½	85½	86	86
Chicago and Alton	...	142	...	142	...
Ohio and Mississippi	...	23½	...	23⅞	...
Western Union Telegraph	...	31½	...	31½	31⅝
Pacific Mail	...	42½	...	42½	...
Adams Express	...	60	...	60⅜	...
Wells, Fargo & Co Express	...	19¾	...	20⅛	...
American M. U. Express	...	38	...	38⅜	...
United States Express	...	...	...	49	...
Merchants' Union Express	...	...	...	...	...
Gold	119⅝	119½	119⅝	119⅝	119⅝

A comparison between yesterday's and to-day's closing quotations shows the following changes:

	Wed.	Thurs.	Adv.	Dec.
N. Y. Central	185⅝	185½	...	⅛
Erie	21⅞	22	⅛	...
Harlem	...	127	...	...
Reading	99⅛	99½	⅜	...
Mich. Central	117⅜	117	...	⅜
Mich. Southern	84⅞	85	⅛	...
Illinois Central	131½	131¼	...	¼
Cleve. and Pitts	82⅝	81⅞	...	⅞
Chicago and North.	66⅞	68¼	1⅜	...
do preferred	81	81⅜	⅜	...
Rock Island	102⅜	102⅛	...	...
St. Paul	72	72⅛	⅛	...
do preferred	84⅛	84½	⅜	...
Tol. and Wabash	50⅜	48	...	1½
do preferred	...	...	...	...
Fort Wayne	86	86	...	...
Chicago and Alton	142	142	...	...
Ohio and Miss	23½	23⅞	...	...
Western U. Tel	31½	31⅝	⅛	...
Pacific Mail	42⅛	42⅛	...	...
Adams Express	60⅜	60⅛	...	¼
Wells, Fargo & Co	20	20½	½	...
American M. U. Ex.	38	38½	½	...
United States Ex.	49	49	...	...
Merch. U. Ex.	9½	......	...	...

—James W. Kennedy, Broker, No. 80 Fourth avenue, (Apollo Building,) dealer in United States Bonds, State and Municipal Securities, Railroad, Bank, Insurance and Miscellaneous Stocks. Being represented in the New York Stock Boards every day while in session, he purchases and sells on commission any stocks on the regular lists on the same terms as the New York brokers. Governments, Gold and Railway Stocks purchased for customers on the usual margin.

PRODUCE AND GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY EVENING, December 30, 1869.

Trade to-day in many branches of business ruled moderately active, but there is little change to note in prices since our last. We quote as follows the wholesale store prices, unless otherwise noted:

APPLE BUTTER—Sales at 75@85c ⅌ gallon for good to extra (10 ℔s weight).

APPLES—Market dull, with large stocks in store and many in bad order. We quote common at $2@2 50 and choice at $2 75@3 25 ⅌ barrel. Some extra selected sell in a retail way at $3 50@3 75 ⅌ barrel.

BUTTER—The market is well supplied and to-day was dull. We quote extra choice roll at 33@35c; good sweet roll 28@31c, and common to fair roll 25@28c ⅌ ℔. Packed dull and nominal.

BEANS—Receipts good. We quote choice small white and Navy at $3, and good to prime $2 50@2 75 ⅌ bush. There is but a light demand.

BACON, LARD, ETC.—There is a fair demand. We quote shoulders at 15¾@16c; rib sides 18½c; clear sides 19½c; sugar cured hams 21½c. Lard in tierces 18@18½c; lard in buckets 19½c ⅌ ℔. Mess pork $32 ⅌ bbl.

CHEESE—Sales of Western Reserve at 17½c; Hamburg 18c; Ohio Factory 18½c; Ohio Goshen at 19½c; New York Goshen at 20c; Limberger at 19½@20c, and Sweitzer at 20@22c ⅌ ℔.

CRANBERRIES—We quote cultivated at $14@16 ⅌ bbl, and common at $10@12 ⅌ bbl.

DRIED FRUITS—We quote dried apples at 8@9c and peaches at 11@12c ⅌ ℔.

CIDER—The receipts have been large and prices are nominal as to quality and size of barrels, varying from $5 00@8 00 ⅌ bbl.

EGGS—The receipts are fair, and prices for all warranted fresh 38c ⅌ dozen. Pickled at 33@35c ⅌ dozen.

DRESSED HOGS—We quote at $11 00@12 00 ⅌ cwt, as to size and condition.

HAY—Receipts by country wagons light and market firm at $17 00@25 00 ⅌ ton, as to quality. Baled hay $18 00@21 00 ⅌ ton.

STRAW—Sales at $12 00@14 00 ⅌ ton.

HUSKS—Sales at 3c ⅌ ℔.

LIME—Sales of Cleveland lime at $2 25, and white lime at $1 50 ⅌ bbl.

LARD OIL—Market firm, with sales of extra No. 1 at $1 48@1 50, and No 2 at 95c@$1 ⅌ gallon.

ONIONS—The market is dull at $2 75@3 00 ⅌ bbl for choice.

POTATOES—We quote peachblows from store at 55@60c ⅌ bushel, and sweet potatoes at $5 00@5 50 ⅌ barrel.

SALT—We quote by car load Allegheny brands at $1 80, and from store in a retail way at $2 00 ⅌ barrel.

SEEDS—There is very little doing in seed of any kind. Clover seed sells slowly at $7 75@8 00 ⅌ bushel. We quote timothy seed nominally $3 50@4 00 ⅌ bushel, and flax seed at $2 25@2 50 ⅌ bushel.

TOMATOES—We quote Wick's coreless diamond tomatoes at $2 35 ⅌ dozen cans.

HOMINY—Demand fair at $6 50 ⅌ bbl of 200 ℔s best kiln dried.

POULTRY, GAME, ETC.—We quote live chickens by the coop at 55@60c ⅌ pair; dressed chickens 13@14c ⅌ ℔; dressed turkeys 17@18c ⅌ ℔; dressed ducks 20c ⅌ ℔; geese 75c each; quails ⅌ dozen $2 75, and wild ducks $4 50 ⅌ dozen. Venison saddles 23c ⅌ ℔.

FLOUR—Market dull and quiet, and prices unchanged since our last report. We quote good to choice red winter wheat flour at $5 50@6 00; choice to extra white wheat flour $6 00@6 50 ⅌ bbl; fair to choice spring wheat flour $5 50@5 75 ⅌ bbl; inferior grades entirely nominal in price. Rye flour may be quoted at $5 00@5 75 ⅌ bbl, and buckwheat flour at $4 00@4 50 ⅌ cwt as to quality. Corn meal $1 00@1 10 for fair to extra.

GRAIN—The market continues inactive. We quote red winter wheat dull at $1 15@1 18 ⅌ bushel. New corn on the track is in fair request at 80@85c ⅌ bushel, as to dryness of the article. Old yellow ear or shelled (hardly any offering) would readily command $1 ⅌ bushel in elevator. Rye is nominally 95c@$1 ⅌ bushel as to quality. Oats on the track are in fair demand at 47@48c ⅌ bushel. Barley continues dull at $1 00@1 10 ⅌ bushel for spring, and $1 15@1 20 for fall.

WHISKY—We quote highwines at $1 00; common rectified $1 00, and proof rectified $1 05@1 10 ⅌ gallon. Market firm.

PITTSBURGH OIL MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, December 31, 1869.

The market yesterday was firmer in both crude and refined. Crude oil sold, spot, at 17c, and at the close of the market 17½c was asked, and 17@17¼c bid. For refined spot 30½c was bid. The sales reported were as follows:

CRUDE OIL.

1,000 bbls spot at......16½c
1,000 bbls spot at......16¾c
1,000 bbls spot at......17½c

REFINED OIL.

500 bbls January at......30½c

DISPATCHES.

[By Western Union Telegraph.]

NEW YORK, December 30.—Closing on 29th; petroleum—crude in bulk offered at 15c, with a moderate demand; 1,300 bbls sold, mostly at 15c; refined less active; prices about the same; sales 2,000 bbls standard white at 29½@29¾c; for Philadelphia delivery; market moderately active. shade steadier figures; sales of 4,000 bbls refined standard white for December delivery, at 29¾@29⅞c, mostly at inside prices, and 1,000 bbls each month from February to August, at 31c.

NEW YORK, December 30, 2:05 P. M.—Unchanged in every respect.

OIL CITY, December 30.—Market quiet and a little firmer at $4 25@4 30, lower creek, with no disposition to buy or sell at those figures; $4 50@4 60 here.

PHILADELPHIA, December 30.—The market is steady. P. L. S. to W. 29c; S. W. 29¼@29⅜c; crude 15¼c.

SHAMBURG, December 30.—Market quiet and unchanged at $3 75@3 80 at wells. Some inquiry to buy, but producers are not anxious to sell.

NEW YORK, December 30, 12 M.—Market unchanged in every respect.

PETROLEUM CENTER, December 30.—Few sales at $4 25. Market quiet.

NEW YORK, December 30, 1:30 P. M.—Crude demand fair; prices have advanced to 15¼c. Refined quiet but steady at 29½c.

[By Pacific and Atlantic Telegraph.]

ROUSEVILLE, December 30, 1:50 P. M.—Market very active and tending upwards; sales early this morning at $4 00; this afternoon at $4 20@4 25; some asking $4 50.

OIL CITY, PA., December 30, 12:00 M.—On the lower creek firm at $4 30; broad gauge $4 70. Market quiet and firm.

PHILADELPHIA, December 30, 11:30 A. M.—Market quiet with fair inquiry at better prices; December, 30c freely bid; January and March, 30½c bid, 30¾c asked; February and June 31c bid; January 30½c; crude 15½@16c bulk.

TITUSVILLE, December 30, 12:45 P. M.—Market a little firmer, with considerable inquiry, but no transactions; prices nominally $4 10@4 20.

PETROLEUM CENTER, December 30, 1:00 P. M.—Market is firmer and more active; sales at $4 30@4 35.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Crude 15c; refined 29½c for January, and February 30½c. Market firmer.

PHILADELPHIA, December 30, 5 P. M.—Market for December quiet, and nominal at 30½c, until towards the close when under influence of free bidding became strong and excited, advancing to 32½c, which was bid at the close. For lines the demand is fair with inquiry for rather better prices, but refiners as yet evince no desire to sell at current rates. January 30½c bid, 31c asked; January and June, 31c asked; February to June 31c bid. Sales 1,000 bbls December, at 30c; 1,000 bbls December 30½c; 500 bbls January 30½c. Crude 14½@15c in bulk.

Oil Receipts per River and Rail.

J. Wilkins	983	Commercial Oil Works	240
Waring & Co	480	Wagner & Leech	240
Fisher Bros	412		
Total			2,355

Oil Shipped East by A. V. R. R.

Lyons & Co, 208 bbls ref to W P Logan & Bro, Philadelphia.

PITTSBURGH DRUG MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, THURSDAY, December 30, 1869.

The following are the current prices:

Acid.					*Oil.*				
Acetic	℔	25	@	28	Bergamot	℔	8 00	@	8 75
Citric	℔	1 00	@	1 05	—Castor	gal	2 80	@	2 90
Oxalic	℔	38	@	40	—Cinnam	℔	4 50	@	4 75
Tartaric	℔	80	@	85	—Cloves	℔	3 60	@	3 80
Alcohol	gall	2 40	@	2 50	*Oil.*				
Aloes.					Cod livr	gal	2 25	@	2 30
Cape	℔	28	@	30	Lemon	℔	5 35	@	5 75
Socot	℔	1 05	@	1 10	Lard c	gal	1 05	@	1 45
Am. Carb	℔	28	@	30	—Cincin	gal	1 52	@	1 58
—Aqua	℔	10½	@	14	Linseed	gal	96	@	1 02
Annotta	℔	80	@	90	Neats f	gal	1 50	@	1 75
Ashes Pot	℔	8½	@	9½	Olive	gal	2 60	@	3 00
—Soda	℔	4⅜	@	5	—quarts	doz	7 50	@	15 00
Bal. Copa	℔	1 00	@	1 05	—pints	doz	4 40	@	4 60
BayRum	gal	4 00	@	5 00	Origan	℔	1 00	@	1 90
Bark.					Pepper't	℔	5 00	@	6 25
Cassia		72	@	76	Rosemary	℔	1 50	@	3 25
Cinch r'd	℔	1 90	@	2 00	Sassafras	℔	1 20	@	1 30
" Pale	℔	90	@	1 05	Sperm	gal	2 65	@	2 80
" Com	℔	60	@	70	Tanners	gal	1 00	@	1 15
Black Lead.					Whale	gal	1 30	@	1 40
American	℔	5	@	6	Winteg'n	℔	5 25	@	5 75
East Ind	℔	13	@	16	Opium Ty	℔	14 20	@	14 40
German	℔	7	@	9	Phosphos	℔	1 25	@	1 40
Blue Mass	℔	60	@	62	Pl Paris	bbl	5 00	@	5 50
Blue Vitr	℔	16	@	18	*Potass.*				
Borax ref	℔	40	@	42	Bi chrom	℔	24	@	25
Brims roll	℔	5½	@	6	Chlorate	℔	35	@	32
—Flor Sul	℔	7½	@	8½	Iodide	℔	5 20	@	5 40
Calomel A	℔	1 08	@	1 12	Prus. Yel	℔	46	@	48
—English	℔	1 60	@	1 65	" Red	℔	1 05	@	1 10
Camp ref	℔	93	@	98	Putty	℔	5¼	@	6¼
Canthar's	℔	2 60	@	2 80	Quin sulp	oz	2 50	@	2 60
Cham. Ger	℔	40	@	50	Rosin	bbl	4 00	@	6 00
—Roman	℔	55	@	65	*Root.*				
Chlorof'm	℔	1 48	@	1 50	Gentian	℔	24	@	26
Cloves	℔	47	@	49	Gingr E I	℔	27	@	29
Cochineal	℔	1 30	@	1 35	" Jamca	℔	33	@	35
Con lye	case	8 00	@	8 25	Ipecac	℔	3 25	@	3 50
Copp'ras	℔	2½	@	3	Jalap	℔	2 40	@	2 50
CreamTar	℔	48	@	54	Liquorice	℔	18	@	20
Cubebs	℔	44	@	48	Rhub E I	℔	2 75	@	3 00
Cudbear	℔	25	@	45	Sars Hon	℔	60	@	62
Emery En	℔	13	@	15	Senega	℔	65	@	70
Et Nit sps	℔	48	@	52	Valeri En	℔	60	@	63
—Sulph	℔	88	@	92	" Germ	℔	40	@	50
Ext Logw	℔	16¾	@	17¼	Sal Ammo	℔	22	@	24
—Liq Cala	℔	48	@	52	—Epsom	℔	5	@	5¾
—Italian	℔	45	@	50	—Soda	℔	3½	@	
—Sicily	℔	25	@	28	*Seed.*				
Fustic chi	℔	3	@	4½	Canary	℔	10¼	@	11½
Galls Alep	℔	47	@	52	Hemp	℔	8	@	9
Gum.					Cardamn	℔	4 75	@	4 90
Arabic sts	℔	52	@	58	Mustard	℔	17	@	19
" White	℔	85	@	1 00	Senna Al	℔	46	@	50
Myrrh T'k	℔	65	@	70	" E In	℔	25	@	30
Shellac	℔	50	@	64	*Soda.*				
Trag s'rts	℔	55	@	65	Bi Carb	℔	7	@	8
" Flake	℔	1 45	@	1 65	Caustic	℔	8	@	9
Hoffm'sA	℔	48	@	56	Soap Cast	℔	18	@	21
Indigo Ma	℔	1 50	@	1 60	—Cast wh	℔	28	@	31
—Span fl't	℔	1 68	@	1 70	Starch	℔	8	@	8½
Iodine res	℔	6 90	@	7 00	Sugar L'd	℔	42	@	44
Junip Ber	℔	6	@	7	Sumac Sic	℔	8	@	10
Log Chip'd	℔	3	@	4	Terra Jap	℔	8	@	10
Mace	℔	1 95	@	2 00	Turp sps	gal	60	@	68
Madder	℔	23	@	24	*Varnish.*				
Magne cal	℔	75	@	1 50	Copal	gal	2 00	@	4 00
—Carb	℔	50	@	55	Japan	gal	1 80	@	1 83
Manna SF	℔	1 65	@	1 70	Damar	gal	3 00	@	3 25
Morph sul	oz	10 00	@	10 20	Ven Red	℔	4	@	4½
Nutm No 1	℔	1 65	@	1 70					

PITTSBURGH HIDE AND LEATHER MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, December 31, 1869.

The following are the prices ruling in this market, reported from actual sales by Geo. H. Anderson & Co., wholesale dealers:

LEATHER.			
Oak sole, light and middle	40a42c	Oak harness best city	44a46c
Oak sole, heavy	38a41c	Oak harness country	41a44c
Oak sole Spanish	41a43c	Bridle fair ⅌ doz	$60a65
Oak, slaughter in rough	37a39c	Band leather ⅌ ℔	44a46c
Red sole B. A mid	32a34c	Hand leather ⅌ ℔	40a42c
Red sole B. A heavy	32a34c	Waxed calf	$1 20a1 55
Red sole Orinoco	31a33c	Wax kip	50a85c
Shoe skirting	44a45c	Wax'd upper ⅌ ft	25a28c
Saddler's skirting	47a48c	No. 1 pad skins ⅌ doz	$5 50a6 00
Black bridle ⅌ doz	$55a60		
HIDES.			
Green salted all weights	11 a11½c	Green salt calf	17a18 c
Green butchers' hides, cow&steer	8 a9 c	Green butchers do	12a00 c
Green salt kip	14 a15 c	Dry Flint hides nominal	23a24 c
OIL AND TALLOW.			
Pure Labrador Straits ⅌ gal	$1 05a1 10	Bank Oil	85a90c
Straits best	90a95c	Tallow	10a11c

PITTSBURGH DRY GOODS MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, FRIDAY, December 31, 1869.

The current quotations are as follows:

SHEETINGS.			
Penn Mills	15½c	Juniata B	14 c
Anchor A	15½c	Anchor C	14 c
Eagle Extra	15½c	Duquesne	13½c
Conewago	15 c	Glencoe	13½c
Idaho	15 c	Pennsylvania	12½c
Nonatook	15 c	Magnolia	12½c
Pittsburgh Family	14½c	Allegheny	12 c
Walnut Creek	14½c	White Fawn	11 c
PRINTS.			
Merrimack D	12½c	Mourning	11½c
Merrimack W	14½c	American	11½c
Spragues	12½c	Orientals	11½c
Dunnells	12½c	Gloucester	11½c
Conestoga	12 c	Amoskeag	10½c
Lancaster	11½c	Troy	7½c
Wamsutta	9½c	Allen Pinks	14 c
Shirtings	12½c		
DELAINES.			
Pacific	20c	Hamilton	20c
Manchester	20c	Armures	21c
GINGHAMS.			
Lancaster	17	Waumee	15
Gloucester	15	Laurel G	12½
Glasgow	16		
TICKS.			
Conestoga P. M. B	33c		
Gold Medal	28c		
Conestoga C. T	24c		
Conestoga C. C. A	23½c		
Kellyville F	16c		

PROVISIONS.

Messrs. Oliver & Hart, of Milwaukee, in their circular of the 28th inst., report the provision trade for the past week as quite active, with large sales, stimulated by the marked decline, which was occasioned by the closeness of money, the persistency on the part of Eastern and Southern buyers in keeping out of the market and the large receipts of hogs at all the packing points. To generalize a little, we may add that the packing business, the past few years, has yielded enormous profits, and packers and drovers started into the season with prestige and large means; believing in a short crop, they forced prices up so rapidly that the trade generally were without stock and could not supply themselves except at famine prices. The community of interest (so to speak) for an advance was entirely with western drovers and packers—thus the interest of the trade was divided and all the interests of the eastern and southern buyers were to *depress* prices, for the current values ruling, precluded the possibility of profit to the trade. They kept aloof and allowed stocks to accumulate, and have been rewarded by a large depreciation. This time last year not only eastern and southern buyers were holders, and English buyers, who, to supply their markets, were perhaps the largest purchasers and the community of interest was general, not split up, as it was some days ago, and thus this large class of operators stood, as it were, between the producer and consumer, and in a great measure *made values*—yet the last purchasers of the old crop were heavy losers. To a limited extent, these buyers have been supplying themselves with stocks at the decline. This is the most redeeming feature we can see for the maintenance of present prices.

We do not believe that they are sufficiently interested to desire an advance, nor do we believe in any permanent advance until a more general distribution of stock takes place. The late decline has had the effect to shake the confidence of even the strongest believers in higher values, and by many is thought a most righteous one, and it is to be hoped will not be without its improvement in the future. At times, independent of the law of supply and demand, *opinions* make prices, and they are often forced either up or down far beyond all reason. This has been the case for a good portion of the packing season, but when once this great law was applied and the supply was larger than the demand, prices necessarily gave way. With present prices for hogs and products there is a fair manufacturing profit to the packer, and our packers have been willing to meet the demand, hence the activity in our market. In a majority of other markets the transactions have been only or mainly for pork and lard on speculation, and our quotations have been as low as any in the country. Our stock of provisions is now light, and packers do not offer, except when they can replace with hogs, the greater number of them believing in very much better prices.

	Live Hogs.	Dressed.
Receipts	999	11,153
Total packing to date	51,420	37,644
Same time last year	43,404	37,478

James Morrison & Co.,
PORK PACKERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
AND MANUFACTURERS OF
LARD OIL
AND
PURE FAMILY LARD,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
Office, 17 Pike's Building.
Packing House, corner Bank and Riddle streets.
Factory, 168 and 170 Findlay street.

New York Finance and Trade.

Gold Closed at 119⅝.

NEW YORK, December 30—P. M.

ANOTHER BANK DEFALCATION

Was whispered at intervals during the day, and towards the close a rumor vaguely placed the loss at $80,000, and located the bank up town.

The report that the Treasury Department had ordered the withdrawal of the million gold advertised for sale to-morrow was freely circulated to-day. It is denied at the Sub-treasury.

INJUNCTIONS.

The Gold Room has been served with injunctions restraining arbitration in the matter of some operations growing out of the September panic. It was stated to-day that further important settlements had been made in regard to gold transactions of September last, and there are now but few relics of that movement left.

RAILWAY MAGNATES IN THE CITY.

There are some railway magnates connected with the Pennsylvania Central and Western companies in town, and their presence has given rise to rumors of further consolidations of Western roads in the interest of the Pennsylvania Central.

MONEY.

The demand for money was very pressing up to the close of bank hours, and 7 ⅌ cent. gold was the minimum rate on call, with a few exceptional transactions at 1-32@1-16 ⅌ cent. per diem. After three o'clock loans were made at 7 ⅌ cent. currency. Prime discounts nominally 10@12 ⅌ cent.

STERLING

Dull at 108⅝@108⅞.

GOLD

Opened at 119⅞, fell to 119½, advanced to 120⅛, and closed at 119⅝. Carrying rates 1-32@1-16 ⅌ cent and 7 ⅌ cent. gold. Clearances $48,000,000.

GOVERNMENTS

Quiet and steady. Coupons '81, 118⅜@118⅝; do '62, 112⅜@112⅝; do '64, 111⅞@111⅞; do '65, 111⅞@112⅛; new, 114⅛@114⅜; do '67, 114⅛@114⅜; do '68, 114⅛@114⅜; 10-40s, 108⅜@108⅝. Pacifics, 108⅝@108⅞. The Sub-Treasury bought $1,000,000 at 110 68-100@111 12-100.

STATE BONDS.

Steady. Missouris 90½; old Tennessees 52¼; new do 45¼; old Virginias 47; new do 55; old North Carolinas 41¼; new do 28⅞; Louisiana 68, 69.

STOCKS.

The Stock Exchange presented a more lively aspect this afternoon than for a long time. Prices advanced on the entire list, although the only marked rise and activity were in Northwestern common. The stock steadily rose from 67¾ to 69⅛, and then suddenly dropped to 68⅛. There were over 20,000 shares sold between the above figures, and the entire speculative interest of the street centered in Northwestern common. The chief buyer was a prominent bull of Exchange place, while the large sales were generally credited to the "Retired Physician" and "Uncle Daniel." It is stated the leading bull has bought "puts" to a very large extent on the stock, and is making purchases against "puts." The balance of the market was without special feature.

CLOSING PRICES.

Canton 48½; Cumberland 25; Western Union Telegraph 31⅝; Quicksilver 14⅛; Mariposa 7⅛; do preferred 14⅛; Adams Express 60⅛; Wells-Fargo 20⅛; American 38⅜; United States 49⅛; Pacific Mail 43; New York Central 85⅜; Erie 22; do preferred 39; Harlem 129; do preferred, 133; Hudson scrip 81; Reading 99⅜; Michigan Central 112⅜; Lake Shore 85⅛; Illinois Central 131⅛; Pittsburgh 82; Northwestern 68⅛; do preferred 81⅜; Rock Island 102⅜; St. Paul 72⅛; do preferred 84⅛; Wabash 49⅛; Fort Wayne 86; Terre Haute 24; Chicago and Alton 142⅛; do preferred 143; Ohio and Mississippi 23⅛; Dubuque 108; Panama 193.

MINING SHARES

Dull. Boston prices—Calumet 60⅛; Copper Falls 4½; Franklin 8.

Sub Treasury balance $88,167,275, including $5,790,570 currency. $604,000 canceled gold certificates were sent to Washington.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

CHICAGO, December 30, 1869.

EASTERN EXCHANGE—Firm and unchanged.

FLOUR—Dull at $3 50@4 75 for spring extras.

WHEAT—Quiet and ½@¾c lower; sales of No 1 at 84c; No 2 opened at 76¾c, and closed steady at 77¼@78c. this afternoon market dull at 78½c seller January for No 1.

CORN—Dull; early sales of No 2 at 68@69c for regular; 70@71c for fresh receipts, closing firm at 69½@70c for regular; no grade in fair demand at 53@55c; this afternoon No 2 nominally 70c, seller January.

OATS—In good demand, opening at 43½@44c; subsequently weakened and closed quiet at 42¾@43c for No 2.

RYE—Moderately active, closing at 71@72c for No 2.

BARLEY—Inactive and nominal at 75@76c for No 2.

HIGHWINES—Dull and 1c lower, closing with seller at 91c for wooden and 92c for iron bound.

SUGAR—11½@14c for common to choice Orleans.

PROVISIONS—Dull. Mess pork unsettled and 75c lower, at $28@28 50 cash and seller January; $29@29 75 seller February, closing firmer at $29 75 seller February; $28 50@28 60 cash. Lard dull but firmer, closing at 17 cash, and 17½c seller February. Green meats quiet at 10½c for shoulders; 14@14½c for hams. Dry salted meats inactive and nominal at 11c for shoulders, 13½c for rough sides, and 14c for short rib middles.

DRESSED HOGS—Fairly active and steady at $10 75@11 50.

LIVE HOGS—Dull and 15@25c lower, at $8 75@9 for common to fair; $9 25@10 25 for good to choice.

CATTLE—Firm and steady at $4@5 50 for common to extra butchers' stock; $5 75@7 for fair to good shipping steers.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Cotton without decided change; sales 2,200 bales at 25½c for middling uplands. Flour—receipts 6 715 bbls; flour 10c better on low grades, with a moderate export demand; sales of 920 bbls at $4 85@5 00 for superfine State and western; $5 35@6 25 for extra State; $5 20@6 50 for white wheat extra; $5 45@6 30 for round hoop Ohio; $5 75@6 50 for extra St. Louis; $6 50@8 50 for good to choice do, closing firm; including 3,500 bbls low grades. Rye flour dull; sales 150 bbls at $4 50@5 70. Corn meal quiet. Whisky without decided change; sales 250 bbls western at 99c free. Receipts of wheat 26,009 bush; wheat 1c better with a fair export and milling demand; sales 91,000 bush at $1 05 for rejected spring; $1 2½@1 28 for No 2 spring; $1 34@1 37½ for winter red and amber western; $1 38@1 40 for amber State; $1 40 for winter red Illinois. Rye quiet. Barley in good demand; sales 9,600 bush at $1 22 for 4 rowed State, and Canada West on private terms. Barley malt dull. Receipts of corn 350 bush; corn 2@3c better on new and 1c better on old; sales 40,000 bush at 90c@$1 03 for new yellow southern; $1 00 for new white southern; 90c for very soft new mixed western, and $1 10 for inferior old mixed western afloat. Receipts of oats 4,600 bush; oats firmer and more active; sales of 51,000 bush at 61@62½c for western and 63@64½c for State. Rice dull. Coffee dull. Sugar firm. Molasses in moderate request; sales of 650 bbls New Orleans at 75@80c. Hops quiet at 18@26c for American. Petroleum quiet at 15c for crude, and 29½c for refined. Linseed oil dull at 90@93c in casks. Spirits turpentine quiet at 43@44c. Pork heavy and lower; sales of 380 bbls at $29 50@30 00 for new mess; $29 50 for old do; $24 00@25 00 for prime; $28 00@30 00 for prime mess; also, 2,000 bbls new mess, seller February and March, at $29 25@29 50. Beef steady; sales of 125 bbls at $5 00@13 00 for new plain mess, and $10 00@17 00 for new extra mess. Tierce beef dull; sales 100 tcs at $25 00@28 00 for prime mess, and $27@30 for India mess. Beef hams steady; sales 120 bbls at $31@33 50 for new. Cut meats heavy and lower; sales 90 packages at 11½@12½c for shoulders, and 15@16½c for hams. Middles quiet; sales 30 boxes Cumberland cut, at 14½c. Dressed hogs quiet at 12@12½c for western. Lard heavy and drooping; sales 475 tierces at 16½@17½c for steam and 18@18½c for kettle rendered; also, 1,000 tierces steam, seller January and February, at 17½@18c. Butter quiet at 18@30c for Ohio. Cheese dull and unchanged. Freights dull and drooping.

LATEST—Flour closed 5c better on low grades with a moderate export and home trade demand. Wheat a shade higher and very firm at $1 27@1 28 for No 2 spring; $1 35@1 38 for winter red and amber western. Rye nominal. Oats firm with a fair demand at 62@63c for western. Corn quiet at $1 09@1 11 for old mixed western. Pork quiet and firm for mess at $29 50 on the spot; $29 25@29 50 for February. Beef quiet and unchanged. Cut meats and bacon nominal. Lard quiet at 17½c for prime steam. Eggs steady with a fair trade demand.

Cincinnati Market.

CINCINNATI, December 30.—Flour and grain unchanged. Cotton dull at 23½@24c. Whisky dull at 94@95c. Provisions dull and drooping. Mess pork dull at $29. Bulk meats and bacon unchanged. Lard declined; sales of kettle rendered at 17½c. Hogs dull and nominal at $9 50@10 25 as the closing rates; receipts 2 200. Butter and cheese unchanged. Gold 119½ buying. Exchange advanced to par buying, and selling at ⅛ premium. Money market unchanged.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, December 30.—Tobacco quiet and unchanged. Cotton—no sales. Hemp—no sales. Flour quiet and unchanged with a good demand; low grades of super sold at $4@4 25; X $4 50@4 75; XX $5@5 75. Wheat steady at $1 01@1 05 for No 2 red fall. No 1 do $1 10@1 13; choice $1 20; choice white $1 25@1 30. Corn—choice dry scarce and wanted; damp dull and declining; yellow and choice mixed bulk 64@70c; mixed sacked 82c; choice dry yellow 86c; white 85@87c. Oats—market overstocked and broke down at the close; sales at 47@51c for bulk; 51@55c for sacked. Barley quiet at $1 50 for choice fall. Rye nothing doing. Whisky firm at 96c. Sugar dull at 11½@13½c. Coffee dull at 19@23½c. Molasses quiet at 70@80c for plantation. Provisions dull and weak with only order sales. Pork $29. Heavy dry salt shoulders at 11¼@11½c; clear sides 15⅛@15⅜c; hams 15½c. Bacon nothing doing. Lard weak; country steam 16½c; city steam, seller February, 17½c. Cattle—fair demand at 2½@6½c. Hogs unchanged; demand light at 8¼@9½c.

Cleveland Market.

CLEVELAND, December 30.—Flour—market dull and quiet and nominally unchanged. Buckwheat flour—market steady and demand good at $7 50@8 25. Wheat quiet but firm and 1c better; No 1 red $1 15; No 2 do nominal at $1 09@1 10. Corn—there has been no receipts this week, and although the demand is light the market is firm; old No 1 held at 98c; do No 2 at 95c; new is nominal at 80@85c, as to condition. Oats—receipts light; market a shade firmer; held at 50@51c for No 1 State. Rye dull and nominal; held at a range of 90@95c. Barley dull and inactive; held at 90c@$1 00 as the nominal rates. Pork dull. Petroleum—the market is very dull, in fact, inactive; refined is held at 25¼@26c for large lots; crude lower at $5 30 ⅌ bbl.

Louisville Market.

LOUISVILLE, December 30.—Cotton active; 22½c. Flour quiet and steady; family $5. Grain steady; red wheat $1 05; white $1 10. Corn 65@70c. Rye 80c on arrival. Prime New Orleans sugar 14c. Molasses 75c. Tobacco weak; offerings light; sales of 19 hogsheads lugs to leaf at $5@15. Provisions firmer. Mess pork $30. Bacon—shoulders 14½c; clear rib 17½c; clear sides 17¾c; bulk shoulders 12c; clear rib 15⅜c; clear sides 16c; sugar cured hams 22½c. Lard 18c. Whisky 94@95c.

Philadelphia Market.

PHILADELPHIA, December 29.—Flour unchanged. Wheat steady; Pennsylvania red $1 25@1 30; white $1 45@1 50. Rye $1 00. Corn better; mixed western $1 00. Oats, petroleum and whisky unchanged. Provisions declining; mess pork $30 50. Lard 18@18½c.

Baltimore Market.

BALTIMORE, December 30.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat firm; choice red $1 35@1 42. Corn—receipts small; white 85@88c; yellow 88@92c. Oats dull at 54@57c. Rye nominally $1 05. Mess pork dull at $31 00. Bacon—clear rib sides 18½c; rib sides 18c; shoulders 14½c; bulk shoulders 12½c; sides 15½c. Lard 18½c. Whisky $1 00@1 01.

Nashville Market.

NASHVILLE, December 30.—Cotton quiet; low middling 22½c; good ordinary 22½c. Wheat—red $1 10; amber $1 15; white $1 20. Corn 81c. Oats 70c. Rye $1. Flour $4 50@6 50 for super to fancy. Bulk meats—clear sides 15½c; clear ribbed do 15c; shoulders 12c. Rump pork $25. Bacon—clear sides 17½c; shoulders 14½c; country hams 18c. Lard 18c.

New York Dry Goods Market.

NEW YORK, December 30.—Dry goods—It being the close of the year, there is no business of moment doing, aside from the trade engaged in taking stock, and consequently there is no change in prices.

Detroit Market.

DETROIT, December 30.—Wheat market firm for upper qualities; lower grades a shade firmer; extra white $1 17; No 1 $1 09; amber $1 02@1 03; regular $1 00@1 01. Bran $15 00. Coarse middlings $19 00, fine $27. Dressed hogs—buyers offer $11 00 for heavy; $10 25@10 50 for light; mostly held higher.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, December 30.—Flour dull. Wheat dull and 1c lower. Corn very dull; new held at 76c; no buyers, no grade 1c lower at 65c. Oats 1@2c lower; No. 1 47c. Dressed hogs a shade better and firm at 11@12c. Clover seed dull and unchanged at $7 80.

Memphis Market.

MEMPHIS, December 30.—Cotton firm at 24c; receipts 1,138 bales; exports 2,389 bales. Flour steady; superfine $8. Corn 93c. Oats 70c. Hay $26@27. Bran $22@23. Pork $30@31½c. Lard 19¼@20½c. Bulk shoulders 12½c; sides 16½c.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, December 30.—Flour is unchanged. Wheat dull at 76c for No 2. Corn nominal. Oats lower; 43c for No 2. Rye steady at 73c for No 1. Barley nominal. Dressed hogs lower at $10 50@11 25.

For Additional Telegraph Markets See First Page.

JEWELRY.

M. WINTERHALTER,
CHRONOMETER AND WATCHMAKER
AND DEALER IN
WATCHES AND JEWELRY
No. 213 Penn street, above Sixth, Pittsburgh.
Eighteen years with J. R. McFadden & Co., and late with Meyran & Siedle. Agent for the Zimmerman Watch, similar to the Chas. Frodsham Watch. tf

NEWS DEALERS.

W. G. ANDERSON,
FRANKSTOWN ROAD, NEAR THE GREENSBURG TURNPIKE, EAST LIBERTY.
Keeps constantly on hand a Large Assortment of
CIGARS, OF THE VERY BEST BRANDS;
TOBACCO, SNUFF, &c.
ALSO, ALL THE LATE PERIODICALS OF THE DAY.
Orders for THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL received and promptly attended to.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Oil City.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

OIL CITY, PA., December 30, 1869.

River at a stand, with three feet six inches water in the channel. Weather cloudy; thermometer 32° at 6 P. M. F.

Brownsville.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

BROWNSVILLE, PA., December 30, 1869.

River falling, with about nine feet six inches water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 41° at 4 P. M. C.

Greensboro.

Special to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

GREENSBORO, PA., December 30, 1869.

River on a stand, with about seven feet water in the channel. Weather clear. Thermometer 31° at 7 P. M. G.

Morgantown.

Special Dispatch to the Commercial.

MORGANTOWN, December 30, 1869.

River falling, with five feet of water in the channel. Weather clear; thermometer 47° at 5 P. M. J.

Ironton, Ohio.

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

IRONTON, O., December 30, 1869.

Boats passed down to-day: Telegraph at 12 M. Passed up: Fleetwood at 11 A. M. River falling; weather clear and pleasant. H.

RIVER NEWS.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Arrived.

E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Chieftain	Philips	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Argosy	Wm. M. List	Cincinnati.

Departed.

Elector	Bougher	Geneva.
Chieftain	Philips	Geneva.
E. Bennett	Carmack	Geneva.
Elizabeth	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Victress	Dawson	Wheeling.

MONONGAHELA—Nine feet ten inches and falling.

THE marks last evening indicated nine feet ten inches and falling slowly. The wharf did not present a very active appearance, business generally being dull, freights not very plenty.

THE steamer Argosy is due from Cincinnati.

WE are indebted to our friend, W. J. C. Anderson for a manifest. Thanks.

COMMODORE R. C. GRAY arrived on Wednesday night from St. Louis.

THE Mollie Ebert passed Vicksburg on Tuesday *en route* for New Orleans.

OFFICIAL SURVEY of the Ohio River, from Pittsburgh to Cairo, for sale at the COMMERCIAL office. Price ten cents.

THE packet Glendale is receiving for St. Louis, and will be the first boat for that port. Passengers and shippers can bear this in mind.

THE steamers Camelia Capt. Mason, and St. Charles Capt. C. H. Dravo, left Cincinnati for this port on Tuesday.

THE steamer Colossal, Capt. Cox, and Kate Putnam, Capt. Russell, arrived at St. Louis on Tuesday.

THE fine packet Glasgow, Captain Andrew Robinson, is announced for a return trip to Clarksville and Nashville. She will have dispatch.

THERE are no less than six new steamers being completed at the landing at the present time, besides quite a number on the stocks at the various ship yards.

THE machinery of the new steamer Carrie V. Kountz was tried yesterday. Every part worked smoothly and to the entire satisfaction of all concerned. She will carry away an immense cargo of Pittsburgh manufactures.

THE Emma Floyd, from Nashville, at Cincinnati, has the following freight for Pittsburgh: 69 bags of nuts and feathers; Sibley, French & Co, 266 bags of wheat; John Stifel & Bro., 168 green hides.

FERRY BOAT SOLD.—The ferryboat Clifton, heretofore plying between Middleport and Clifton, arrived here on Monday, and is destined for up the Kanawha. She has been purchased by Gen. J. H. Wilson, Major H. S. Wilson and Mr. Bluford Wilson, for $5,000.

A New Orleans dispatch says the steamer Utah, Captain Henry Symmes, (formerly a Fort Benton packet,) broke her shaft at Marie Saline, on the Ouachita River. A portion of the crews of both boats will arrive here to-night on the steamer Mayflower.

THE Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Company are arriving and departing on time. The morning boat leaves at 8 A. M., and the evening boat at 5 P. M. The agent at this end of the route is Captain A. S. Carlile, one of the most attentive and gentlemanly officers we have met for some time. The Company have been fortunate in their selection.

NAVIGATION closed at Winona on Friday, December 17th, having continued later by eight days than for thirteen years. The *Republican* says that the first arrival from above was on the 30th of March, and from below April 6th, making the entire season 255 days. Owing to the opening of the river being later than the previous year the season was eight days shorter at that port than in 1868.

THE favorite St. Louis packet Glendale, Capt. J. M. Hare, is announced for Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis. This boat has unsurpassed accommodations, and is in charge of careful and gentlemanly officers. The introduction of larger cylinders has greatly increased her speed. The first clerk is our old friend, Capt. James Mellon, one of the most accomplished officers that comes to this port. Don't forget the Glendale.

THE first class passenger steamer Argosy, Captain Wm. M. List, will take her departure this day, at 4 P. M., for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Ironton and Portsmouth. The Argosy will run regularly in the trade, leaving punctually as announced. Captain List is a careful and attentive officer. He will be ably assisted by Mr. W. J. C. Henderson, who made himself so popular whilst engaged as clerk with commander Kerr on the Robert Moore and Kenton, in the same trade. Don't forget the hour, 4 P. M. sharp.

IMPORTS BY RAIL.

Pittsburgh, Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R. —P. R. R. Lessee.

Shoenberger & co, 7 cars limestone; Laughlin & co, 2 do do; Witt, L & co, 100 bbls flour, 400 sks do; H Rea, jr, 10 d hogs; Bruggeman & O, 5 bbls onions, 6 kgs lard, 25 doz brooms; Day & co, 2 bbls game, 6 bbls eggs; J Detwiler, 2 bbls apples, 1 do eggs, 1 do onions; J A Waters 10 bbls turnips, 1 do ketchup, 3 do onions, 1 do corn; S P Shriver & co, 2 bxs pepper; Frazer, M & co, 7 sks rags; Woodworth & D, 2 pkgs butter; Pier, D & co, 2 bxs bitters; W Sumner & co, 25 sewing machines; Lewis, O & P, 3 bxs 1 bo ts; J Y McLaughlin & co, 50 g s hides; Adams, M & co, 1 box mdse; J A Adler & co, 5 bbls alcohol; Hostetter & S, 25 bbls spirits; Wallace, C & co, 4 bbls hardware; B L Fahnestock & co, 5 bbls alcohol; Standard Oil Ref 4 car f brick; T Malony 2 cars iron; T C Jenkins, 200 bbls flour; M P Adams & Bro, 187 e oil bbls; M McWhinney & co, 36 pkgs spikes; spikes; Voigt, M & co, 11 bbls turnips, 9 do b flour; S D Strasberger & co, 50 bxs flasks; J A Graff, 6 tubs butter; Hubbard & Bro, 1 c saw; H Heinzenroder, 3 bbls potatoes; Park & co, 1 bx copper; Coleman, R & co, 19 bdls iron; G N Hoffstott, 50 g s hides.

Allegheny Station.

R & H Carson, 13 pkgs sunds; J B McKee, 50 bgs oats; H Lentz, 1 bx 1 bbl sunds; Wm Didden, 2 bxs sunds; J O'Hanlon, 4 bbl hominy; Relya & Robertson, 3 cars staves.

Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

R T Kennedy, 3 cars wheat; J Spear 52 bbls oil; W G Miller, 1 car oats; C A Boucher 16 kgs a butter; Pickersgill, L & co, 19 bxs frames; Pretzfield & Bro, 7 cases tobacco; Fairbanks M co 6 boxes scales; J Kessler, 10 bbls lager beer; Lecomb & C, 25 boxes hardware; J M Sickel & co, 4 bbls and 3 cases tobacco; Penn Salt M'g co, 50 kegs powder; A Snyder, 100 kegs powder; P Michline, 100 do do; D Baltman, lot bones; Graham & M, 62 sks oats; C G Hammer & Son, 24 bdls chairs, 2 do rockers; F G Craighead 9 sks oats; W H Graff & co, 6 pkgs sunds, 41 bbls apples; A Aronson 3 boxes clothing; R Christy, 151 sks rags; P Duff & Son, 3 cars lumber; Campbell & C, 150 sks corn; Thos Mitchell, 25 bags corn meal; H Schuchman, 3 bbls apples, 2 do cider; McBane & A, 121 bgs corn, Voigt, M & co, 8 bbls d apples; 2 do d peaches, 9 do onions, 12 bbls cider, 1 bbl butter, 7 sks onions; G A Martin, 30 bbls apples; S Devall, 9 sks oats, 3 pkgs sunds; Bruggeman & O'B, 3 bbls butter; H Jenkins & Bro, 50 bbls flour; Steel & Bro, 5 bbls a butter, 2 bxs and 2 bbls d apples, 2 kegs butter.

Allegheny Station.

M Steele, 1 car bran, 150 bgs corn; R T Kennedy & Bro, 2 cars wheat; J G Stand 18 bbls resin; Prescott & Bro, 15 c tops; J Herbert, 2 bbls 2 kegs sunds.

Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis R. R.

O G Russell, 1 car wheat and oats, 1 car barley, Watts L & co, 100 bbls flour; G Byers & co, 8 bars iron; J Porterfield, 25 bxs starch; Singer & co, 2 bdls steel; J Kohen, 2 bxs brushes; J Dickey, 11 bbls d fruit, 41 bags peanuts, 23 do feathers; Godfrey & co, 1800 bdls paper; W H Nantner, 66 bags feed; Day & co, 23 do meal; Smith & co, 32 bgs barley; R W Poindexter, 1 bbl apples, 1 firkin butter; Dillinger & S, 1 kg liquor; Rinehart & S, 1 box tobacco; F Schild, 73 bags oats; W H Graff, 7 tubs butter; J Painter & son, 1 car stone; Seward & E, 1 car bones; S P Shriver, 20 btts tobacco; Carter & McG, 50 btts tobacco; J Fullerton 16 caddy tobacco; J M Seibert, 1 car lumber; F G Craighead, 2 bbds apples; E M Johnson, 2 casks sunds; Robb & H, 27 bags corn; Schomaker & co, 16 bags meal.

Freight Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Scott & co, 89 sks rye, 31 do oats, 27 do wheat, 1 do c meal; Austin & co, 21 sks corn; F T Mitchell, 5 boxes butter, 1 do poultry, 1 keg eggs, 2 sks flour; J Hochman, 3 boxes butter, 2 do poultry, 1 keg eggs, 2 bdls hides; E Heazelton, 10 sks flour; W Hoffum, 5 d hogs, 5 calves; H Hoffum, 3 bxs butter, 1 bbl eggs, 5 do and 1 sk poultry; Shoenberger & co, 3 cars limestone; G W Hoffstott, 13 bdls hides; Kirkpatrick & co, 22 bags c seed; I Irwin & co, 154 e carboys; G Hasley, 5 bbls butter; consignees, 1 bbl apples, 9 boxes poultry, 2 coops geese, 2 kegs eggs, 2 bbls, 4 pks butter, 1 chest, 1 pkg lard.

Oil Receipts Per A. V. R. R.

Fisher Bros, 480 bbls crude to Waring & King; G S Thomas, 240 bbls crude to Wagner & Leech; G V. Norsman, 240 bbls crude to Commercial Works; Young & co, 332 bbls crude to Fisher Bros; Young & co, 883 bbls crude to J Wilkins; Fisher Bros, 50 bbls crude to F. Boss.

Western Pennsylvania R. R.

H Vandyke, 8 d hogs; C Yost, 1 cultivator, 1 lot h h goods; J Zimmerman, 1 do do. B Black, 4 bbls tallow; C Rhan, 60 sks oats; W McWhinney, 81 sks oats, 49 do corn, 17 do rye, 7 do wheat; W Galenstein, 28 hides, 1 bdl pelts, 2 bbls tallow, 1 bbl lard; J & A Hare & co, 1 car lumber; A & J Groetzinger, 1 car lime, 1 car bark; Mentzer, H & co, 640 bbls crude oil; Pittsburgh Tanning Co, 1 car bark; Lackhumpf & K, 1 do do; Wettach & Son, 1 do do; Lappie & W, 1 do do; J C Lappie, 1 do do; Popp & B.

Receipts of Pig Metal, Blooms and Ore, for the Past Twenty-four Hours.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD
P. R. R. CO. LESSEE.

	Cars.		Cars.
Nimick & Co, m	23	J Wood, Sons & Co, m	1
Everson, P & Co m	3	Loomis & Collord, m	1
Park Bros & co, m	3	Jno Moorhead, metal	
Zug & Co, m	2	Spang, C & Co, m	1
Total			35

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co, metal	4	J W Porter, m	10
Bryan & Caughey, m	11	J. Moorhead, m	5
Total			30

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co, metal	1	Everson, P & Co, o	1
Shoenberger, B & Co, o	7	McKnight & Co, o	1
Zug & Co, o	2	Graff, Byers & Co, o	1
Union Mills, o	1	Graff, Bennett & co, o	2
Hailman & H, o	1		
Total			17

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Nimick & Co, m	4	J Moorhead, m	1
H Woodsides, m	2		
Total			7

Glass Manufacturers' Imports.

Melling, Estep & Co	1 car lime.
Ripley & Co	1 car sand.
McCombs & T	1 car sand.
W Frank & Son	1 car lime.
Chrystal Glass Manf'g Co	2 cars sand.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Pittsburgh, Brownsville and Geneva Packet Co.

A S Carlisle, 5 pkgs; Atwell, Lee & co, 3 pkgs butter; W D Cooper & Bro, 146 gals s ware; W J Meek, 2 bales sks; Johnson & Colvin, 2 bxs butter; W M Gormly, 2 do butter; Voigt, M & co, 1 bx butter, 1 do eggs; J B Floyd, 15 sks oats; G E Starr, 4 sks rye, 2 bxs butter; A T Crosdale, 15 sks d apples 14 pkgs; Allen, Kirkpatrick & co, 32 jars and 4 bbls butter; Arrison & co, 23 bozs, 13 ykgs; M W Rankin & Bro, 2 jars butter, 1 bbl poultry; McCullough, S & co, 49 bbls flour; G W Hodnler, 39 bbls apples, 1 butter; H Myers, 3 bbls poultry; Reed & Johnson, 1 bx poultry; W H Nanker & Son, 10 bls hay, 128 sks oats, 11 do corn; P Duff & Son, 285 sks oats; J Stephens, 24 bbls apples; J S Dilworth & co, 4 bbls cider; Barker & co, 1 sk rags; Alex King 160 bxs w glass; J Donaldson, 1 bx poultry; S McLean, 4 pks; W Nixon, 19 hogs, 1 calf, 1 pks butter; D Lach, 18 pkgs produce; R E Sellers, 1 kg beeswax.

Cincinnati.

PER STEAMER ARGOSY—J A Graff, 6 bbls pickles, 3 do nuts; Bakewell, Pears & co, 1 bx claret; P H Nevin 4 crates kegs; W M McCallen, 18 bdls fellows, 4 dozen hubs, 8 do spokes; W Maxwell, 10 bbls flour, 4 do eggs; Graff, H & co, 1 bx stove fixtures; Nimick & co, 37½ tons iron; J W Porter, 24 tons iron; Bruggeman & B, 2 bbls c nuts; W Knox, 1 cow; S Lindsay, 100 bbls flour; Reed & Johnson, 1 bx poultry; W H Nanker & Son, 200 oil meal; J W Floyd, 1 bx do; Voigt, M & co, 4 bbls eggs, 1 do butter; Kapp & co, 1 bx coke; J Painter & sons, 1 bbl eggs; W H Graff & co, 1 bbl eggs; N Whiting & co, 5½ doz chairs 2½ doz stands; H Reed, 4 bbls d peaches, 1 do nuts; D Summerville, 24,600 hoop poles.

Wheeling.

PER STEAMER VICTRESS—Rose & Ewing, 17 bales hay; Guy Freebourne, 3,022 ft lumber; J Dilworth & co, 280 sks oats, 42 do rye, 16 do corn; Pittsburgh Paper Co, 50 reams new print; Woodworth & D, 75 sks oats, 11 sks rye; Boyts & Ogden, 6 cks e ware; R E Breed, 1 cks e ware.

NOTICES.

☞ TEMPERANCE AND REFORM.—The Executive Committee of the TEMPERANCE AND REFORM MOVEMENT are requested to meet at their headquarters, 129 Smithfield street, THIS (Friday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock. By order of the Chairman
S. Y. KENNEDY, Secretary.

☞ SAFE DEPOSIT COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Safe Deposit Company of Pittsburgh, will be held on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, at their Building, No. 83 Fourth avenue, between the hours of 11 o'clock A. M. and 1 o'clock P. M., at which time and place an election for Nine Directors will be held
S. F. VON BONNHORST, Secretary and Treasurer.
December 30, 1869.

☞ OFFICE BOATMEN'S FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE CO.—An Election for Twelve Directors of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at its office, No. 81 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, January 10, 1870, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
ROBERT FINNEY, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 30, 1869.

☞ COLUMBIA OIL CO.—THE Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Columbia Oil Company, for the election of a Board of Directors to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 10 Sixth street, on THURSDAY, January 13th, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M.
A. P. McGREW, Secretary.

☞ PITTSBURGH AND PHILADELPHIA OIL CO.—The Annual Election for Directors of this Company will be held at the office of Messrs. B. L. Fahnestock & Co., No. 76 Wood street, on WEDNESDAY, the 5th of January 1870, between the hours of 9 and 12 o'clock A. M.
WM COOPER, Secretary pro tem.
Pittsburgh, December 28, 1869.

☞ OFFICE OF THE EAGLE COTTON MILLS COMPANY.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Eagle Cotton Mills Co., will be held at the office of the Company, in Allegheny city, TUESDAY, January 4th, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 4 P. M., for the election of Five (5) Directors, Treasurer and Clerk, to serve for the ensuing year.
ORLANDO M. HARPER, Clerk.
December 28, 1869.

☞ OFFICE OF ALLEGHENY INSURANCE COMPANY, No. 37 FIFTH AVENUE.—An election for Twelve Directors of this Company, to serve for the ensuing year will be held at this office, on MONDAY, January 10th, 1870, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
C. G. DONNELL, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 27, 1869.

☞ AN ADJOURNED MEETING of the Stockholders of the PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY, will be held at the Town Hall, in Brownsville, on THURSDAY, 6th day of January next, 1870, at 1 o'clock, for the purpose of the adoption of By Laws and transaction of other business.
GEO. E. HOGG, Chairman.
J. R. DUTTON, Secretary.
December 23, 1869.

☞ MONONGAHELA NAVIGATION COMPANY—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of this Company will be held on THURSDAY, the 13th day of January, 1870, at 2 o'clock P. M., for the election of officers for the ensuing year and other business, at the Office of said Company, No. 94 Diamond street, Pittsburgh.
The polls will close at 4 o'clock.
ja6,13
W. BAKEWELL, Secretary.

☞ GERMAN NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Wood and Sixth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.
JOS. LAURENT, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 20, 1869.

☞ FARMERS' AND MECHANICS' BANK, CARSON STREET.—The Annual Election for Seven Directors of this Bank to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 1,716 Carson street, East Birmingham, on TUESDAY, January the 11th, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.
H. F. VOIGT, Cashier.
East Birmingham, December 17, 1869.

☞ PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET COMPANY.—A Stockholders' Meeting of this Company will be held at their office, on the Wharfboat, in this city, on THURSDAY, January 13th, at 10 A. M., for the purpose of adopting By-Laws and transacting other business.
R. R. ABRAMS, Secretary.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK, PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company.)—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, corner Fifth avenue and Wood street, TUESDAY, January 11, 1869, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
CHAS. SPEER, Assistant Cashier.

☞ OFFICE MONONGAHELA VALLEY RAILROAD—ANNUAL MEETING.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Monongahela Valley Railroad Company for the election of President, Vice President and Seven Directors, to serve for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of said Company, at No. 134 Water street, Pittsburgh, at 12 o'clock M., on the SECOND MONDAY, the 10th day of January, A. D. 1870.
J. R. JAQUES, Secretary.
Pittsburgh, December 15 1869.

☞ FARMERS' DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Seven (7) Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, No. 66 Fourth avenue, on TUESDAY, the 11th of January, 1870, between the hours of 11 and 2 o'clock P. M.
F. L. STEPHENSON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 13, 1869.

☞ PITTSBURGH NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.—An election for Nine Directors of this Bank, to serve during the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, corner of Wood street and Sixth avenue, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
JOS. H. HILL, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ ELECTION NOTICE.—THE SECOND NATIONAL BANK OF ALLEGHENY—The annual election of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11th, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. N. DAVIDSON, Cashier.
Allegheny, December 11, 1869.

☞ TRADESMENS' NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking Office, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
CYRUS CLARKE, JR., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 13, 1869.

☞ THE EXCHANGE NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election for Thirteen Directors of this Bank will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock P. M.
A. LONG, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ PEOPLE'S NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An election for Eleven Directors of this Bank will be held at its Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
F. M. GORDON, Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM.—The annual election of Seven Directors of this Bank will be held at the Bank on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 1 and 4 o'clock P. M.
JOHN P. BEECH, Cashier.
Birmingham, December 11th, 1869.

☞ MERCHANTS' AND MANUFACTURERS' NATIONAL BANK.—The annual election of this Bank will take place at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, January 11th, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
JOHN SCOTT, JR., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, December 11, 1869.

☞ CITIZENS' NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH.—An election for nine Directors of this Bank, to serve for the ensuing year, will be held at the Banking House, on TUESDAY, 11th January, 1870, between the hours of 11 A. M. and 2 P. M.
J. R. BRADY, JR., Cashier.
Pittsburgh, Pa., December 11, 1869.

☞ CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD COMPANY.—Office of Secretary and Treasurer. ANNUAL MEETING.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad Company, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of such other business as may come before them, will be held at the office of the company in Cleveland, at 10 o'clock A. M., on WEDNESDAY, January 5th, 1870.
The transfer books will be closed on SATURDAY, December 5th, 1869, and reopened THURSDAY, January 6th, 1870.
G. A. INGERSOLL, Secretary.
CLEVELAND, Ohio, December 1st, 1869.

☞ OFFICE HOUSE OF REFUGE WESTERN PA., No. 67 FOURTH AVENUE.—The Annual Meeting of the Contributors to the House of Refuge for Western Pennsylvania, will be held at the office of the Institution, No. 67 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, on
Monday, the 3d day of January, 1870,
Between the hours of 10 and 12 o'clock, noon, to hear the Report of the Board of Managers, and to elect Officers and Managers for the ensuing year.
By order of the Board.
JAMES B. D. MEEDS, SECRETARY.
Pittsburgh, December 29, 1869.

☞ ACTION OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE CINCINNATI, SALEM, YOUNGSTOWN AND EASTERN RAILWAY.

Resolved, That owing to the illness of our Chief Engineer, Mr. Hosea Paul, and the consequent unfinished Survey of that part of the route lying between New Philadelphia and the Pan Handle Road, that the letting to Contractors, as contemplated on this, the 30th day of November, 1869, be and is hereby deferred until the 12th day of January, 1870, and that bids will continue to be received until 2 o'clock P. M. on said day, and on the same terms as embraced in the original notice.
L. SCHILLING, Secretary.
Salem, O., November 30, 1869.

DIVIDENDS.

☞ DIVIDEND NOTICE.—THE Directors of the LITTLE SAW MILL RUN RAILROAD COMPANY, have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., clear of Government tax, out of the earnings of the last six months, payable to the Stockholders or their legal representatives, on and after January 1st, 1870.
WILLIAM ESPY, President.
December 27, 1869.

☞ PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK, OF ALLEGHENY—The Directors of this Bank have this day declared a Dividend of FIVE PER CENT., free of Government Tax, payable on and after January 3, 1870.
E. P. YOUNG, Cashier.
December 18, 1869.

DRUGGISTS.

WM. J. SNODGRASS,
Wholesale and Retail Druggist
THE OLD ESTABLISHED STAND,
COR. FEDERAL AND LACOCK STREETS,
ALLEGHENY, PA.
Pure Drugs and Chemicals,
All Standard Proprietary Medicines,
Fine Soaps,
Sponges, Perfumery.
A COMPLETE LINE OF
Brushes and Combs,
Pure Liquors for Medicinal purposes,
Scotch Ales.
EVERYTHING IN THE DRUG TRADE,
Can be procured here at prices to suit the times.

PHALON'S VITALIA,
Cherry Pectoral Troches,
Caup Cough Cure,
Caup Toothache Remedy,
Marshall's Catarrh Snuff,
Dumas' Catarrh Snuff,
Upham's Asthma Cure,
Whitcomb's Asthma Remedy,
RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY
GEO. A. KELLY,
CORNER SECOND AND WOOD STREET.

BANKS AND BANKERS.

The Safe Deposit Company
OF PITTSBURGH,
FOR THE
Safe Keeping of Valuables,
UNDER GUARANTEE, AND THE RENTING OF SAFES IN ITS
Fire and Burglar-Proof Vaults,
NO. 83 FOURTH AVENUE.
President—WILLIAM PHILLIPS.
Vice President—HENRY LLOYD.
DIRECTORS:
WILLIAM PHILLIPS, BYRON H. PAINTER,
HENRY LLOYD, JOS. S. MORRISON,
WILLIAM REA, GEORGE BLACK,
WILLIAM M. LYON, CURTIS G. HUSSEY,
JAS. I. BENNETT,
Sec'y. & Treas.—S. F. VON BONNHORST.
Open Daily from 9 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M.

Tradesmen's National Bank,
WOOD STREET, CORNER SECOND.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.
GOLD, COUPONS,
Bonds and Stocks,
BOUGHT AND SOLD.
A. BRADLEY......President.
W. VANKIRK......Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, JR......Cashier.
d*

REMOVAL.
HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
Bankers and Brokers,
COR. FOURTH AVE. AND WOOD STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
(Successors to HANNA, HART & CO.)
Dealers in Exchange, Coin, Coupons, &c.
Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of Government Bonds.
Sight Drafts on London.

INSURANCE.

$35,000,000.
PITTSBURGH
General Insurance Agency.
ESTABLISHED 1859.
No. 63 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.
COMPANIES REPRESENTED:

Conn. Mutual Life, Assets nearly	$30,000,000
Surplus over	7,000,000
Ætna, Fire,	5,300,000
Albany City, Fire,	400,000
Ætna, N. Y., Fire,	500,000
Lancaster, Fire,	225,000
Travelers', Accident,	1,500,000

FIRE AND INLAND TRANSPORTATION RISKS taken at the Lowest Rates consistent with fair profit and reliable indemnity.
ACCIDENT POLICIES ISSUED.
LIFE INSURANCE effected in any of the various forms.
LIBERAL ARRANGEMENTS made by SALARY or otherwise with SUCCESSFUL Life Insurance Solicitors for Districts in Western Pennsylvania.
Correspondence and applications for Insurance solicited.
S. S. CARRIER, AGENT AND MANAGER.
GEO. S. SWARTZ, Special Agent and Surveyor

MONONGAHELA INSURANCE CO.,
OF PITTSBURGH,
INCORPORATED 1854.
CASH CAPITAL......$175,000.
Insures against Fire and Marine Losses.
Office, No. 98 WATER STREET.
WM. A. CALDWELL......President.
JNO. McDEVITT......Vice President.
JNO. H. CLANEY......Secretary.
Capt. F. A. DOHRMAN, Genl. Agent and Surveyor
DIRECTORS:
W. A. Caldwell, James A. Hutchinson,
John McDevitt, William Rea,
George A. Berry, Robert Dalzell,
John Atwell, William Means,
James Woodburn, R. Wallace,
Samuel B. Robison, John B. Canfield,
R. H. Palmer, D. S. H. Gilmore,
James McCandless.

CITIZENS' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office corner Market and Water streets, second floor
WM. BAGALEY......President.
WM. A. SHEPARD......Secretary.
Insures Steamboats and Cargoes. Insures against loss and damage in the navigation of the Southern and Western Rivers, Lakes and Bayous, and the navigation of the Sea.
Insures against loss or damage by fire.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Bagaley, John Shipton,
James Park, Jr., James M. Cooper,
W. G. Johnson, S. Harbaugh,
B. F. Jones, J. Caldwell, Jr.,
Samuel Rea, John S. Dilworth,
Capt. Thos. Snowden, George Bingham,
Barclay Preston, Wm. A. Rodgers,
S. M. Kier.
Capt. J. ATKINSON, General Agent.

PEOPLES' INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
Office, N. E. corner Wood and Fifth sts., second floor.
Insures against LOSS OR DAMAGE BY FIRE on Dwellings, Stores and other Buildings; Furniture, Household Goods and Stocks of Merchandise.
Insures Marine and Inland Risks on Steamboats and Freight at as liberal rates as are consistent with security. Losses promptly adjusted and paid.
DIRECTORS:
Wm. Phillips, Samuel P. Shriver
John Watt, Capt. J. L. Rhodes,
John E. Parke, Wm. Vankirk,
Jared M. Brush, James D. Verner,
Wm. F. Lang, Samuel McCrickart,
C. H. Love, Charles Arbuckle.
WM. PHILLIPS......President.
JOHN WATT......Vice President.
WM. F. GARDNER......Secretary.

WESTERN INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH.
ALEX. NIMICK......President.
WM. P. HERBERT......Secretary.
Capt. GEORGE NEELD......General Agent.
Office, No. 92 WATER STREET, Spang, Chalfant & Co.'s Warehouse, up stairs, Pittsburgh.
Will insure against all kinds of Fire and Marine Risks. A home institution managed by Directors who are well known in the community, and who are determined by promptness and liberality, to maintain the character which they have assumed, as offering the best protection to those who desire to be insured.
DIRECTORS:
Alex. Nimick, Reuben Miller, Jr.,
James McAuley, Andrew Ackley,
Alexander Speer, David M. Long,
Wm. Morrison, John R. McCune,
Charles J. Clarke, D. Ihmsen,
Wm. S. Evans, Joseph Kirkpatrick,
Philip Reymer.
WM. P. HERBERT, Secretary.

FLOUR AND GRAIN.

Pearl Steam Mills
FLOURS,
Possessing all the latest improvements in Machinery, with a Cooling Room and Bolting Cloths
UNEQUALED IN THE CITY,
A CAPACITY OF
1,000 Barrels Daily,
And a System in purchasing Wheat by our regular Traveling Agent, Mr. S. KENNEDY,
Which has many advantages and not followed by any other Mill in the two cities.
Warrants us in asserting that no other Mill in this section CAN DUPLICATE OUR SALES on the same grades of Flour.
PEARL 3 STAR GREEN BRAND,
Unequalled in the city as a PASTRY AND BISCUIT FLOUR, being made from the Cream of the BEST WHITE WHEAT to be found in this country.
PEARL DOUBLE EXTRA 2 STAR BLUE BRAND,
Acknowledged to give better satisfaction than any Family Flour in the market. Made from STRICTLY PRIME WHITE and SOUTHERN AMBER or HILL WHEAT.
PEARL 1 STAR RED BRAND,
Is made from SOUTHERN RED and AMBER WHEAT, and is the best Low-priced Flour to be had.
Our Flour can be obtained at all the Best Groceries in the two cities and suburbs.
All Sacks are Sealed and Labeled with Name of Firm and Date of Manufacture.
R. T. Kennedy & Bro.,
PEARL STEAM MILLS,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

CORN AND RYE.
10,000 BUSHELS SHELLED CORN;
10,000 BUSHELS RYE,
Arriving and for sale by
D. WALLACE,
353 LIBERTY STREET.

FURNITURE.

ROCK the BABY
IN EARNEST'S
PATENT SWING CRIB,
SOLD ONLY BY
LEMON & WEISE
Practical Furniture Manufacturers
118 FOURTH AVENUE,
WHERE MAY BE FOUND A LARGE AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF PARLOR, CHAMBER AND KITCHEN FURNITURE. MWF

CARPETS.

CARPETS.
Druggets,
Drugget Squares,
Oil Cloths,
Matting,
Window Shades.
SLEIGH ROBES, &c
Previous to taking stock, we offer many of our goods at REDUCED PRICES.
Bovard, Rose & Co.
21 FIFTH AVENUE.

Woolen Druggets
AND
FELT CARPETS,
1¼, 2, 2¼, 3, 3¼, 3½ and 3¾ Yards Wide.
BORDERED SQUARES,
SUITABLE FOR PARLORS.
Dining Room Crumb Cloths,
Woolen, Linen and Cotton.
At Lower Prices than Last Season,
Notwithstanding the undiminished Tariff on these Goods.
McFARLAND & COLLINS
71 AND 73 FIFTH AVENUE.
d*

ELEGANT CARPETS.
The Latest and Most Beautiful Designs Ever Shown in
TAPESTRY OR BODY
BRUSSELS,
Just Received by Direct Importation from England.
DRUGGETS
Of the Latest Styles in Large Quantities.
OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & COMPANY,
23 FIFTH AVENUE.

GROCERIES, &C.

THE NEW YEAR.
Families desiring to replenish their Stores for the New Year will find our assortment as large as ever, and at REDUCED PRICES, comprising a full line of choice FRESH TEAS, Black and Green; OLD RIO, JAVA, LAGUAYRA and MOCHA COFFEE.
A select stock of
CANNED FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.
Foreign and Domestic DRIED FRUITS, English and American PICKLES and SAUCES.
New S. C. Hams and Dried Beef, &c., &c.
No charge for cartage.
JNO. A. RENSHAW,
Corner Liberty and Ninth streets.

PRICES REDUCED
FOR
NEW YEARS.

Winslow's Standard Green Corn, sold at	35c.
Winslow's Standard Green Corn, sold at	35c.
Yarmouth Standard Green Corn, sold at	35c.
Yarmouth Standard Green Corn, sold at	35c.
Stout's 3 pound cans fresh Peaches, sold at	35c.
Stout's 3 pound cans fresh Peaches, sold at	35c.
Edwards' 3 pound cans Tomatoes, sold at	25c.
Edwards' 3 pound cans Tomatoes, sold at	25c.

At the Family Grocery Store of
GEORGE W. M'CLURE,
346 LIBERTY STREET.

Dilworth, Harper & Co.,
NO. 243 LIBERTY STREET
Opposite head of Wood street,
Will Receive by Steamer St. Charles, December 22d,
25 hhds. N. O. Sugar,
STRICTLY PRIME.
100 bbls. N. O. Molasses.
They will be fully supplied with New Orleans Stock throughout the season, and will continue to allow TWELVE PER CENT. TARE ON ALL SUGAR by the hogshead.

Cheapest Grocery and Tea House
IN THE TWO CITIES.
STILL ANOTHER REDUCTION.
PRICE LIST OF TEAS:

Good Black Tea	$ 75
Fine Black Tea	90
Extra Fine Tea	1 10
Very Choice Tea	1 40
Good Young Hyson	1 00
Fine Young Hyson	1 10
Extra Fine	1 40
Best Imported	1 80
Good Uncolored Japan	90
Extra Fine	1 10
Best in the city	1 35
Good Imperial	1 20
Choice Imperial	1 60
Very Best Warranted	1 80
Choice Gunpowder	1 50
Very Choice	1 80
English Breakfast Good	1 00
Choice Strong	1 20
Best Imported	1 40

J. KOHEN,
No. 69 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

ALLEN KIRKPATRICK......JOHN J. M'DERMOTT.
REMOVAL.
Allen Kirkpatrick & Co.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Flour and Seed Dealers,
Have Removed from No. 243 Liberty Street, to their New Warehouse,
No. 231 LIBERTY STREET,
OPPOSITE THE HEAD OF WOOD STREET,
PITTSBURGH.

KNOX & ORR,
Wholesale Grocers
268 Liberty Street,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
Have always on hand and are receiving daily additions to a large and well selected Stock of GROCERIES, BOUGHT FOR CASH, to which the attention of Buyers is solicited. 4p

City and Country Merchants
WANTING
FANCY, CHOICE OR PRIME
Rio Coffee,
Can Select from the Largest Stock in the City and at the Lowest Prices,
AT
LITTLE & BAIRD'S,
112 AND 114 SECOND AVENUE.

BUTTER, EGGS, PRODUCE—
500 bbls Russets.
500 bbls Rome Beauties.
100 bbls Dried Apples.
100 bbls Dried Peaches.
100 tubs fresh Roll Butter.
10 bbls fresh Eggs.
100 bbls Sweet Cider.
5 bbls Shaker Sweet Corn.
HENRY REA, JR.,
MWF 285 Liberty street, opposite Seventh ave.

NOTICE TO THE CHEESE TRADE.
60 cases Young America;
75 boxes English Gloucester, mild;
25 boxes English Cheshire, mild;
50 boxes New York Factory, mild;
30 boxes New York Goshen, mild.
In store and arriving, for sale with full stock of Groceries.
H. RIDDLE,
Liberty street.

IMPORTANT TO SOLDIERS.
All Soldiers who were in any manner wounded, or contracted permanent disease in the late war, are entitled to Pensions. All such soldiers should at once write to JOHN KIRKPATRICK, Government Claim Agent, Middlebourne, Guernsey county, Ohio. He can obtain discharge, if application be made soon. He gives special attention to old and difficult cases, especially mothers' Pensions, and has succeeded in them admirably. d*

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—LETTERS testamentary upon the estate of ISAAC PANGBURN, late of Forward township, Allegheny county, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay.
NOAH H. PANGBURN, Executor,
Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa.

VARNISHES AND JAPAN.

DEALERS SUPPLIED WITH
WM. HARLAND & SON'S
CELEBRATED ENGLISH
VARNISH and JAPAN,
BY THEIR ONLY FORWARDING AGENTS IN THE UNITED STATES,
WALKER & SON,
GUM MERCHANTS,
And Importers of Acetate Lime, Glue, &c., &c., &c.,
57 CEDAR ST., NEW YORK.
P. O. BOX 3,947.

RIVER PACKETS.

BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA.

U. S. MAIL LINE.
PITTSBURGH, BROWNSVILLE AND GENEVA PACKET CO.
LEAVES DAILY, 8 A. M., 5 P. M.,
For all Points on the Monongahela River
STEAMER ELECTOR......CAPT. DOYLE BOUGHER.
STEAMER CHIEFTAIN......CAPT. ROBT. PHILLIPS.
STEAMER E. BENNETT......CAPT. Z. W. CARMACK.
For further particulars, inquire on Wharfboat, foot of Grant street, Pittsburgh.
N. B.—No Commission charged on Eastern Freight.
A. S. CARLILE, Agent.

WHEELING.

PITTSBURGH, WELLSVILLE, STEUBENVILLE AND WHEELING PACKET,
VICTRESS.
W. T. DAUSEN......Captain.
JAS. W. DAUSEN......Clerk.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY, at 10 o'clock A. M.
Returning, leaves Wheeling EVERY MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 8 o'clock A. M.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS, Wharfboat, Pittsburgh.
tf

PARKERSBURG.

Wheeling, Marietta and Parkersburg.
LEAVES PITTSBURGH
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY—12 M.
RETURNING LEAVES PARKERSBURG
MONDAY AND THURSDAY—7 A. M.
THE SWIFT PASSENGER STEAMER
BELLE,
JOHN RICHEY......Commander,
Leaves as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board or to
JAS. COLLINS, Agent.

MUSKINGUM RIVER PACKET LINE.

For Wheeling, Marietta and Zanesville.
Leaves Pittsburgh EVERY TUESDAY, 4 P. M.
Leaves Zanesville EVERY FRIDAY, 8 A. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer JULIA No. 2, Captain C. R. STULL, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on board, or to
J. D. COLLINGWOOD, Agent.

PORTSMOUTH.

For Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Pomeroy, Gallipolis, Big Sandy, Ironton and Portsmouth.
THIS DAY—4 P. M.
THE FINE PASSENGER Steamer ARGOSY, WILLIAM M. LIST, Commander, W. J. C. ANDERSON, Clerk, will leave as announced.
For Freight or Passage apply on board or to
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati Weekly Packet.
Leaves Pittsburgh, SATURDAY—12 M.
Leaves Cincinnati, MONDAY—4 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID Sidewheel Passenger Steamer ST. CHARLES, C. A. DRAVO Commander, GEO. L. REPPERT, Clerk, will leave as announced.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
JAMES COLLINS, or
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

ST. LOUIS.

For Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and St. Louis.
TUESDAY, January 4—4 P. M.
THE NEW AND SPLENDID Passenger Steamer GLENDALE, J. M. HARE, Commander, will leave as announced above.
For Freight or Passage apply on Board.
FLACK & COLLINGWOOD, Agents.

NEW ORLEANS.

For New Orleans.
SATURDAY, January 1—10 A. M.
THE SPLENDID PASSENGER Steamer CARRIE V. KOUNTZ, C. VANHOOK, Commander, will leave as announced.
For shipment of freight apply on board.
Through Bills Lading via above Boat to Galveston, Indianola and Brazos, Texas, and Mobile, Selma and Montgomery, Alabama, via Morgan Line, from New Orleans, and by Kountz's Red River Packets to Alexandria, Shreveport and Jefferson, given by
GHRIEST & PORTER,
93 Water street.

STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON AND PHILADELPHIA
STEAMSHIP LINE.
THE STEAMSHIPS
Roman, Norman, Saxon and Aries,
FORM A SEMI WEEKLY LINE, SAILING FROM PHILADELPHIA ON
Wednesdays and Saturdays at 10 A. M.,
AND FROM
Boston on Same Days, at 3 P. M.
For Freight or Passage apply to
HENRY WINSOR & CO, Philadelphia, or
WHITNEY & SAMPSON, Boston.

THE LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN—INMAN LINE OF MAIL STEAMERS, SAILING FROM NEW YORK EVERY SATURDAY AND ALTERNATE TUESDAYS.

Rates of Passage by the Saturday Steamer:

First Cabin, Payable in Gold.		Steerage, Payable in Currency.	
Liverpool or Queenstown	100 00	Liverpool or Queenstown	$35 00

Passage by the Tuesday Steamer, via Halifax.

Liverpool or Queenstown	$80 00	Liverpool or Queenstown	$30 00
Halifax	20 00	Halifax	15 00
St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer	45 00	St. John's, N. F., by branch Steamer	30 00

Tickets sold to and from England, Ireland and the Continent at moderate rates. Excursion Tickets reduced rates.
For further information apply at the Company's Offices.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
15 Broadway, New York, or
WM. BINGHAM, JR.,
No. 143 Smithfield street, near Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.
Where plans of the Cabins may be seen and Berths secured. Send for Circular.

PATENT VALVES.

PEET PATENT VALVE.
WE CALL THE ATTENTION OF
Engine Builders, Steam Fitters, Oil Refiners, Brewers and others to this Valve.
It has but recently been patented, and is rapidly superceding all other Valves now in use,
S. CADMAN & SON,
AGENTS,
Corner Duquesne Way and Sixth street, late St Clair street.

CITY ADVERTISEMENTS.

AN ORDINANCE
For Grading Mulberry Alley from Twenty-seventh to Twenty-eighth Street.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and he is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading of Mulberry alley, from Twenty-seventh to Twenty-eighth street, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed, so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of December, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: HUGH McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE
Authorizing the Grading and Paving of Thirty-second Street, from Liberty Street to the Allegheny River.

SECTION 1. Be it ordained and enacted by the City of Pittsburgh, in Select and Common Councils assembled, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by the authority of the same, That the City Engineer be and is hereby authorized and directed to advertise for proposals for the Grading and Paving of Thirty-second street, from Liberty street to the Allegheny river, and to let the same in the manner directed by an ordinance concerning streets, passed August 31st, 1857; also, an act concerning streets, approved January 6th, 1864.

SEC. 2. That any ordinance or part of ordinance conflicting with the passage of this ordinance at the present time, be and the same is hereby repealed so far as the same affects this ordinance.

Ordained and enacted into a law in Councils, this 27th day of December, A. D. 1869.
JAMES McAULEY,
President of Select Council.
Attest: E. S. MORROW,
Clerk of Select Council.
W. A. TOMLINSON,
President of Common Council.
Attest: H. McMASTER,
Clerk of Common Council.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Pittsburgh December 23, 1869.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR Grading, Paving and Curbing Forty-third street, from Pearson's line to Butler street, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until SATURDAY, January 1st, 1870, when it will be returned to the City Treasurer's Office for collection.
H. J. MOORE, City Engineer.

STICKNEY & CO., BALTIMORE,
Agents for the sale of
Gartsherrie and Eglinton Scotch Pig Iron.
Have for sale to arrive by vessels due in January and February, 100 tons No. 1 GARTSHERRIE; 1,300 tons No. 1 EGLINTON. Also, makers of Baltimore Charcoal Wheel Iron.
FM OFFICE: No. 42 SECOND STREET.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD
—On and after 11 P. M., SUNDAY, November 14, 1869. Trains arrive at and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Mail Train	1:20 a m	Southern Ex	5:20 a m
Fast Line	1:45 a m	Pacific Ex	2:10 a m
Wall's Ac No 1	6:20 a m	Wall's Ac No 1	6:30 a m
Brinton Ac No 1	7:50 a m	Mail Train	8:10 a m
Wall's Ac No 2	8:50 a m	Brinton's Ac No 1	10:20 a m
Cincinnati Ex	9:50 a m	Braddock's Ac	
Johnstown Ac	10:50 a m	No. 1	5:10 p m
Braddock's Ac		Cincinnati Ex	12:35 p m
No. 1	7:00 p m	Wall's Ac No 2	11:51 a m
Pittsburgh Ex	1:30 p m	Johnstown Ac	4:05 p m
Pacific Ex	1:50 p m	Braddock's Ac	
Wall's Ac No 3	2:50 p m	No. 2	8:20 p m
Braddock's Ac		Phila. Ex	7:40 p m
No. 2	9:55 p m	Wall's Ac No 3	4:05 p m
Wall's Ac No 4	5:50 p m	Wall's Ac No 4	6:05 p m
Brinton Ac No 2	1:10 p m	Fast Line	7:40 p m
Way Passeng'r	10:20 p m	Wall's No 5	11:00 p m

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:05 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 a. m. Returning leave Pittsburgh at 12:50 p. m., and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:10 p. m.
Cincinnati Express leaves daily. Southern Express daily except Monday. All other Trains daily, except Sunday.
For further information apply to
W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.
The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will not assume any Risk for Baggage except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All baggage exceeding that amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—On and after NOVEMBER 14, 1869, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will arrive at and leave from the Federal Street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows:

Leave Allegheny City.		Arrive at Allegheny City.	
Mail	7:00 a m	Springdale Ac.	
Freeport Ac.		No. 1	6:40 a m
No. 1	9:20 a m	Freeport Ac.	
Sharpsburg Ac	11:20 a m	No. 1	8:20 a m
Express	2:20 p m	Express	10:40 a m
Springdale Ac.		Sharpsburg Ac	1:20 p m
No. 1	3:10 p m	Freeport Ac.	
Freeport Ac.		No. 2	4:05 p m
No. 2	5:20 p m	Mail	5:50 p m
Springdale Ac.		Springdale Ac.	
No. 2	6:30 p m	No. 2	6:20 p m

Above Trains run daily except Sunday.
The Church Train leaves Allegheny Junction every Sunday, at 7:40 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 1:20 P. M., and arrives at Allegheny Junction at 3:40 P. M.
The Train leaving Allegheny City at 6:20 A. M. makes direct connections at Freeport with Walker's Line of Stages for Butler, Hannahstown and Saxonburg. Through Tickets, too, may be purchased at the office, No. 3 St. Clair street, near Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, and at the Depot, Allegheny City.
For further information apply to
JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent, Federal Street.
The Western Pennsylvania Railroad will not assume any risk for Baggage, except for Wearing Apparel, and limit their responsibility to One Hundred Dollars in value. All Baggage exceeding this amount in value will be at the risk of the owner, unless taken by special contract.
EDWARD H. WILLIAMS,
General Superintendent, Altoona, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY, PAN HANDLE ROUTE.
After NOVEMBER 14, 1869, Trains leave from and arrive at Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh Time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Mail	2:08 a m	Mail	12:13 p m
Southern Ex	2:28 p m	Southern Ex	1:48 a m
Fast Line	9:48 a m	Fast Line	7:18 p m
Mixed Ac	5:43 a m	M'xed Ac	6:53 p m
M'Donald's Ac	11:28 a m	M'Donald's Ac	8:28 a m
Steubenv'le Ac	3:43 p m	Steubenv'le Ac	9:48 a m
M'Donald's Ac	5:53 p m	M'Donald's Ac	4:28 p m
Sunday Church Train	12:58 p m	Sunday Church Train	9:58 a m

2:28 p. m. Express will leave daily.
12:13 p. m. Mail will arrive daily.
S. F. SCULL, General Ticket Agent,
Columbus, Ohio
W. W. CARD, Supt., Dennison, Ohio.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILWAY, AND CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH RAILROAD.
From NOVEMBER 14th, 1869, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Chicago Ex	2:08 a m	Chicago Ex	1:53 a m
Erie & Ygn Ex	7:28 a m	Pacific Express	12:08 p m
Cl. & Whg Mail	6:38 a m	Wheeling Ex	10:48 a m
Chicago Mail	6:58 a m	Ch&StLouis Ex	7:18 p m
Fast Line	9:58 a m	Chic Ex & Mail	3:28 p m
Cl. & Whg Ex	2:08 p m	Cleveland Ex	3:38 p m
Chicago Ex	2:28 p m	Erie & Ygn Ex	6:03 p m
W'lie & Ygn Ex	4:03 p m	Cl. & Whg Ex	7:08 p m
Depart from Allegheny.		Arrive in Allegheny.	
BeaverFalls Ac	8:38 a m	Leetsdale Ac	6:53 a m
Leetsdale Ac	10:18 a m	BeaverFallsAc	8:28 a m
Leetsdale Ac	11:53 a m	New Castle Ac	10:43 a m
Rochester Ac	2:48 p m	Enon Ac	9:13 a m
Enon Ac	4:28 p m	Leetsdale Ac	12:43 p m
Leetsdale Ac	5:13 p m	BeaverFallsAc	4:33 p m
BeaverFalls Ac	6:13 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:13 p m
Leetsdale Ac	10:43 p m	Leetsdale Ac	7:33 p m
Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	1:13 p m	Fair Oaks, Sunday Church	9:58 a m

2:28 p m Chicago Express will leave daily.
12:08 p m Chicago Express arrives daily.
J. N. McCULLOUGH, General Manager.
F. R. MYERS, General Passenger and Ticket Agent.

ALLENTOWN ROUTE TO THE EAST,
—SHORTEST AND FASTEST LINE between Pittsburgh and New York, via Harrisburg, Reading, Allentown and Easton. NO CHANGE OF CARS BETWEEN PITTSBURGH AND NEW YORK. SLEEPING CARS ON NIGHT TRAINS.
Trains leave Union Depot of Pennsylvania Railroad in Pittsburgh Daily.

Leave.		Arrive.	
Pittsburgh	2:10 a m	New York	6:50 p m
Pittsburgh	7:40 p m	New York	12:15 a m

Leave New York for Pittsburgh, from Station, Central Railroad, of New Jersey, foot of Liberty street.

Leave.		Arrive.	
New York	9:00 a m	In Pittsburgh	1:45 a m
New York	5:00 p m	In Pittsburgh	9:20 a m

On Sunday, leave Pittsburgh, at 12:30 p. m. only, and New York at 5 p. m. only.
Baggage checked to all points between Pittsburgh and New York.
H. P. BALDWIN, General Passenger Agent.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
THE ONLY DIRECT ROUTE TO THE OIL REGIONS WITHOUT CHANGE OF CARS.
On and after MONDAY, November 22, 1869, two through Trains daily (except Sunday), will leave Pittsburgh Depot, corner Eleventh and Pike streets, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in the Oil Regions.

Leave Pittsburgh.		Arrive at Pittsburgh.	
Day Express	7:15 a m	Day Express	5:30 p m
Night Express	8:00 p m	Night Express	7:00 a m
Brady's B'd Ac	3:15 p m	Brady's B'd Ac	10:05 a m
Freeport Acc'n	9:30 a m	Freeport Acc'n	6:13 p m
Soda Works Ac	6:36 p m	Soda Works Ac	7:55 a m
1st Hulton	6:40 a m	1st Hulton	6:25 a m
2d Hulton	11:50 a m	2d Hulton	9:00 a m
3d Hulton	5:00 p m	3d Hulton	2:10 p m
4th Hulton	11:00 p m	4th Hulton Ac	7:15 p m
Church Train	1:00 p m	Church Train	10:10 a m

Express Trains stop only at principal points.
Accommodation Trains stop at all stations.
J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen'l. Supt.
THOS. M. KING, Asst. Supt.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
On and after TUESDAY, Nov. 17, 1868, the Trains will leave the Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, as follows:

	DEPART.	ARRIVE.
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a m	6:00 p m
M'Keesport Accommodation	11:00 a m	3:00 p m
Express to and from Uniontown	3:00 p m	10:10 a m
West Newton Accommodat'n	4:30 p m	8:35 a m
Braddock's Accommodation	6:15 p m	7:55 p m
Night Accommodation to McKeesport	10:30 p m	6:45 a m
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p m	10:00 a m

For Tickets apply to E. M. RAYMOND, Agent.
WM. R. STOUT, Supt.

PETROLEUM.

ECLIPSE PETROLEUM REFINERY
HERBERT W. C. TWEDDLE,
MANUFACTURER OF
Lubricating and High Test Burning Oils.
Eclipse Railroad Axle Oil,
Stands great heat without change; remains limpid at lowest temperatures. Special Oil for tropical climates or hot weather.
Locomotive, Engine, Machine Shop,
Will cut Screws,
Saw Mill and Planing Mill Oils,
Adapted for high speed.
Spindle Oil, Wool Oil, Tanners' Stuffing & Finishing Oil, Harness Oil, Head-Light Oil, Benzole, Gasoline, Paraffine.
ARMOR VARNISH, to preserve Bright Iron Work and Machinery from Rust.
These products are manufactured under Dr. Tweddle's patents by Superheated Steam in Vacuo. The Lubricating Oils are almost odorless, perfectly pure, uniform, and mostly light colored, stand a high temperature unchanged, and remain limpid during extreme cold. The Railroad Oils are unequalled, and are in constant use on many of the principal Railroads. Samples can be examined and orders left at 174 WOOD STREET. Works at Sharpsburg Bridge.

CRYSTAL PETROLEUM WORKS
LIVINGSTON BROS.
PITTSBURGH

LIVINGSTON BROTHERS
CRYSTAL
Refined Petroleum
IN
Five Gallon Tin Cans with Patent Caps,
DUQUESNE WAY,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

OWSTON & SOWERS,
DEALERS IN CRUDE OIL.
Office: PERRY BUILDING, PITTSBURGH, PA
OIL CITY and PLEASANTVILLE.

E. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.
WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN PETROLEUM AND ITS PRODUCTS,
Office No. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.

KRYOLITE
For sale in lots to suit purchasers.
PENNA. SALT MANUFACTURING COMPANY
121 Walnut street, Philadelphia
Or, CLIFFORD PEMBERTON, AGENT,
Pittsburgh, Penna.

The Daily Commercial.

CITY MATTERS.

NEW BUILDINGS ERECTED IN 1869.

Number Erected in the Water District. 306—Total Number Estimated at Over Six Hundred in the City.

Through the courtesy of Mr. King, Assessor of Water Rents, we are enabled to give the subjoined list of new buildings erected in that part of the city supplied with water. The list aggregates three hundred and six buildings, the larger portion of which are dwellings. A number of fine warehouses, store rooms, factories, etc., have been built during the year, and three fine banking houses, several churches, the City Hall, and other public buildings are in course of erection. The amount of money (leaving the City Hall out of the calculation) expended in building this year, in the old city, will fall below that of the previous year; but in the new districts many fine and costly residences have been erected, the aggregate expenditure for which will equal, if not exceed, that of any preceding year. It is to be regretted the Assessor does not ascertain the cost, and present a more satisfactory description of the buildings erected. The list given below includes only those new buildings supplied with city water, and, in general terms, embraces only the "old ten wards" and Lawrenceville. The growth of some portions of the new wards has been unusually active, and it is believed that more new buildings have been put up outside of the city water bounds than inside. At East Liberty, Bloomfield, Hazelwood, Homewood, Torrens, and other points, building has been very active. It is within the mark to say that no less than six hundred new buildings have been erected in the consolidated city during the year just closed. The list, as taken from the Assessor's books, is as follows:

FIRST WARD.

Merchants and Manufacturers' Bank, bank building, Fourth avenue; Merchants and Manufacturers' Insurance Company, business house, Wood street; Miss T. H. Murdoch, three dwellings, Diamond street; Charles Wilkins's heirs, two story addition, First avenue; T. Evarts, two warehouses, Liberty street; N. McCombs, banking house, &c., No. 69 Wood street; Edward Heazleton, warehouse, Diamond; Armstrong & Bro., warehouse and cork factory, Water street; Jeremiah Dunlevy, stable.—Total, 11.

SECOND WARD.

M. B. Brown, one warehouse; R. S. Hays, two warehouses; Henry Hays, Richard Hays, Wm. Hays's heirs, and Charles Hays, each one warehouse—all located on Wood street; Calvin Adams, warehouse, First avenue; Alex. Chambers, two two story additions, 26 and 28 Wood street; Wm. Barker, Jr., warehouse, Diamond alley—Total, 11.

THIRD WARD.

Wm. Woods, one dwelling house, Miltenberger alley; Reineman & Meyran, addition to business house, Fifth avenue; Sands & Reineman, one store house, Fifth avenue; Mr. Gray, one store house, Fifth avenue; James Loughridge, one warehouse, Smithfield street; Bailey, Farrell & Co., one warehouse, Smithfield street; Chas. G. Hammer, one warehouse, Seventh avenue; Chas. G. Hammer, addition to church, Cherry alley; James A. McGuire, addition to No. 89 Fifth avenue; Adam Paff, one house (rebuilt) Smithfield street; Washington McClintock, one warehouse, Virgin alley. Total, 8.

FOURTH WARD.

J. W. Barker, warehouse, rebuilding, Sixth avenue; St. Andrew's Church, Ninth street; Andrew Crawford, addition to dwelling, O'Brien alley; Charles Goehring, rebuilding two houses, Liberty street; Reformed Presbyterian Church, Eighth street; S. M. Kier, two warehouses, Liberty street; F. A. Miersch & Bros, one warehouse, Sixth street; Young Men's Home, Duquesne Way; Oswald Werner, rebuilding, three houses, Penn street; Martin Connolly, two houses; Patrick Smith, one house; Lewis Woodson, one house; Geo. Auh, one house, all on Seventh avenue; Samuel Hare, stable, Penn street; S. S. Marvin, addition to cracker factory, Liberty street. Total, 19.

FIFTH WARD.

Ellen Strain, one house, Wylie street; John Quinn, one house, Wylie street; George Glass, bakery, Wylie street; O. J. McGann, shop, Fifth avenue; Peter O'Neil, three houses and stable, Denny alley; Jacob Hays, two houses, Fifth avenue; R. H. Hartley, three houses, Fifth avenue; Andrew Mulholland, one house, Bedford avenue. Total, 13.

SIXTH WARD.

George Baker, one house, Mr. Maloney, one house, Thomas Byron, three houses, Patrick O'Brien, one house, G. Burger, one house, all on Fifth avenue; Mr. Dugan, Richard Knowlson, Nathaniel Yeast, John Graner, Hugh Kenney and M. O'Connor, one house each; and Geo. Moffett, two houses, all on Gibbon street; John Armstrong, James Manning, each one house, and John Wandless, three houses, all on Forbes street; Peter Wilt, one house, Watson street; Anderson & Woods, new steel works, Hill street; John Leffley, addition, Magee street; James McGinniss, two additions, corner Fifth avenue and Pride street; John McLaughlin, August Bergemyer, and Henry Reifeneck, one house each, on Pride street; Kohne & Myers, four houses, and Stephen Speiker, one house, St. Patrick's alley; John Casey, one house, Vickroy street; Mary Whitmore, one house, Magee street; August Hilseman, addition, Magee street; Mr. McElroy, one house, Henry Langkamp, one house, Marion street; Thomas Kelly, one house, Fifth avenue; Christian Gillas, Mrs. Alice Malaley, one house each, Magee street. Total, 40.

SEVENTH WARD.

Ehrgott & Parks, shop, Washington street; J. C. Hamilton, shop, Washington street; Mrs. McDermott, house, Clark street; John McFarland, two houses, Smallman alley; John T. Gray, three houses, Scott street; Michael Driscall and Manus McLaughlin, one house each, Webster street; James M. Sterling, one house, Poplar alley; John O'Keefe, one house, Franklin street; T. B. Young & Bro., addition to furniture factory, Chatham street; Peter McCoy, one house, Washington street; H. R. Barnes, one house, Federal street; Robert Watson, one house, Fifth avenue, Michael Carr, two houses, Bedford avenue; Marshall & Kerr, two houses, Logan street; E. McGowin, one house, Congress street—Total, 21.

EIGHTH WARD.

Thomas Curtain, one house, Mercer street, Mr. Wilton, two houses, Fulton street; Thos. Hill, one house, Crawford, and two houses, Tannehill street; Wm. Burke, one house, Logan; Robert McEldonney, one house, Pasture street; John T. Gray, five houses, Crawford street; H. H. Wulftange, one house, Clark street; Robert Flinn, two houses, Logan street; John Patterson, two houses, Wylie street; Samuel Cummins, one house, Wylie street—Total, 19.

NINTH WARD.

Paul Seibert, one house; Nicholas Snyder, one house; John Shepherd's heirs, two houses, all on Penn street; St. James Church, lecture and school rooms, Penn street; John Kenna, one house, Liberty street; John R. Scott, one house, Pike street; Bernard Kenna, one house, Spring alley. Total, 8.

TENTH WARD.

David Strain, two houses, Liberty street; Joseph Stadleman, addition, four rooms, Penn street; J. M. Hoch, one house; Samuel McKelvey, two houses, Penn street; Wm. McCully & Co., glass factory, Liberty street. Total, 7.

ELEVENTH WARD.

Robert Sproul, one house, Joseph Orr, one house, and Hugh Ross, addition of two rooms, Cliff street; Jacob Hays, two houses, and Lippincott & Bakewell, one warehouse, Dinwiddie street; Evan Evans, one house and stable, Rose street; David Stevenson, one house, Jas. McGoffin, one house, Robert Scott, one house, Bedford street; Jos. Chestnut, one house, James Flinn, one house, Duncan street; Michael Harper, one house, Mrs. Carey, one house, Roberts street; John B. Moore, two houses; Thos. McKeefey, one house, Overhill street; Michael Sullivan, one house, Mr. Nolan, one house, Wick street; Samuel Allinder, addition, J. Philip Shool, one house, McClung & Rainbow, storeroom and stable, Edward McCollum, one house, Joseph Shoenemann, one house, Center avenue; Mrs. E. McAdams, one house, Joseph Little, one house, Joseph Findley, one house, Webster street; John Dhexel, one house, C. H. Love, stable, Francis Allen, two houses, Wylie Extension; John Helfman, addition, Louis Seymour, one house, Erin street; Jas. Blakely, one house, Devilliers street; John Kenline, one house, Enoch street; Wm. B. Hays, stable, A. G. McCandless, carriage house, Linton street; Jacob Walter, one house, Colwell street. Total, 36.

TWELFTH WARD.

C. H. Armstrong, three houses, Evan Reese, two house, Liberty street; John Herron, one houses, Richard Allen, one house, Jas. Hunt, addition, John Paisley, three houses, Wm. Oxford, two houses, George Maufitt, three houses, Samuel Smith, one house, David Edleman, two houses, Aaron Hozad, twohouses, J. F. Denniston, one house, — Denniston, one house, [illegible]chael Frank, one house, City Station House, [illegible]omas Murphy, two houses, Gothart Lemmer, [illegible] house, James Tibby, two houses, all on [illegible]nn street; D. and S. Shaffer, four houses, [illegible]illiam Shaffer, two houses, Wm. Johnson, [illegible] houses, Wm. Dickson, four houses, John [illegible]ndly, two houses, Michael Stopple, one house, [illegible] Mackerel, three houses, James M. Taylor & Bro., four houses, all on Smallman street; [illegible]d. Butron, one house, Mulberry alley; J. B. Herron & Co., addition, Twenty-first street; Patrick Connor, two houses, James Nelson, six houses, Spring alley; Wm. Hamilton & Co., glass factory, Railroad street; John Praetsch, two houses, Twenty-ninth street. Total, 66.

THIRTEENTH WARD.

Ludolph Kemper, one house, Devilliers street; Henry Kroeger, one house, Mrs. Bierman, one house, Rose street; E. P. Jones, two houses, Reed street; E. P. Jones, one house, Thomas Madison, one house, Wm. J. Scott, one house, Hill street; Henry Baer, one house, Irwin alley; Wm. Graham, one house, James Ginniff, one house, James G. Weir, two houses, Center avenue; Samuel Grove, one house, Mahon street. Total, 14.

FOURTEENTH WARD.

Reddick & Co., glass factory, Bluff street; Frederick Shroeder, four houses, Gist street; Wm. Miller, one house; Chas. P. Held, one house, Daniel McAleer, one house, Fifth avenue; John Morgan, one house, Brady street. Total, 9.

FIFTEENTH WARD.

Henry Kuhn, one house, Henry Storm, one house, Penn street; Geo. Shaffer, one house, Lawrenceville Savings Bank, two houses, Mr. Stein, one house, J. & A. Deitz, addition, Henry Clark, one house, Butler street; John Schitling, four houses, Charlotte street—Total, 11.

SIXTEENTH WARD.

Mr. McCutcheon, two houses, Thirty-third street—Total, 2.

SEVENTEENTH WARD.

Paul Smoker, one house, Henry Schmitt, one house, Butler street; John O'Leary, one house, and one addition, Forty-fourth street; W. Patterson, one house, Forty-third street; K. Bracken, two houses, Henry Hare, one house, Forty-first street—Total, 8.

RECAPITULATION.

First ward	11
Second ward	11
Third ward	11
Fourth ward	19
Fifth ward	13
Sixth ward	40
Seventh ward	21
Eighth ward	19
Ninth ward	8
Tenth ward	7
Eleventh ward	36
Twelfth ward	66
Thirteenth ward	14
Fourteenth ward	9
Fifteenth ward	11
Sixteenth ward	2
Seventeenth ward	8
Total	306

Policeman Discharged.

Wednesday afternoon a man named Dickson made information before the Mayor against a member of the night police for disorderly conduct. Mr. Dickson had hauled a load of coal to a house of ill-repute on Third avenue, and when he went in to get his money the defendant was there, and being drunk and quarrelsome drove Dickson from the house. Subsequently he demolished a portion of the furniture in the house. A warrant was issued but when the officers arrived he had gone. Some time afterward word was conveyed to the Mayor's office that a drunken man was lying asleep in Jackson's livery stable. The officers went there, and the drunken man proved to be the policeman they were seeking. He was placed in the lock-up and in the evening, having become sobered, was relieved of his uniform and released on leaving twenty-five dollars security for his appearance yesterday morning. The morning came but the accused did not, and a fine of twenty-five dollars was recorded.

NOTARY PUBLIC.—The Governor has appointed and the State Department commissioned John C. Newmyer, of Pittsburgh, a Notary Public for Allegheny county.

THE JOHNSTOWN ACCOMMODATION.

Presentation to Conductor Hopkins, Baggage Master Bougher and Other Employees—An Interesting Occasion.

A large and respectable party of citizens, who reside along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, between this city and Conemaugh station, assembled on Christmas night at the Railroad House, of the last named place, for the purpose of tendering their respects, and in a formal manner testifying as to their regard for David H. Hopkins, the conductor, and John Bougher, the baggage master, on the Johnstown Accommodation train. The meeting was called to order by electing George F. Huff, Esq., Chairman. Mr. Huff, in a few well timed remarks, stated that the object of the meeting was to "watch" Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Bougher, after which Wesley Wilson, Esq., was elected Secretary. The committee on procuring watches, made their report by placing upon the table two elegant gold time-keepers and chains, to be presented to the two gentlemen above named.

Rev. Thomas N. Boyle, of Greensburg, having been delegated to make the presentation address, came forward and spoke as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen:—We have convened together this evening for the purpose of manifesting our appreciation of the services rendered by two of the faithful and efficient employees of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, David H. Hopkins, the conductor, and John Bougher, the baggage master, of the Johnstown accommodation train—a train which makes its daily trip between this point (Conemaugh) and the city of Pittsburgh.

I have been selected by a number of their ardent friends, who reside along the line of the road, and who are accustomed frequently to ride upon this train, to act as the medium for conveying a verbal expression of their friendship, their attachment, and their high regard for them as gentlemen who have never betrayed the trust reposed in them by their employers, and who, while they have fulfilled every obligation due to the company have so demeaned themselves toward the passengers as to win and retain the respect of all classes of society.

While I congratulate you upon the fact that the auspices under which we have assembled are calculated to stir the memory and revive many pleasant reminiscences of the past, it will not be out of place for me to say that we are all in an important sense autobiographers—that is, we are writing our own history. Not with pen, ink and paper, but in a more indelible form we are making impressions on the minds and hearts of those with whom we come in contact. They are reading that history—weighing it in the balance and judging us by it. We have before us to-night an illustration of this idea. Here are two young men who have faithfully discharged the duties required of them in different vocations, and yet unconsciously to themselves they have attracted attention and made impressions on the minds of those who have met them on life's pathway. Those impressions have struck with force enough to arouse respect and call forth a response, and they have adopted this formal manner of making that response by presenting these valuable testimonials that are now before us.

Some years since there was a cloud appeared in the national sky. It produced fear in the hearts of some, many, however, hoped that it would soon pass away. This hope was not realized. The cloud gathered volume as time wore along, and as it increased in thickness and blackness the muttering thunder fell on our ears, the lightning's flash glared before our eyes, and the storm of rebellion broke forth in all its fury upon this peaceful nation. The cry rang out from the national capital for men to beat back the storm; scatter the clouds; clear the sky, and let the sunshine of peace and security once more beam forth in all its radiance upon this land. Men responded to the cry. They deserted the farm, the office, the counting room, the forum, the pulpit, the workshop, the river and the railroad, buckled on the armor and fought their way to victory and to peace. As one of the noble and brave band who made up the rank and file of the army, stood David H. Hopkins. I would have you remember that his response to his country's call, and his endurance of the privations of camp life during the entire war was,

"Not for idle hatred nor
For honor, nor fame, nor self applause,
But for the glory of the cause
He did that which will not be forgot."

The war closed, the army was discharged, and those who composed it sought out their positions in the various avocations of life. Mr. Hopkins turned up as brakeman on the accommodation train. For two years the sound of the whistle summoned him to the platform, where he applied the brake and checked the train, and all this time he answered every call and shrank from no duty that was incumbent upon him.

About two years since a dreadful calamity befel one of the men on this train. The name of "Charley" Parker still hangs upon the lips of those who mourn his premature death, and they have no taste to dwell upon the scenes that transpired on that fatal night, when he, in the discharge of his duty, was struck down by the hand of a cowardly assassin. Rowdyism was rampant and ruffianism became bold and defiant, and I regard it as complimentary to Mr. Hopkins that the company selected him to become the successor of the lamented Parker.

We owe more to the men who conduct our railway trains, than we are accustomed to concede; and I wish to say, considering the weight of their responsibility, the petty annoyances to which they are subjected by the thousand and one peculiar persons who throng their trains, and the tiresome labor they have to perform, that they deserve credit for the regularity and safety of their trains, and they also are to be commended for the manner in which they "conduct" themselves. That Mr. Hopkins has performed his part toward the Company is clearly proven by the fact that he retains his position on the road. That he has performed his part toward all his passengers is demonstrated by the presentation of this magnificent gold watch to him as a mark of the high esteem in which he is held by the masses.

About five years since the company laid hands on John Bougher and placed him in charge of the baggage car on this train—a position which he has efficiently filled without interruption from that period down to the present time. He, too, by his gentlemanly demeanor and accommodating traits, has won his way into the hearts of a large circle of friends who are only glad to embrace this opportunity of expressing their regard for him by the presentation of this gold watch. His course is but another illustration of the fact that the true secret of success in this life is to diligently devote ourselves to any work that is assigned us—to honor the position we occupy and the position will honor us. True.

"Honor and shame from no condition rise,
Act well your part—there all the honor lies."

And now, Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Bougher, permit me to say to you that this movement has not been brought about by the law of custom, but by a belief on the part of the donors that you are worthy of their confidence and friendship. I believe Charlotte Bronte has philosophically said: "Every joy that lifegives must be earned ere it is received, and how dearly earned, those only know who have wrestled for great prizes. The heart's blood must gem with beads the brow of the combatant before the laurel wreath rustles over." These donors consider that you have earned these prizes, and in handing them over to you I express their wish that your *track* through life may be clear of all *obstructions*, that you may always avoid *collisions*, and when your *train* reaches its destiny may it be the *station-house* of eternal felicity.

At the conclusion of Mr. Boyle's address, J. R. McAfee, Esq., came forward and spoke on behalf of Mr. Hopkins, as follows:

MR. PRESIDENT:—At the request and on the behalf of David H. Hopins, I am desired to say that he accepts this beautiful and valuable gift with feelings of sincere thankfulness. To those of his friends who have taken this method of manifesting their kindness towards him, he can only say that he shall ever strive, in the future as in the past, to do his duty faithfully, and thus retain the respect and esteem of all worthy men. There is an inward satisfaction—a peace of mind—an approving conscience connected with and inseparable from an earnest and honest endeavor to do our duty, which of itself is a rich reward. But constituted as we are, and surrounded as we always may expect to be, with a criticising and fault-finding world, it is a matter of encouragement to every man to know that his honesty and faithfulness are known, appreciated and acknowledged.

This valuable gold watch and chain—valuable as a time-piece, but a thousand times more valuable as a memento coming from his friends along the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad, between Conemaugh and Pittsburgh—shall ever be looked upon as an evidence that his life hitherto has not been altogether a failure. As the seconds, minutes and hours are marked by its movements on its face, so shall its constant ticking remind him that he is regularly and surely passing the milestones of human life, and, therefore, what his hands find to do he will do it with his might. In the hurry and bustle of human life and amid all its cares and anxieties, he will ever look back to Christmas of 1869, at Conemaugh Station, as one of the brightest spots in his history.

Permit me, in conclusion, to repeat that with feelings of gratitude Mr. Hopkins accepts this magnificent watch and chain, and tenders his kindest regards and acknowledgments for the same.

Hon. Jas. A. Hunter spoke on behalf of Mr. Bougher, as follows:

Mr. Chairman and Gentlemen: On behalf of my personal friend, Mr. Bougher, I return thanks for this beautiful present. We prize it, sir, not only for its intrinsic value—not only because it is of gold, but more especially because of the motive that prompted the gift, and we are gratified to know that our humble services as baggage master have been appreciated. And while our friend Mr. Hopkins has had in charge a most valuable cargo—human life—so let me say has my friend here had committed to him from time to time a valuable cargo, composed of every imaginable thing, from a can of milk to a jug of whisky, [as my Greensburg friends well know of] and from a set of hoops to a poodle dog or a baby, all of which have been sacredly cared for and faithfully delivered.

The eloquent remarks of Mr. Boyle as well as the occasion calls up even amid our joy sad memories. "Charley" Parker, the predecessor of "Davy" Hopkins, to-night lies sleeping among your mountains the calm, quiet, unwaking slumber of death. I knew much of the lamentable occurrence of his death, and my heart was touched when it was referred to. But let me promise you for Mr. Hopkins and Mr. Bougher, that as their companion died at his post protecting the public, which was then in his charge, so will they, if need be, stand by their posts, even should the assassin's dagger again be drawn.

Again permit me to thank you for this token of your approbation. This pleasant occasion will not soon be forgotten, and Christmas night in the year of grace 1869 will long leave pleasant memories behind.

Soon after these exercises supper was announced, and the entire party repaired to a table laden down with all things necessary to supply the wants of the inner man. We are only sorry that we did not retain a bill of fare, so as to give our readers some idea of the excellent taste displayed by the landlord and his lady in superintending this meal. Suffice it to say that the entire party appreciated the situation, and manifested their thankfulness at the close of the supper by tendering a unanimous vote of thanks to the host and hostess for the contributions they had made towards the pleasure of the meeting.

Before the meeting adjourned Mr. Boyle was called upon to present to Mr. McKue, the engineer of the train, a check for fifty dollars. There was also a roll of greenbacks presented to Patrick O'Neil, the brakeman on the train. This affair passed off pleasantly enough to justify all in saying "it was good to be there."

MASONIC APPOINTMENTS.

By the Right Worshipful Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania for Western Pennsylvania.

Tuesday being St. John's Day, the officers elect of the Right Worshipful Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania were duly installed at Philadelphia. R. W. G. M. Robert A. Lamberton announced among others, the following appointments for Western Pennsylvania:

Grand Chaplains—Benj. F. Brooke, Pittsburgh; Rev. I. I. McIlyar, Pittsburgh.

Grand Steward—William Noble, No. 45 Pittsburgh.

Trustee of Building Fund—Wilson McCandless, No. 287, Pittsburgh.

Committee of Finance—James Herdman No. 287, Pittsburgh.

District Deputy Grand Masters—Brother G. S. Snyder, of Williamsport, for the counties of Lycoming and Union; Brother C. J. T. McIntyre, of New Bloomfield, for the counties of Perry, Mifflin and Juniata; Brother Alexander M. Lloyd, of Hollidaysburg, for the counties of Huntingdon, Blair, Bedford and Cambria; Brother Charles R. Early, of Early, Elk county, for the counties of Elk, Cameron and McKean; Brother Orrin T. Noble, of Lock Haven, for the counties of Center, Clearfield and Clinton; Brother Chas. F. Knapp, of Bloomsburg, for the counties of Montour, Columbia and Wyoming; Brother Branton H. Henderson, of New Castle; for the counties of Butler, Lawrence and Mercer; Brother Richard Coulter, of Greensburg, for the counties of Westmoreland and Indiana; Brother A. M. Pollock, of Pittsburgh, for the counties of Allegheny and Beaver; Brother Madison M. Meredith, of Brookville, for the counties of Clarion, Jefferson, and Armstrong; Brother William Wolff, of Washington, for the counties of Washington and Greene; Brother C. M. Hoover, of Franklin, for the counties of Venango, Warren and Forest; Brother Pearson Dhurch of Meadville, for the county of Crawford; Brother William Chattand, of Brownsville, for the counties of Fayette and Somerset; Brother Wm. Hunrod, Jr., of Erie, for the county of Erie.

The M. E. G. H. P. of the M. E. Grand Chapter of Pennsylvania, at the annual communication held at the Masonic Temple on Tuesday evening, made the following appointments for Western Pennsylvania:

District Deputy High Priests—Companion J. King McLanahan, of Hollidaysburg, for the counties of Blair, Cambria, Huntingdon, Mifflin, Juniata, Bedford and Fulton; Companion Wm. Chatland, of Brownsville, for the counties of Washington, Fayette, Greene and Somerset; Companion James H. Hopkins, of Pittsburgh, for the counties of Allegheny, Westmoreland, Beaver, Armstrong, Butler and Indiana; Companion James R. Barber, of Titusville, for the counties of Lawrence, Crawford, Mercer and Erie; Companion Christian M. Hoover, of Franklin, for the counties of Warren, Forest, Jefferson, Elk, Clarion and Venango.

Beautiful Flowers.

The most attractive novelties in the shape of aquariums, roses, brackets, bird cages and flower baskets, are to be seen at 112 Smithfield street. Messrs. J. R. & A. Murdoch have made extensive preparations for the new year, especially in the matter of providing elegant flower baskets, filled with choice flowers. Some of the finest flowers, selected and arranged with exquisite taste, are to be seen in their windows and gracing their counters. The stock of general goods to be found in their establishment is very large. All that is new, novel and appropriate will be found in their aquariums, which are of all sizes and styles conceivable.

THE COLORED CONVENTION.

Third Day's Session—Resolutions of Respect to the Memory of Hon. Edwin M. Stanton—Reports and Resolutions—Final Adjournment.

The convention reassembled at ten o'clock, yesterday morning, and was called to order by Vice President, H. H. Garnett, who offered the opening prayer.

The minutes of the sessions of the preceding day were read and approved.

The report of the Finance Committee presented the evening before, but laid over for further consideration was now taken up, and after a prolonged discussion adopted.

The report of the Committee on Politics was presented and adopted.

Prof. S. A. Neal presented the following:

Resolved, That in view of the impartial and correct report of our proceedings in the Pittsburgh papers, and the general interest manifested by many of the prominent citizens of this locality, this Convention extends grateful acknowledgements for courtesies received, and express thanks to the Pittsburgh COMMERCIAL, *Gazette*, *Dispatch*, *Post*, *Chronicle* and *Evening Mail*, for reports of its proceedings, and kind encouragement.

The same gentlemen presented a resolution extending thanks to the trustees of the church for the use of their church. Both resolutions were carried.

Mr. W. H. Thomas presented the following resolutions, in respect to the memory of Hon. Edwin M. Stanton:

WHEREAS, In the wisdom of Divine Providence the Hon. Edwin M. Staton, late Secretary of War, and Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the United States, was, on Friday last, the 24th instant, suddenly summoned from a life of incessant activity to an existence of repose in immortality, leaving behind, besides a tender wife and four loving children, together with many near and endeared personal friends to lament their sad bereavement, an entire nation to mourn the loss of one who was second to none in the genuine affections of the people—whose whole life was spent in the service of others, for the good of others—and who was especially conspicuous for his disinterested interest in behalf of his country—and to whose timely and determined efforts while in the cabinet of the late Mr. Buchanan, no small credit is justly due him for his attempts to curb a gigantic rebellion in its incipient stages, by doing much to prepare the nation for the impending crisis—and afterwards the result of whose unparalleled labors as the great war minister of the nineteenth century—in the confidence and council of the martyred and immortal Lincoln, *were* only equalled by the brilliant achievements of our arms on the field, and whose demise was accelerated by the indefatigable and unceasing labors devolving upon him, while guarding the liberties of the nation, when treason, crushed by the strong arm of the sword on the field, began an unsurpassed series of manipulations for a continued usurpation of power, aided by the willing Executive of a loyal Government, and who, in death, was the same undaunted and unflinching loyal friend of Liberty and Justice, and unswerving enemy of tyranny and oppression.

Resolved, That, while we bow in humble submission to the mandate of an all-wise Providence, yet we sincerely mourn the loss of *one* who was ever the tried and true friend of the Republic—never more so than during her darkest hours—the trusted friend and counsellor of the lamented Lincoln, the zealous advocate of freedom, a terror to the friends of treason, hated by none but traitors and held in esteem by the good of all parties; he was confessedly the staunch friend of right and the devoted friend of the oppressed colored American.

Resolved, That, in his death, the country loses a loyal and patriotic citizen, the nation, an eminent statesman, the bar an able jurist, and the Supreme Judiciary of the United States, one whose legal acumen, integrity of character and unbiased judicial convictions ranked him among the first of his peers.

Resolved, That we hereby tender our sincere sympathies to the widow and orphans of our lamented friend and esteemed fellow citizen, Hon. Edwin M. Stanton, and that a copy of these resolutions be forwarded to the family of the deceased at Washington City, D. C., and that a copy be furnished for publication in the daily papers.

Remarks were made by H. H. Garnett, S. N. Neale, O. L. C. Hughes and others, who paid an eloquent tribute to the memory of the deceased. The resolutions were adopted unanimously.

Mr W. H. Thomas presented the following:

Resolved, That in the *Progress of Liberty*, a public newspaper published at Harrisburg, Pa., and edited by Mr. O. L. C. Hughes, we recognize an able attempt to demonstrate the capacity of colored men for the proper management of the public press, and we further recognize in the aforesaid newspaper, an earnest and peerless advocate of justice and equality, and an especial opposer of all unjust and oppressive measures detrimental to the interests of colored Americans, therefore we recommend the *Progress of Liberty* as especially worthy of the patronage and confidence of the citizens of Pennsylvania.

The resolution was adopted.

Prof. S. A. Neale moved that a committee of fifteen be appointed to call the next annual meeting at Pittsburgh, December 27, 1870, and that the committee be invested also with discretionary power to call a special Convention sooner if necessary. The motion was carried and the committee appointed.

There being no other business before the meeting, the Convention adjourned.

AN ARTFUL DECEIVER.

A Young Man from Philadelphia Relieves a Wealthy Family in this City of Valuable Jewels—Part of the Stolen Property Recovered.

About four weeks ago, a young man giving his name as H. W. Klett, came to this city from Philadelphia, and soon after his arrival made the acquaintance of a wealthy family in Allegheny City. His relations with the family, and especially with one of the daughters, was of the most intimate nature. Various articles of jewelry were loaned him, among which an elegant gold watch and chain belonging to the young lady, and worth about three hundred dollars. Other members of the family also loaned him jewelry, until he had in his possession over four hundred dollars. He suddenly decamped with these treasures, and although search was immediately instituted he could not be found. Chief of Police Hague was entrusted with the case, learning that Klett had turned up in Philadelphia, started officer Strain to that place to arrest him. The head of the family in which the depredations of Klett were committed accompanied the officer to Philadelphia, where they found Klett in the clutches of the law, having been apprehended on a variety of charges. The officer endeavored to get possession of the accused, but the authorities refused to turn him over until they were through with him. The watch and chain and several articles of stolen jewelry were found in the possession of the prisoner and secured. Referring to the balance of the jewelry Klett stated that he had sold it to F. Kremer, jeweller, Penn street, this city. The officer called on Mr. Kremer and ascertained that the jewelry had been purchased and melted. The prisoner will likely be brought here as soon as the Philadelphia authorities get through with him.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Stowe.

This Court met yesterday at ten o'clock, but after waiting a few minutes to receive the verdict of the jury in the case of Gerhardt Johnston, tried for manslaughter, the jury not having agreed upon a verdict, the Court took a recess until noon. At twelve the Court met again, when the jury came in and stated that they were unable to agree. Judge Stowe then discharged them from any further consideration of the case. It is said they stood six for conviction for involuntary manslaughter, and six for acquittal—not varying from the time they went out until they came into Court.

There will be no jury trials in this Court till Monday next.

DISTRICT COURT.

The District Court will be in session this morning for the purpose of fixing the trial list for the coming week, and also of disposing of current motions.

Jury trials will be renewed on Monday, Judge Hampton on the Bench. Parties interested should note the fact.

Real Estate Sales.

The following deeds were filed of record before Recorder Thos. H. Hunter, on Thursday, December 30, 1869:

C. Hanson Love to A. S. Nicholson; December 11, 1869; 40 by 130 feet on Franklin street, Allegheny City....$5,000

George Rupprecht to George Hagemeier; May 28, 1869; 22 by 64 feet on Caroline street, borough of East Birmingham....$700

Adam Reineman to Abraham Danter; August 21, 1866; 40 by 120 feet on Tustin street, Thirteenth ward, Pittsburgh....$900

Ebenezer Brewer to Kirkpatrick, Lyons & Co.; December 16, 1869; the "Pacific Oil Works," Twelfth ward, Pittsburgh....$35,000

David Bovard to Elizabeth Gibbons; October 30, 1865; one-half acre in Versailles township, adjoining Coultersville....$725

Corydon Marks to Directors of Common School District of Manchester; November 20, 1849; lot 48 by 105 feet northwest corner of Fayette and Chartiers streets....$800

A. P. Norton to Thos. Berkens; July 27, 1869; lot No. 59 in A. P. Norton's plan, Lower St. Clair township....$350

Valentine Stier to Henry Goehring; December 1, 1869; lot 91 by 150 feet on Spring Garden avenue, Seventh ward, Allegheny City..$7,250

Samuel Ansill to Daniel Ryan; August 28, 1869; 20 by 140 feet on the Brownsville road, Lower St. Clair township....$250

S. P. Kerr to Emma Brant; December 4, 1869; 25 by 230 feet on Poplar street, Allegheny City....$500

Railway Matters.

General order No. 28, just issued by Edward H. Williams, Esq., General Superintendent of the Pennsylvania Railroad, is as follows: "On and after January 1st, 1870, the Western Pennsylvania Railroad and Indiana branch will be designated as the "West Pennsylvania Division," and will be operated as a distinct Division of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Antes Snyder, Esq., formerly Resident Engineer of the Western Pennsylvania Railroad and Indiana Branch, has been transferred to other service. Robert Nelson has been appointed Resident Engineer of the West Pennsylvania Division, to date from January 1st, 1870. His office will be at Blairsville, Pa. It is officially announced that on and after the first of January no free tickets will be furnished by the Pennsylvania Central and Philadelphia and Erie Railroads to persons attending conventions of religious, political, educational, agricultural and other meetings. Round trip tickets, at the rate of two cents per mile, will, however, be issued if application is made in time and to the proper railroad officials.

List of Unmailable Letters.

The following is a list of letters held at the Pittsburgh Postoffice for want of pre-payment of postage, and on account of misdirection. The writers can get them by applying at the Postoffice:

	Cents
Black, Clara A., Wilkins, Pa	3
Busbay, Jenney, Cadiz, Ohio	3
Johnston, James J., Washington, D. C	3
Kittle, Klingenberg & Co., New York	3
Schmidt, H., Newburgh, N. Y	3
Secretary Typographical Union, Quincy, Ill	3
Schweinhart, Bro. J. A., Cleveland, O	3

Concert and Tableaux at Torrens.

A grand concert and tableau exhibition was given last evening, at the Lincoln Hall, Twenty-first ward, for the benefit of the Westminster Presbyterian Church, at Torrens station. There was a crowded house, and the performances were highly creditable and successful throughout. The singing was most artistic and effective, while the scenery of the tableaux was magnificent. The entertainment will be repeated this evening, at the same place, and also on New Year's night. The proceeds are for a worthy purpose, and it is to be hoped that the hall will be crowded this and to-morrow evening.

WATCH-NIGHT MEETING.—There will be a watch-night service in the First Methodist Church, Fifth avenue, above Smithfield street, this evening. The exercises will begin at 10:30 P. M., in the audience room, and an appropriate sermon will be preached by the Rev. Mr. Sheehan, Evangelist, late from London. The members and friends of this church will hold a social meeting in the lecture room in the early part of the evening, when refreshments will be provided. A pleasant time is anticipated in the way of strengthening old acquaintanceships and forming new ones.

JEWISH WEDDING.—There was a large and fashionable gathering at Turner Hall, on Wednesday evening, to witness the marrage of Mr. L. Kiefer of Allegheny, to Miss Esther, daughter of Mr. M. Krauss, of the same city. There were six groomsmen and six bridesmaids, and the marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. L. Naumburg, according to the Jewish formula. The guests then sat down to a splendid supper, and dancing and other social pleasures followed the feast.

MASONIC ELECTION.—At the last stated meeting of McCandless Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 390, Fifteenth ward, December 23, 1869, the following officers were elected the ensuing year: W. M., John H. Ulam; Sr. W., George Clay; Jr. W., Wm. Clark; Treasurer, George Lang; Secretary, Wm. King; Trustees, A. Anderson, John Scott and John Moore.

INSTALLATION SERVICES.

Rev. E. Y. Garrette Installed as Pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church—Interesting Exercises.

In compliance with letters missive from the Plymouth Congregational Church, Pittsburgh, an Ecclesiastical Council convened at two o'clock P. M. yesterday in the First Methodist Church, Fifth avenue, for the purpose of examining the Rev. E. Y. Garrette, who was called to the pastorate of that church. The following members were present: Revs. Samuel Wolcott, D. D., J. E. Twitchell, D. O. Jones, F. A. Noble, E. K. Squier, Alex. Clark and Sa'mon Stevens and their corresponding delegates L. F. Mellon, E. W. Smith, A. B. Ross, D. Davis, Wm. Bakewell, J. F. Griggs, Ross Carr, Geo. W. Lazear, Henry Smith.

The Council was organized by electing Rev. J. E. Twitchell, Moderator, and Rev. Alexander Clark, Secretary.

After devotional exercises, papers were submitted by the chairman of the committee relative to the call of the Pastor elect, the Reverend E. Y. Garrette, of Millbury, Massachusetts, and his acceptance of the same; and also by the candidate, relative to his ecclesiastical and ministerial standing. After a full examination by the Council respecting his theological opinions, and his views of the ministerial office, it was unanimously voted that the examination was satisfactory.

After arranging the order of exercises for the evening the Council adjourned.

In the evening a large audience assembled in the First Methodist Church, for the purpose of taking part in the exercises incident to the installation of the Rev. E. Y. Garrette as pastor of the Plymouth Congregational Church of this city. The exercises throughout were of an highly interesting character and produced a deep impression. The music, which was furnished by the choir of the First Methodist Church, was of a high order, and reflected great credit on its members. Mr. E. E. Rinehart is the popular chorister of this choir, and it is owing much to his efforts that the choir has succeeded in taking a leading rank here.

The exercises were opened by the choir singing the beautiful anthem "Glory to God" which was produced with fine effect.

At the conclusion of the singing of the anthem, Rev. Alexander Clark read the minutes of the Council held in the afternoon.

After the reading of the minutes, Rev. E. W. Smith read the Seventy-second Psalm, after which prayer was offered by the Rev. J. E. Twitchell, of Mansfield, Ohio.

The audience then united in singing the ninety-fifth hymn.

Rev. Dr. Wolcott now delivered an interesting and instructive sermon, founded on Eph. 1, 7—"In whom we have redemption through his blood, the forgiveness of sins, according to the riches of his grace."

After the delivery of the sermon, Rev. E. K. Squier, D. D., offered the installation prayer in a fervent manner.

Rev. J. E. Twitchell, of Mansfield, Ohio, now delivered the charge to the pastor, as follows:

It has fallen to my lot to offer you a few kind words before you enter upon this new relation and bind your home in the midst of these new scenes. I may say here that I do not know what counsel to give you. You have brought to us this evening the records of more years of ministerial labor, and greater success than God has given me, and instead of speaking to you, I rather feel that you should speak to me. I can, however, say to you that I rejoice that you have responded to their unanimous and earnest call, and are here to-night to be married to them. I may also say that I rejoice in your behalf, that God has brought you into the midst of a people whose hearts are so warm, who have made such sacrifices in the past for the sake of their Master, and who are willing to make more sacrifices. I think, as you give your heart to-night to this people, and as they give their hearts to you, that the angels in heaven are rejoicing. The relation which is now being formed is one of the most solemn that can be formed. You know its joys, but, dear brother, you also know its sorrows. You doubtless feel the burden and the responsibility which God places upon us as his servants. I would counsel you here to remember the brotherhood of the church. All believing children are members of the same great and glorious family, with common hopes, and common trials and a common home above. As you move in the midst of this Christian city, join your heart and hand with the brotherhood here, feeling that you are called with them to work out the salvation of this city. I beg you to remember that your interest, as the pastor of this church, are the common interests of all your brethren in the city. I counsel you to remember that you are to be the pastor of this church, and that your power to reach the hearts of the people will be in proportion to the power you wield not so much in the pulpit, as in your intercourse in the Christian homes of your people. But, brother, if you are to win hearts, you must be in deep sympathy with them in all their sorrows, in all their joys and in all their trials.

I counsel you to remember the dear children and youth of your congregation, and to feel that Christ is waiting on your ministry to gather the lambs in his arms, and to carry them in His bosom, and to believe in your heart that little children can love Jesus, and be impressed by this wondrous redemption. I counsel you again to remember especially the young men of this city; it is crowded with them. Their hearts are susceptible; their hearts are longing for Christian counsel. Give these young men your hand. Seek them out and lead them to Christ. I again counsel you especially to attend in your visitations and labors the poor, those seemingly forgotten ones who crowd all our cities. Go to their homes. Speak to them on the subject of religion, and God shall give them to you as the fruit of your labor. Let your only aim be to accomplish much good, and you will have your reward.

At the conclusion of this charge, Rev. Alex. Clark, on behalf of the Church, extended to the newly installed pastor, the hand of Christian fellowship, in the following words:

In behalf of the Council assembled to day, and I may venture to say, in behalf of the Christian Churches of Pittsburgh generally, I extent to you the right hand of Christian fellowship—that means whole hearted brotherhood. We welcome you to our city, and the work of saving souls in this place. We have heard your record. We have confidence in your life, and in the truth you preach. We recognize in you a fellow servant of our Lord and Master. We welcome you to our pulpits. We welcome you to our homes. You shall have our sympathies, our congratulations in all your labor of love, and in all your work of faith. We need you, our brother, and in God's name we welcome you as a fellow worker in the vineyard of the Lord, and there are angels working with you. Are not angels ministering spirits sent forth to minister to all who are the heirs of salvation; not only do the angels work with us, but God himself works in us. Let us be faithful, faithful until death, that we may receive our crown of everlasting life, a crown set shining full of stars, as the seals of our sacred and united ministry of the Word. Amen.

Rev. Dr. Howard then delivered the charge to the people, defining at length the duties of the people to their pastor. The doctor made use of his finest efforts, and succeeded in holding the attention of the audience throughout his interesting remarks. The 119th hymn was then sung, after which the audience was dismissed with the benediction, which was pronounced by the Rev. E. Y. Garrette.

FROM FAYETTE CITY.

The Shooting Affray on Christmas Day—Suicide of a Wife and Mother.

Special Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Commercial.

FAYETTE CITY, December 29, 1869.

The informant of the *Chronicle* of your city, in regard to the shooting affray that occurred in this place on Christmas day, is in error in regard to several particulars that implicate the standing of very respectable and quiet citizens. In the first place the difficulty did not originate and was not near the hotel of Mr. Kane. Neither was Mr. Martin implicated in any way, in the matter, and as far as I can learn was not even present when the shooting occurred. The facts of the affray are these:

Harvey Shively, with several others, had been indulging a little too freely in the "ardent," and Shively, feeling disposed to become quarrelsome, and using his revolver in a very loose manner, Mr. Baldwin, a quiet and peaceful man, gently placed his hand on Shively's shoulders, and told him to put his revolver up or he would shoot some one, when he immediately pointed it at Baldwin and fired, the ball entering the lower part of the chest striking a rib and lodging in the back near the spine, having fortunately followed the course of the rib. He is under the care of Drs. Gordon and McCay, who report him getting along very favorably, in every respect. After Shively fired he started to make his escape, but was captured in less than fifteen minutes, and by the prompt action of our Burgess, J. S. McKee, Esq., was inside of an hour on his way to the county jail, there to await trial. Our town for the last six months has been very orderly, and it is nothing more thon justice to its citizens to say that neither of the parties implicated in the affray were residents of the town. Whisky has been the origin of the whole trouble, and the citizens have determined to petition the Legislature to pass a law prohibiting the sale of intoxicating drinks in the town or neighborhood, and I am glad to say the petition is being very generally signed by the lovers of good order.

The wife of Mr. James Cummins, living about two miles from this place, committed suicide on Thursday the 23d inst., by hanging herself in the mow loft with a halter chain, which she had fastened to one of the rafters. Her husband and only child were both absent from home, the former, I understand, at prayer meeting, and the latter, a boy, at school. She was found in this condition a short time after her death. The family are very respectable, and were members of the Presbyterian Church. No cause is assigned for the suicide. G.

Councilman Caned.

Thomas P. Houston, Esq., member of Common Council from the Second ward, whose term of office will expire this evening, was waited upon at his residence, Second avenue, last evening, by his fellow committeemen, and presented with an elegant ebony cane, gold mounted, as a mark of their esteem. Mr. Houston has been an active member of the Market and Survey Committees, and this testimonial from his fellow members of those committees abundantly shows the high estimation in which his services were held. The presentation speech was made by Howell Jones, Esq., and the response by J. E. McKelvy, Esq., member elect of the Common Council, after which Mr. Houston entertained his friends with a bountiful collation, when the usual accompaniments, sentiments and speeches followed. The occasion was an agreeable one, and to none more so than the worthy recipient of his friends' esteem.

CITIZENS ARRESTED.—Two citizens of Lawrenceville were arrested Tuesday night for disorderly conduct. The officer alleged that they were misbehaving in the vicinity of the Garrison wall. They were conveyed to the Seventeenth ward station house and locked up, but were afterwards discharged by Deputy Mayor Nichols. The gentlemen have preferred charges against the arresting officers, and Mayor Brush will give them a hearing to-day.

Public Amusemets.

OPERA HOUSE.—Edwin Adams's performace of "Hamlet" was enjoyed last evening by a large and fashionable audience. This evening Mr. Adams will have his only benefit, when he will give his admirable personation of the dashing "Rover," in O'Keefe's comedy of "Wild Oats," and will also appear as "Vapid," in the "Dramatist." These are two of the finest of the old comedies which yet keep the stage, and their principal characters in the hands of Mr. Adams will find an able representative. The box sheet for this evening indicates a crowded audience.

THEATER.—The mirth-provoking Ethiopian comedian, Charley Benedict, will have a benefit this evening, when a variety of new and amusing acts will be presented. The entertainment promises to be unusually pleasing, and the theater, it is anticipated, will be crowded.

VARIETIES.—The large audiences nightly in attendance here are enthusiastic in their applause over the acts of the popular performers. The acts are varied, numerous and pleasing, and cannot fail to gratify all who can attend.

MUSEUM.—The attendance at the Museum day and evening continues to be large, and all approve of the attractions so judiciously provided by Major Burnell.

THE HANLONS commence the week at the Academy with their new and it is said greatest acrobatic [illegible] ever attempted by gymnastic performers.

Liverpool and Great Western Steamship Company.

One of the vessels of this company, which are considered the most reliable sailing between New York and Liverpool, sails from New York regularly every Wednesday. Parties desiring to secure passage can do so by calling on T. H. Rattigan, agent, No. 47 Smithfield street, between Third and Fourth avenues, where plan of cabins can be seen and full particulars had.

Carriages to Operas and Concerts

Only three dollars, at Burns's, 140 Grant street.

The Combination of Ingredients

Used in making "Brown's Bronchial Troches" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety. The Troches are used always with good success, and are widely known as the best remedy for coughs, colds, throat diseases and asthmatic troubles.

Carriages for Balls and Parties

Only four dollars, at J. & W. J. Burns's, 149 Grant street.

690 Penn Street.

Store and dwelling. See McIlwaine's auction advertisement for particulars of the above desirable business property, to be sold on the premises this afternoon, at 2½ o'clock. There are also two small brick dwellings on rear of large lot.

The Great Pictorial Annual.

Hostetter's United States Almanac for 1870, for distribution, *gratis*, throughout the United States and all civilized countries of the Western Hemisphere, is now ready for distribution, and all who wish to understand the true philosophy of health should read and ponder the valuable suggestions it contains. In addition to an admirable medical treatise on the causes, prevention and cure of a great variety of diseases, it embraces a large amount of information interesting to the merchant, the mechanic, the miner, the farmer, the planter, and the professional man; and the calculations have been made for such meridians and latitudes as are most suitable for a correct and comprehensive NATIONAL CALENDAR.

The nature, uses, and extraordinary sanitary effects of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS, the staple tonic and alterative of more than half the Christian world, are fully set forth in its pages, which are also interspersed with pictorial illustrations, valuable recipes for the household and farm, humorous anecdotes, and other instructive and amusing reading matter, original and selected. Among the annuals appearing with the opening of the year, this is one of the most useful, and *may be had for the asking*. The proprietors, Messrs. Hostetter & Smith, on receipt of a two cent stamp, will forward a copy by mail to any person who can not procure one in his neighborhood. The BITTERS are sold in every city, town and village, and are extensively used throughout the entire civilized world.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW OPERA HOUSE.

BENEFIT AND LAST NIGHT BUT ONE OF
EDWIN ADAMS.

FRIDAY EVENING, December 31, 1869, O'Keefe's delightful Comedy of
WILD OATS.
In which Mr. Adams will give his great impersonation of the dashing ROVER.
To conclude with the celebrated Comedy of
THE DRAMATIST.
Vapid....Edwin Adams.
Saturday Afternoon—Enoch Arden Matinee.
Monday—First appearance in this city of Mr. JOS. K. EMMETT.

PITTSBURGH THEATER.

H. W. WILLIAMS....Sole Lessee and Manager.
TO-NIGHT, the eminent Comic Vocalist and Comedian J. S. BERRY. Last week of DICK SANDS, HERR HOLTUM, in new feats of strength. The entire company in brilliant acts. Ladies' Matinee on Wednesday. Admission, 25 cents. Tuesday—Benefit of the Lopez Family. Wednesday Benefit of J. R. Lane. Friday—Benefit of Chas. Benedict.

TRIMBLE'S VARIETIES THEATER,
Penn street, near Sixth, late St. Clair.
V. E. BRAMER....Manager.
IMMENSE ATTRACTION FOR HOLIDAY WEEK.
First appearance in this city of the greatest Contortionist in the world,
SIG. FARRANTA.
First appearance of KITTIE O'NEIL, JULIA ROBINSON and the great song and dance performer NEIL ROGERS. Matinee on New Years Day.

CONCERT AND TABLEAUX,
To be held in Lincoln Hall,
Twenty-first Ward School House, on THURSDAY and FRIDAY, December 30 and 31 1869, and SATURDAY, January 1, 1870, for the Benefit of Westminster Presbyterian Church, Torrens Station. Doors open at 7½ o'clock P. M.
Admission 50 cents.

ORPHANS' FAIR
OPEN EVERY EVENING,
IN BASEMENT OF CATHEDRAL. tf

BURNELL'S
Museum and Parlor Menagerie.
The Great Family Resort, FIFTH AVENUE, between Smithfield and Wood streets, opposite Old Theater. OPEN DAY AND EVENING all the year round.
Admission, 25 cents. Children 15 cents.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC
FOR ONE WEEK ONLY,
COMMENCING JANUARY 3.
Grand Combination.
The World-renowned Gymnasts,
The Hanlon Brothers
THE MIRTH-PROVOKING LITTLE
HANLON MIDGETS,
AND
The Wonderful Little Bob
IN THEIR ASTOUNDING
New Great Act,
And other Attractive Novelties. They will be accompanied by
ALF. BURNETT,
The inimitable American Humorist,
Miss Helen Nash,
The Versatile Commedienne, and
JAS. W. SHARPLEY,
Pronounced the greatest living Concertinist, the whole forming a combination unequalled in the variety and in the interesting and unexceptionable character of the performances.
Notwithstanding the great expense attending this Grand Combination the prices of admission have been fixed at the following rates: Parquette and Dress Circle, 75 cents; Secured seats, $1 00; Family Circle, 50 cents; Gallery, 25 cents.
Seats for any evening may be secured on and after Friday morning, December 31, at Kleber & Bros., 122 Wood street.

AUCTION SALES.

BRICK STORE AND DWELLING,
No. 690 Penn Street, and two Brick Dwellings on Spring Alley.
FRIDAY AFTERNOON, December 31, at 2½ o'clock, will be sold on the premises, without reserve, that desirable and very valuable business property, No. 690 Penn street, above Seventeenth street. The lot is 25 feet front on Penn street, and 100 feet in depth to Spring alley, with the two story brick Store and Dwelling, No. 690 Penn street, and two small brick Dwellings on Spring alley.
Terms—Two-thirds cash; balance in one year, with interest. Title indisputable. This property will rent for $1,000 per annum.
A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.
SILL & SHUTTERLY, Agents.

Robert H. Patterson & Co.,
CORNER OF
Seventh Avenue and Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Will, on every Saturday, hold an Auction Sale of
Horses, Carriages, Buggies, Wagons,
And everything appertaining to the Horse.
Parties desiring to sell will please leave their notice of consignment on or before Thursday of each week in order for advertising. Prompt attention and good care will be given all Stock left for sale.
JOHN H. STEWART,
AUCTIONEER.

FOR SALE,
The Lease of Four Lots of Ground fronting on A. V. R. R. and Allegheny river, 96 front by 400 deep, near Twenty eighth street. Also, the Buildings and improvements on the same, consisting of one two-story Building, iron-clad, 96 by 50 feet; one one-story Building 132 by 50 feet, with Blacksmith Shop 60 by 22 feet; one Engine, 12 inch cylinder, 24 inch stroke and Boilers—main line of Shafting in the entire Building, Sheds in yard, Fire Plugs, &c.
The Lease has about 15 years to run, and the property is very desirable for manufacturing purposes—would be an excellent site for a Glass House or Machine Shop and Foundry. For further particulars, address
Box 670, Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE.
THAT DESIRABLE
DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING,
No. 25 Isabella street, Allegheny city, containing 12 Rooms, all in the best order. Gas, Water, Boston Range in Kitchen, and all the conveniences of a modern house; large Yard in rear of house with paved walks; large Shade Trees, &c., Marble Mantels in Parlors; Halls and Dining Room Paneled and Varnished. Lot 33⅓x87 feet to a paved alley. Carpets and Furniture will be sold if desired. Possession given April 1st, 1870. Parties desiring to purchase such a House are invited to inspect the premises. Price low. Terms reasonable. Apply on the premises, or to W. SCHOLEY, No. 266 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

BUREAU OF ORDNANCE, NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Washington City, December 3, 1869.

SALE OF SERVICEABLE AND UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES

There will be sold at Public Auction, to the highest bidder, AT NOON, ON WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 12, 1870, in the Office of the Inspector of Ordnance, NAVY YARD, NORFOLK, a large Lot of Articles of Ordnance, comprising Gun Carriages and Miscellaneous Stores.
TERMS—One-half cash in Government funds, on the conclusion of the sale, and the remainder within ten days afterwards, during which time the articles must be removed from the Yard, otherwise they will revert to the Government.
It is to be distinctly understood that no guarantee will be given to purchasers of articles offered for sale and noted in the Catalogue, as regards their exact condition or quality; but it is believed, however, that everything offered for sale is as represented.
A. LUDLOW CASE,
CHIEF OF BUREAU.
TF

FOR SALE—FOUR 40-INCH BOILERS, 26 feet long, double flued, nine years old and in good order, will be sold cheap, together with the Mud Valves, Steam Drums and Mud Drums, with the Fire Beds, Brickwork, &c., as they now stand in the steamer Hawkeye State. For further information apply on board, or to
CAPT. R. C. GRAY,
Office 94 Water street, Pittsburgh.
tf

DRY GOODS.

J. W. Barker & Co.
CONTINUATION
OF THE
Clearance Sale
OF
DRY GOODS.
STILL GREATER
REDUCTION.
59 Market Street.

NEW FALL GOODS,
AT
W. W. MOORHEAD'S,
81 MARKET STREET.
The largest and most Elegant Stock of EMBROIDERIES in the city.
LADIES' SILK SASHES AND FANCY BOWS.
The New MONOCRAT SKIRT, Just received.
Also, a very good CORSET for Children, something new. Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, very low; Corsets, Hoopskirts, Ribbons, Flowers, Hats, Bonnets and Frames, a full assortment.
Gent's will do well to call and see the elegant Stock of BOWS, TIES, SOCKS and everything in the Furnishing Goods Line, at
MOORHEAD'S,
MWF 81 MARKET STREET.

DRESS GOODS
FOR SALE AT
A Great Reduction in Prices,
BY
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH AVENUE.

Special Notice
IS DIRECTED TO THE ANNUAL CLOSING SALE AT
R. H. PALMER'S,
No 105 Market Street,
COMMENCING AT THIS DATE.
The entire Stock in the Wholesale and Retail Department will be sold at a
GREAT
REDUCTION
And a great part of it at less than cost, as it must be reduced preparatory to invoicing.
Particular attention is invited to the magnificent assortment of
HATS
AND THE GREAT SACRIFICE
IN PRICES,
Of the largest and most attractive line of VELVETS and SATINS to be found in the city.
Birds of Paradise,
Ostrich Plumes, Sea Gulls,
Willow Plumes and
Brazillian Birds,
AT CORRESPONDINGLY LOW PRICES.
If you want Bargains be sure and not overlook this sale, at
105 Market Street.
Gent's Beaver Gloves and Collars,
$2 50 TO $10 00.

NOTICE
To persons having Boats of any description, or Material of any kind, lying on the Allegheny River, Carts, Drays or Wagons, not having reported, you are hereby notified
TO REPORT AT ONCE,
Or they will be sold at the expiration of Twenty Days.
ROBERT A. HILL,
ALLEGHENY WHARFMASTER.

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE.—A NEW Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects: How to Live and What to Live For; Youth, Maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; The Cause of Indigestion, Flatulence and Nervous Diseases accounted for; Marriage Philosophically Considered, &c. Pocket Volumes containing Three Lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend on receipt of four stamps, by addressing SECRETARY NEW YORK MUSEUM OF ANATOMY AND SCIENCE, 618 Broadway, New York. MWF

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

For One Week Only
Being determined to close out our large Stock of
HOLIDAY GOODS,
WE OFFER
A Great Reduction in Prices.
Splendid Writing Desks, cheap at $20, for $15.
$18 Desks for $13.
$15 Desks for $11.
$7 Desks for $4.
$5 Desks for $3 50.
$2 Desks for $1 50.
$1 50 Desks for $1 20.
Work Boxes, cheap at $12, for $8 50.
$15 Work Boxes for $11.
$2 Work Boxes for $1 50.
Thousands of Books, new and old. ALL FRESH STOCK, at Lowest Rates, at
SLOAN, KING & CO.'S,
96 FOURTH AVENUE.

1870 New Year's Gifts. 1870
A SPLENDID CHANCE
WE WILL OFFER THE BALANCE OF OUR
Holiday Goods,
AT REDUCED PRICES, MANY OF THEM AT COST.
WORK BOXES,
ELEGANT BOOKS,
WRITING DESKS,
FAMILY BIBLES,
ALBUMS, DIARIES, &C.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
101 WOOD STREET.

Holiday Gifts.
Positive Reduction in Prices
OF
PIANO COVERS,
Mosaic,
Axminster,
Wilton Rugs,
Crumb Cloths, &c.
McCallum Bros.,
51 FIFTH AVENUE,
ABOVE WOOD STREET.

PHILLIPS'
NEW
DRY GOODS
FOR THE
Holidays!
SILKS,
Velvets,
Plushes,
Plaids,
Cloaks,
Shawls,
FRENCH SUITS,
AT
PRICES
TO SUIT THE TIMES!
PHILLIPS'
87 Market Street.

F. G. CRAIGHEAD,
211 LIBERTY STREET.
Produce Commission Merchant,
AND DEALER IN
FEATHERS.
REFERENCES: F. M. Gordon, Cashier Peoples' National Bank; Officers of Mechanics National Bank; Schwartz & Hazlett; Spang, Chalfant & Co.

WALL PAPER.
JAMES HOWARD,
Manufacturer, Importer and Dealer in
Wall Paper, Window Shades, Manilla Roofing and Wrapping Papers.
COR. SMITHFIELD AND SEVENTH AV
Felt, Cement and Gravel Roofing.

FOR THE HOLIDAYS.

WE ARE READY
FOR THE
HOLIDAYS
WITH A COMPLETE STOCK OF
FINE GOLD AND SILVER
WATCHES,
Elegant Gold Chains of every description
Beautiful New Jewelry,
Fine Vases,
Toilet Sets, Statuettes,
Sterling Silver and
Silver-plated Ware, &c.
Our Goods and Prices will bear inspection.
CALL AND BE CONVINCED.
Orr & M'Conahy,
NO. 114 FEDERAL STREET,
CORNER OF WATER, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

TOY BOOKS,
Fine Books,
Desks,
Albums,
Chess Men,
Plaid Goods,
Pocket Knives,
Gold Pens,
Portfolios,
Hill's Blocks,
Building Blocks,
Pocketbooks,
Family Bibles,
Pocket Bibles,
Juveniles,
Chromos,
And the Usual Stock of Goods
FOR
GIFTS, &c.
J. L. Read & Son,
Booksellers and Stationers,
No. 102 FOURTH AVENUE,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
tf

Holiday Goods!
We have just opened a large and elegant stock of Goods, consisting in part of

Diamonds,	French Clocks,
Watches,	Parian Ware,
Silverware,	Jewel Stands,
Jewelry,	Toilet Sets,
Bronzes,	Vases,

And a Splendid Collection of
FANCY GOODS,
SUITABLE FOR THE SEASON.
J. B. M'Fadden & Co
95 MARKET STREET.

Holiday Sales!
NEW GOODS,
NEW STYLES,
LOW PRICES.
We have now in Store a New Stock of
PLAIN AND FANCY
Suits and Overcoats,
FOR BOYS AND CHILDREN,
Specially Selected for Holiday Sales.
OUR ASSORTMENT OF
MEN'S WEAR
Is still large, and will be found to contain every Garment in the Clothing Line that can be called for.
Remember that we are offering special inducements during the Holiday Season
Gray & Logan,
47 SIXTH, LATE ST. CLAIR,
89 FIFTH AVENUE.

DIAMONDS.
SILVER WARE.
96 "SANTA CLAUS" 96
OPENS HIS PACK ON TUESDAY
AT
M'FADDEN'S,
Federal Street, Allegheny.
Diamonds, Clusters and Solitaires.
Watches, all makes and grades.
Jewelry, an endless variety.
Sterling Silver and Plated Ware.
Bohemian Goods and Vases, the choicest selections.
Bronze and Parian Statuary, entirely new designs in Groups, Figures, and Busts, Classical, Antique and Modern.
Clocks, Paintings, etc., etc., all purchased last week at the Lowest Gold Rates, and will be sold correspondingly low.
Orders from a distance promptly filled.
96 T. M'Fadden, Jr. 96
JEWELRY.
WATCHES.

Holiday Books.
Joseph Horner,
129 SMITHFIELD STREET
NEAR POSTOFFICE.
SELLING AT THE VERY LOWEST
PRICES.
American and English Editions
OF
STANDARD PROSE
AND
Poetical Writers
FAMILY AND POCKET
BIBLES.
JUVENILES AND TOY BOOKS.
Also, a fine assortment of
Pocketbooks, Writing Desks,
Portfolios, Diaries,
Photograph Albums, &c.
Call and examine our Stock and compare our Prices

THE PITTSBURGH
VINEGAR
WORKS.
Ballou & Adams,
167, 168, 169 and 170
SECOND AVENUE,
Are now prepared to furnish VINEGAR at the LOWEST MARKET RATES. Attention is particularly called to our
EXTRA WINE VINEGAR.

COMMERCIAL DIRECTORY

ARCHITECTS.

BARR & MOSER, Architects, 2 and 4 St. Clair street.

AGRICULTURAL.

KNOX W. W., 137 LIBERTY STREET, Agricultural Implements and Farm Machinery Seeds, &c.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

MACKRELL H. C., 89 GRANT STREET, Attorney and Conseller at Law.

PARKER T. S., Attorney and Counsellor at Law, 94 Diamond street, near Grant.

BRUSHES.

THOMPSON J. F. & CO., 184 LIBERTY street, Manufacturers of all kinds of Brushes, and Dealers in Notions, Wholesale and Retail.

BANKS.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pa. Capital, $500,000. JAS. LAUGHLIN, President; J. D. SCULLY, Cashier.

THIRD NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, Pa. Capital, $500,000. W. E. SCHMERTZ, Prest.; JNO. B. LIVINGSTON, Cash.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS.

PITTSBURGH STEAM BRICK MFG. CO. The best Building and Paving Brick in use. Office corner First and Wood. H. DICKSON President.

BOILERS.

BRUSH JARED M. & SON, 61 PENN ST. Manufacturers of Steam Boilers, Oil Stills, Tanks, Sheet Iron Works, &c.

COOPERAGE.

ADAMS M. P. & BRO., COOPERAGE and Lumber Brokers, Perry's Building, Eighth street, Pittsburgh, 61 Columbus street, Cleveland.

COMMISSION—PRODUCE.

M'BANE & ANJER, COMMISSION Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain and Produce, 141 Water street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WOODWORTH & DAVIDSON, PRODUCE and Commission Merchants, Dealers in Flour, Grain, Bacon, &c., &c., 201 Liberty street.

COPPER WORK.

SCAIFE WM. B., 119 AND 121 FIRST street, manufactures Copper Pipes of all kinds. Particular attention to Pipes for Rolling Mills, &c., wherever strength and durability are required.

DRUGGISTS—WHOLESALE.

HENDERSON J. & BROTHERS, 266 Liberty street, Dealers in Drugs, Paints and Patent Medicines.

ENGINE BUILDER.

ATLAS WORKS, MORTON STREET, Ninth ward, Manufactures Engines, Boilers, Machinery and Castings. T. N. MILLER, President.

EXPRESS COMPANIES.

ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY, NO. 54 Fifth avenue. GEORGE BINGHAM, Agent.

WOOLEN MANUFACTURERS.

BRADLEY S. & SONS, MANUFACTURERS of Barred Flannels, Heavy Dress 34 and 28⅜ inch Fine Plaids Factory on River avenue, below new Suspension Bridge, Allegheny city, Pa.

FILE MANUFACTURERS.

CROSLAND & CHALLINOR, DUQUESNE Way, near Marbury, Manufacturer of Superior Files, Old Files re-cut. Job Grinding done to order.

FOUNDRIES.

DICKSON, MARSHALL & CO., COR. Liberty and 23d sts., Manufacturers of Bridge Rolling Mill, Blast Furnace and Machinery Castings

LIVINGSTON & CO., FOUNDERS AND Mfrs. of light Castings of all descriptions. Office and Works near Outer Depot, Allegheny. Light work a specialty.

TOTTEN & CO., FULTON FOUNDRY, Chilled Rolls, Rolling Mill and Blast Furnace Machinery. Seed card in another column.

GLASS MANUFACTURERS.

WOLFE, HOWARD & CO., Manufacturers of Window Glass and Glassware, No. 4 Wood street.

GROCERS.

ARBUCKLES & CO., 242 AND 244 LIBerty, Jobbers in Groceries. Proprietors of Spice Mills and Roasted Coffees. Pure Spices.

GORMLY W. M., 271 LIBERTY ST., Wholesale Grocer, Established by A. & T. Gormly, 1812.

MEANS & COFFIN, Wholesale Grocers, Corner Wood and Water streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

WATT, LANG & CO., 172 AND 174 Wood street, Wholesale Dealers in Groceries, Flour, Grain, Provisions, Fish, Carbon Oil, &c.

GUNS, AMMUNITION, &c.

CRAIG WM., MANUFACTURER OF AND Dealer in Guns, Pistols, Revolvers, Cartridges, Ammunition, &c. No. 56 Federal street, Allegheny.

GLASS MOULD MAKERS.

KIRCHNER & PARKER, SECOND AND Try. Bottle Moulds of all kinds; No. 1 Flint Moulds and Presses, Light Machinery made to order

HARDWARE.

WHITMORE, WOLF, DUFF & CO., Sign of the Anvil, 50 Wood, 3 doors above St. Charles Hotel, Importers and Dealers in Hardware.

IRON WORK.

SCAIFE WM. B., 119 AND 121 FIRST street, Manufactures all kinds of Sheet and Plate Iron Work. Particular attention paid to work for Blast Furnaces, Rolling Mills, Gas Works and Oil Refineries. Also, Corrugated Iron Roofs.

LOOKING GLASSES.

GILLESPIE J. J. & CO., 86 WOOD ST., Manufacturers of Looking Glasses, Portrait and Picture Frames, No. 86 Wood street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PICKERSGILL, LYONS & CO., 6 WOOD, Looking Glass Manufacturers and Importers of Looking Glass Plates.

MILLINERY, &c.

PALMER R. H., 84 WOOD STREET, Wholesale Dealer in Men's and Ladies' Hats, Ribbons, Flowers, &c.

MACHINERY.

BUTLER H. L., COR. SECOND AVENUE and Market st., Dealers in Iron and Wood-working Machinery, and Manufacturers' Supplies of all kinds.

OYSTERS, FOREIGN FRUIT.

M'KINNELL J. H., AGENT FOR WM. L. Ellis & Co.'s Oysters. Also, Dealer in Game Fish and Fruits, 21 Sixth street, late St. Clair.

PATTERN, MODEL MAKER.

VERA S. L. SPECIAL ATTENTION paid to Stoves, Brass Work, Models, Fine Work, &c., Fourteenth street, bank of Allegheny river.

PLANING MILL.

HEATH JOHN, CORNER MARBURY and Duquesne Way, Great Western Planing Mill and Box Factory. Doors, Sash, Flooring, &c.

STEEL SPRING WORKS.

KEYSTONE SPRING WORKS, MORRIS & RUTAN, 85 First avenue, Manufacturers of R. R. Car, Coach, Platform, Buggy and other Springs.

SCALES.

FAIRBANKS' STANDARD SCALES. FAIRBANKS, MORSE & CO., No. 102 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa.

SEGARS.

FIFTH AVENUE SEGAR MANUFACTORY. EMIL POERSTEL, 231 Fifth avenue, Manufacturer of the celebrated Young Yara, Challenger, La Corona and other fine brands of Segars, Wholesale and Retail.

ROOFING SLATE.

SLATE.
THE
Twin City
SLATE COMPANY,
Are prepared to furnish to Builders or Slaters, their VERY DARK BLUE COLORED SUPERIOR
Roofing Slate,
From their own Quarries, located in Northampton county, Pennsylvania, AT QUARRY PRICES.
Samples may be seen, and communications addressed to
E. L. GOODWIN, Agent.
J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Pres't.
Office: BREWER'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY corner Eighth street, Pittsburgh, Penna.

PAINTERS.

206 LACOCK STREET, ALLEGHENY,
JOHN STULEN, Jr.,
PLAIN, ORNAMENTAL AND FRESCO PAINTER
Church, Parlors and Public Halls Decorated in every style of the art.
Interior House Painting tastefully executed.

BARRY & BROTHER,
HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
No. 12 SMITHFIELD STREET.

JOHN H. STEWART....ROBT. H. PATTERSON.
ROBT. H. PATTERSON & CO.,
Livery, Sale and Commission Stables,
COR. SEVENTH AVENUE AND LIBERTY ST
PITTSBURGH, PA.